

Adit 3000 Series and Multi-Service Router (MSR) Card

CLI REFERENCE MANUAL





Part Number: 770-0165 BB Product Release: Adit 3000 Series - 1.6 MSR Card - 2.0

April 2008

Copyright 2008 Turin Networks Inc. All rights reserved.

The information presented in this manual is subject to change without notice and does not represent a commitment on the part of Turin Networks Inc. The hardware and software described herein are furnished under a license or non-disclosure agreement. The hardware, software, and manual may be used or copied only in accordance with the terms of this agreement. It is against the law to reproduce, transmit, transcribe, store in a retrieval system, or translate into any medium - electronic, mechanical, magnetic, optical, chemical, manual, or otherwise - any part of this manual or software supplied with the Adit 3000 series or MSR products for any purpose other than the purchaser's personal use without the express written permission of Turin Networks Inc.

The Turin Networks logo and Adit are registered trademarks of Turin Networks Inc. All other brand or product names are trademarks or registration trademarks of their respective companies or organizations.

Corporate Contact Information:

Turin Networks 1415 North McDowell Blvd. Petaluma, CA 94954 Phone: +1-707-665-4400

Fax: +1-707-793-4935 www.TurinNetworks.com

Customer Support:

E-mail: tech-support@TurinNetworks.com Phone: 800-786-9929 or 303-218-5655

Supporting Software Versions:

Adit 3104 - Release 1.6

Adit 3200 - Release 1.6

Adit 3500 - Release 1.6

Multi-Service Router (MSR) Card - Release 2.0

PREFACE

Safety Information

CAUTION! When using your telephone equipment, basic safety precautions should always be followed to reduce the risk of fire, electric shock and injury to persons, including the following:

- Do not use this product near water for example, near a bathtub, washbowl, kitchen sink or laundry tub, in a wet basement or near a swimming pool.
- Avoid using a telephone (other than a cordless type) during an electrical storm. There may be a remote risk of electric shock from lightning.
- Do not use the telephone to report a gas leak in the vicinity of the leak.
- Use only the power cord and batteries indicated in this manual. Do not dispose of batteries in a fire. They may explode. Check with local codes for possible special disposal instructions.
- Refer to the installation section of this manual for a safe and proper installation procedure. All
 wiring external to this equipment should follow the current provision of the National Electrical
 Code

NOTE: For Safety and Compliance information for the Multi-Service Router (MSR) card and Adit 600 platform, please refer to the *Adit 600 User Manual*.

Notices

This manual contains important information and warnings that must be followed to ensure safe operation of the equipment.

DANGER! A *Danger* notice indicates the presence of a hazard that can or will cause death or severe personal injury if the hazard is not avoided.

CAUTION! A *CAUTION* NOTICE INDICATES THE POSSIBILITY OF INTERRUPTING NETWORK SERVICE IF THE HAZARD IS NOT AVOIDED.

WARNING! A WARNING NOTICE INDICATES THE POSSIBILITY OF EQUIPMENT DAMAGE IF THE HAZARD IS NOT AVOIDED.

NOTE: A *Note* indicates information to help you understand how to perform a procedure or how the system works. Notes should be read before performing the required action.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Preface Preface	
Safety Information	ii
Notices	iv
Introduction	
Overview	
Prompt Identifier	
User Mode.	
Privileged Mode	
Configuration Mode	
Command Syntax Conventions	
Command Line Interface Help	
Shortcuts.	
User Mode	
date	
enable	
end	
exit	
help	
history	
ping	
show	
traceroute	
Privileged Mode	
clear	3_7
configure terminal	
copy	
date	
debug	
exit	
help	
history	
log clear	
no debug	
ping	

upgrade Global Configuration Mode Commands for Entering Configuration Submodes Global Configuration Commands access access access-control access-list authentication login clock source controller lcc controller t1 date delete local-server dial-peer voice dmz-host do dynamic-dns end exit help history host-filter interface ethernet interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key 12tpc	
Commands for Entering Configuration Submodes allobal Configuration Commands access access-control access-list authentication login clock source controller lcc controller t1 date delete local-server dial-peer voice dmz-host do dynamic-dns end exit help history host-filter interface ethernet interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
Commands for Entering Configuration Submodes Global Configuration Commands access access-control access-list authentication login clock source controller lcc controller tl date delete local-server dial-peer voice dmz-host do dynamic-dns end exit help history host-filter interface ethernet interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
ilobal Configuration Commands access access-control access-list authentication login clock source controller lcc controller t1 date delete local-server dial-peer voice dmz-host do dynamic-dns end exit help history host-filter interface ethernet interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
access access-control access-list authentication login clock source controller lcc controller t1 date delete local-server dial-peer voice dmz-host do dynamic-dns end exit help history host-filter interface ethernet interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
access-control access-list authentication login clock source controller lcc controller t1 date delete local-server dial-peer voice dmz-host do dynamic-dns end exit help history host-filter interface ethernet interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
access-list authentication login clock source controller lcc controller t1 date delete local-server dial-peer voice dmz-host do dynamic-dns end exit help history host-filter interface ethernet interface multilink interface serial ipsec ip dhep pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
authentication login clock source controller lcc controller t1 date delete local-server dial-peer voice dmz-host do dynamic-dns end exit help history host-filter interface ethernet interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
clock source controller lcc controller t1 date delete local-server dial-peer voice dmz-host do dynamic-dns end exit help history host-filter interface ethernet interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
controller lcc controller t1 date delete local-server dial-peer voice dmz-host do dynamic-dns end exit help history host-filter interface ethernet interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
controller t1 date delete local-server dial-peer voice dmz-host do dynamic-dns end exit help history host-filter interface ethernet interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
date delete local-server dial-peer voice dmz-host do dynamic-dns end exit help history host-filter interface ethernet interface multilink interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
delete local-server dial-peer voice dmz-host do dynamic-dns end exit help history host-filter interface ethernet interface multilink interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
dial-peer voice dmz-host do dynamic-dns end exit help history host-filter interface ethernet interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
dmz-host do dynamic-dns end exit help history host-filter interface ethernet interface multilink interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
do dynamic-dns end exit help history host-filter interface ethernet interface multilink interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
dynamic-dns end exit help history host-filter interface ethernet interface multilink interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
end exit help history host-filter interface ethernet interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
exit help history host-filter interface ethernet interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
help history host-filter interface ethernet interface multilink interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
history host-filter interface ethernet interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
host-filter interface ethernet interface multilink interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
interface ethernet interface multilink interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
interface multilink interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
interface serial ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
ipsec ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
ip dhcp pool ethernet ip domain-name ip host key	
ip domain-name ip host key	
ip hostkey	
key	
•	
local-server	
log	
mail-server	
nat-bypass	
network-object	
no commands	
port-trigger service	
pptpc	

	remote-admin	4-54
	router ospf	4-56
	security-default	4-57
	security-log	4-58
	service	4-59
	snmp-server	4-60
	static-dns	4-62
	time-range	4-62
	username	4-63
	vlan (global)	4-63
	vlan (vlan-id)	4-64
	voice-codec	4-64
	voice-port (global)	4-65
	voice-port fxs	4-65
	voice-port trunk	4-66
	voice-service sip	4-66
_		
J	Configuration - LCC Controller Mode	
	description	5-2
	do	5-3
	end	5-4
	exit	5-4
	history	5-5
	no command	5-5
	shutdown	5-6
•		
6	Configuration - T1 Controller Mode	
	description	6-2
	do	
	ds0-group	
	end	
	exit	6-4
	fdl	
	framing	6-5
	history	6-6
	idle-pattern	
	lbo	6-7
	linecode	6-8
	loopback	6-8
	loopdetect	6-9
	no commands	
	pri-group	
	shutdown	6-11
	tdm-group	6-11
	threshold	6-12

7	Configuration - DHCP Pool Ethernet Mode	
	do	7-2
	end	
	end-address	
	exit	7-3
	history	7-4
	lease	
	no commands	
	option	7-6
	relay	7-6
	start-address	
	static-lease	7-7
	subnet-mask	7-8
	wins server	7-8
0		
8	Configuration - Dial Peer FXS Mode	
	block-out-caller-id	8-2
	call-wait-caller-id	8-2
	call-waiting	8-2
	calling-party-disc	8-2
	codec preference	8-3
	destination-pattern	8-3
	do	8-4
	end	8-5
	exit	8-5
	fax-protocol	8-6
	history	8-6
	modem-protocol	8-7
	no commands	8-8
	sip-authentication	. 8-10
Q	Configuration - Dial Peer Trunk Mode	
		0.2
	codec preference	
	destination-pattern	
	do	
	end	
	exit	
	fax-protocol	
	history	
	modem-protocol	
	no commands	
	prefix	
	sip-authentication	
	strip-digits	9-8

10	Configuration - Dial Peer VoIP Mode	
	destination-pattern	10_2
	do	
	end	
	exit	
	history	
	no commands	
	prefix	
	•	
	session-target	
	strip-digits	
	user-id	10-/
11	Configuration - Ethernet Interface Mode	
• •	description	11.2
	1	
	do	
	end	
	exit	
	firewall	
	full-duplex	
	half-duplex	
	history	
	ip address	
	ip default-gateway	
	ip default-route	
	ip dhcp	
	ip mtu	
	ip ospf authentication	
	ip ospf authentication-key	11-10
	ip ospf cost	11-10
	ip ospf dead-interval	11-10
	ip ospf disable	11-11
	ip ospf hello-interval	11-11
	ip ospf message-digest-key	11-11
	ip ospf priority	11-12
	ip ospf retransmit-interval	11-12
	ip ospf transmit-delay	11-12
	ip primary-dns	11-13
	ip proxy-arp	11-13
	ip rip	11-14
	ip route	
	ip route-mode	
	ip secondary-dns	
	metric	
	no commands	
	1	11 22

	remote-admin	. 11-23
	renew	. 11-23
	schedule-availability	. 11-24
	shutdown	. 11-24
	sip-alg	. 11-24
	speed	. 11-25
	tos	. 11-25
C	onfiguration - Multilink Interface Mode	
	description	12-2
	do	12-3
	end	12-4
	exit	12-4
	firewall	12-4
	history	12-5
	ip address	
	ip default-route	
	ip mtu	
	ip ospf authentication	
	ip ospf authentication-key	
	ip ospf cost	
	ip ospf dead-interval	
	ip ospf disable	
	ip ospf hello-interval	
	ip ospf message-digest-key	
	ip ospf priority	
	ip ospf retransmit-interval	
	ip ospf transmit-delay	
	ip primary-dns	
	ip rip	
	ip route	
	ip route-mode	
	ip secondary-dns	
	metric	
	no commands	
	ppp authentication	
	ppp encryption	
	ppp exec-timeout	
	ppp link-fragmentation	
	ppp on-demand	
	ppp password	
	ppp qos-interleaving	
	ppp restart-timer	
	ppp time-btwn-reconnect	

	ppp username	
	schedule-availability	12-24
	shutdown	12-24
	sip-alg	12-25
C	onfiguration - Serial Interface Mode	
	description	13-2
	do	13-3
	encapsulation ppp	13-4
	end	13-4
	exit	13-4
	firewall	13-5
	history	13-5
	ip address	13-6
	ip default-route	13-6
	ip mtu	13-6
	ip ospf authentication	13-7
	ip ospf authentication-key	13-8
	ip ospf cost	13-8
	ip ospf dead-interval	13-8
	ip ospf disable	13-9
	ip ospf hello-interval	13-9
	ip ospf message-digest-key	
	ip ospf priority	
	ip ospf retransmit-interval	
	ip ospf transmit-delay	13-10
	ip primary-dns	13-11
	ip rip	
	ip route	
	ip route-mode	13-13
	ip secondary-dns	
	metric	
	multilink-group	13-14
	no commands	
	ppp authentication	
	ppp encryption	
	ppp exec-timeout	
	ppp link-fragmentation	
	ppp on-demand	
	ppp password	
	ppp restart-timer	
	ppp time-btwn-reconnect	
	ppp username	
	schedule-availability	

13

	hutdownip-alg	
Cor	nfiguration - IPSec Mode	
a	ggressive-mode	. 14-
a	uthentication	. 14-
d	lescription	. 14-
d	lo	. 14-
d	lpd-delay	. 14-
d	lpd-enable	. 14-
d	lpd-timeout	. 14-
e	encryption	. 14-
e	nd	. 14-
e	xit	. 14-
g	group	. 14-
h	nash	. 14-
h	iistory	. 14-
iţ	p route metric	. 14-
iţ	psec-conn	. 14-
iţ	psec-manual	. 14-
k	rey	. 14-
li	ifetime	. 14-
10	ocal-subnet	. 14-
n	nax-retries	14-1
n	node	14-1
n	net-type	14-1
n	netbios remote-brc-addr	14-1
n	no commands	14-1
re	econnect	14-1
re	ekey	14-1
re	emote-ip	14-1
re	emote-subnet	14-1
S	chedule-availability	14-1
S	ession-key	14-1
S	et-pfs	14-1
tı	ransform-set	

15 Configuration - L2TPC Mode

do15	i-2
end	5 –3
exit	;-3
firewall	;-3
history	<u>;</u> _∠
host-ip	<u>;</u> _∠
ip address	5-5
ip default-route	5-5
ip mtu	5-5
ip ospf authentication	i-6
ip ospf authentication-key	j_7
ip ospf cost	j_7
ip ospf dead-interval	5-7
ip ospf disable	5-8
ip ospf hello-interval	5-8
ip ospf message-digest-key	5-8
ip ospf priority	5-9
ip ospf retransmit-interval	5-9
ip ospf transmit-delay	5-9
ip primary-dns	10
ip rip	10
ip route	11
ip route-mode	12
ip secondary-dns	12
local-secret	12
metric	13
no commands	13
ppp authentication	21
ppp encryption	21
ppp exec-timeout	21
ppp on-demand	22
ppp password	22
ppp restart-timer	22
ppp time-btwn-reconnect	23
ppp username	23
schedule-availability	23
shutdown	24
sip-alg	24

16	Configuration - OSPF Mode	
	area commands	16-2
	compatible rfc1583	
	do	
	end	
	exit	
	history	
	network area	
	no commands	
	router-id	
	Sample Configuration	
17	Configuration - PPTPC Mode	
	do	17.2
	end	
	exit	
	firewall	
	history	
	host-ip	
	ip address	
	ip default-route	
	ip mtu	
	ip ospf authentication	
	ip ospf authentication-key	
	ip ospf cost	
	ip ospf dead-interval	
	ip ospf disable	
	ip ospf hello-interval	
	ip ospf message-digest-key	
	ip ospf priority	
	ip ospf retransmit-interval	
	ip ospf transmit-delay	
	ip primary-dns	
	ip rip	
	ip route	
	ip route-mode	
	ip secondary-dns	
	metric	
	no commands	
	ppp authentication	
	ppp encryption	
	ppp exec-timeout	
	ppp on-demand	
	nnn nassword	17-21

	ppp restart-timer	. 17-22
	ppp time-btwn-reconnect	
	ppp username	
	schedule-availability	
	shutdown	
	sip-alg	. 17-23
40		
<i>18</i>	Configuration - PPTPS Mode	
	do	18-2
	end	18-3
	end-address	18-3
	exit	18-3
	history	18-4
	idle-time	18-4
	no commands	18-5
	ppp authentication	18-6
	ppp encryption	18-6
	shutdownshutdown	18-7
	start-address	. 18-7
10		
19	Configuration - RADIUS Mode	
	authentication	19-2
	do	19-3
	end	19-4
	exit	19-4
	history	19-4
	host	19-5
	key	. 19-5
20		
20	Configuration - VLAN Mode	
	do	20-2
	end	20-3
	exit	20-3
	history	20-3
	no commands	20-4
	port-dot1q	20-5
	port-priority	20-5
	port-protocol-filter	20-6
	pvid	20-6
	tag-all	20-7
	vlan-feature	20-7

Confi	guration - VLAN Port Mode	
do		21-2
end .		21-3
	ry	
	ommands	
prior	ity	21-5
_	interface	
Confi	guration - Voice Port Mode	
digit-	-map (global)	22-2
_		
	ry	
	git-map (global)	
	g (S.com)	
Confi	guration - Voice Port FXS Mode	
	Fort-noise	23-2
desci	ription	23-2
echo-	-cancel	23-4
histo	ry	23-5
	- i-gain	
_	ommands	
outpu	ut-gain	23-7
-	ine-logging	
•	lown	
signa	ıl	23-8
Confi	guration - Voice Port Trunk Mode	
	Fort-noise	24-2
	ection lcc	
	ection t1	
	ription	
	-map	
_	-шар	
	-cancel	
	-cancer	
CAIL		

	history
	input-gain
	isdn switch-type (PRI)
	no commands
	output-gain
	registration
	signal
	trunk
25	
25	Configuration - Voice Service SIP Mode
	calling-party-disc
	conference
	do
	dtmf
	early-media
	end
	exit
	fax-protocol-t38 ecs
	fax-protocol-t38 redundancy
	fax-protocol-t38 signaling
	feature-mode
	gateway-ip
	history
	no commands
	outbound-proxy
	phone-number
	prack
	privacy-mode
	proxy-server
	proxy-type
	redundancy advance-retries
	redundancy advance-timeout
	redundancy filter-incoming
	redundancy primary-address
	redundancy rollback-timer
	redundancy secondary-address
	redundancy ttl
	redundancy type
	registration
	rtp-base-port
	session-timer
	sip-port
	transport

Table of Contents

Introduction

This Reference Manual covers the Command Line Interface (CLI) for the following products:

- Adit 3000 series (Adit 3104, Adit 3200, and Adit 3500)
- Multi-Service Router (MSR) Card (a service card for the Adit 600 platform)

The chapters are broken down into Modes and Configuration Groups. All commands that are listed in each group are described in the chapter.

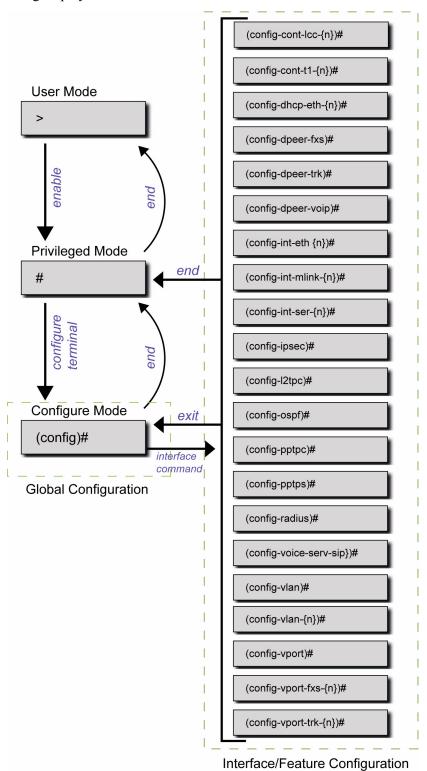
NOTE: Throughout this manual, examples primarily reflect the Adit 3000 series. Where differences exist for the MSR card, these differences are noted.

In this Chapter

- Overview
- Command Syntax Conventions
- Command Line Interface Help
- Shortcuts

Overview

The Adit 3000/MSR CLI has three command modes, each with access to different command sets. The following displays the basic flow of the CLI.



Prompt Identifier

When you initiate a CLI session it will open in User mode, which is indicated by the ">" prompt. At any time you can quickly determine which mode you are in by the prompt.

Command Mode	Access Method	Prompt Displayed	Exit Method
User	Login	adit 3104> adit 3200> adit 3500> adit MSR>	Use the logout command
Privileged	From User mode, enter the enable command	adit 3104# adit 3200# adit 3500# adit MSR#	Use the exit or end command.
Global Configuration	From Privileged mode, enter the configure terminal command.	adit 3104 (config)# adit 3200 (config)# adit 3500 (config)# adit MSR (config)#	Use the exit or end command, or press Ctrl-z .

User Mode

In User Mode, the operator is allowed to view only limited information (not able to modify configurations). Editing the configuration requires you to be in Privileged mode.

Privileged Mode

Privileged mode requires a password, and allows the operator to enter the Configuration mode.

Configuration Mode

- Allows users to configure specific features/functions.
- Use the **configure terminal** command to enter from Privileged mode.
- Identified by the (config)# prompt.

 Note: As the submodes change, the words inside the parentheses are modified.
- To exit Configuration mode, type **exit** or press **Ctrl-Z**.
- Configuration mode has various submodes:

Configuration Mode	Link to Command	Prompt Displayed
Controller LCC	controller lcc	(config-cont-lcc-{n})#
Controller T1	controller t1	(config-cont-t1-{n})#
DHCP server pool	ip dhcp pool ethernet	(config-dhcp-eth-{n})#
Dial Peer FXS	dial-peer voice pots fxs	(config-dpeer-fxs)#
Dial Peer Trunk	dial-peer voice pots trunk	(config-dpeer-trk)#
Dial Peer VoIP	dial-peer voice voip	(config-dpeer-voip)#
Ethernet Interface	interface ethernet	(config-int-eth-{n})#
MLPPP Interface	interface multilink	(config-int-mlink-{n})#
Serial Interface	interface serial	(config-int-ser-{n})#
VPN IPSEC	ipsec	(config-ipsec)#
VPN L2TP Client	12tpc	(config-12tpc)#
OSPF	router ospf	(config-ospf)#
VPN PPTP Client	pptpc	(config-pptpc-{n})#
VPN PPTP Server	pptps	(config-pptps)#
RADIUS	radius-client	(config-radius)#
VLAN (Global)	vlan (global)	(config-vlan)#
VLAN (Port)	vlan (vlan-id)	(config-vlan-{n})#
Voice Port (Global)	voice-port (global)	(config-vport)#
Voice Port (FXS)	voice-port fxs	(config-vport-fxs-{n})#
Voice Port (Trunk)	voice-port trunk	(config-vport-trunk-{n})#
Voice Service SIP	voice-service sip	(config-voice-serv-sip)#

Command Syntax Conventions

The conventions used to present command syntax are as follows:

Convention	Description
	Vertical bars separate alternative, mutually exclusive elements. Example: (config)# clock source {1 2} {none ds1 1 ds1 2 ds1 3 ds1 4}
[]	Square brackets indicate an optional element. Example: (config)# event-history priority [error fatal info notice warning]
{}	Braces indicate a required choice. Example: (config)# clock {1 2} source {none t1 port}
Boldface	Boldface indicated commands and keywords that are entered literally as shown. In actual configuration examples and output (not general command syntax), boldface indicates commands that are manually input by the user (i.e. show command).
Italics	Italics indicates arguments for which you supply values.

Command Line Interface Help

During a CLI session, help is available.

Type a ? at a command line, to display help on the command:

Example: #?	
?	Display all commands
clear	Clear command
configure	Switch to Configure mode
copy	Configures device database
debug	Debug the system
end	Exit to User mode
exit	Exit to User mode
help	Display all commands
history	Display past entered commands
log	Configure logging settings
no	Disable a feature
reload	Reboot the system
show	Show various system information
upgrade	Upgrade firmware from a local computer
#copy ?	
defaults	Restores default configuration
path	Enter path to load configuration from
running-config	Export current configuration

Shortcuts

Keystroke	Description
↑ Up Arrow	Use the up arrow key to re-display a previously entered command. Select the up arrow repeatedly, to scroll through all the commands entered starting with the most recent.
← →	Will move curser one character to the left or right.
Left and Right Arrow	
?	The question mark will display help for the current command.
[Tab]	Select the Tab key after entering a partial (but unique) portion of the CLI command. This will result in the completion of a portion of the command and will wait for further input. Example: (config)#sn [Tab] (config)#snmp-server
auto complete	You need only enter enough letters to identify a command as unique. For example, entering cont t1 1 at the Global configuration prompt provides you access to the configuration parameters for the specified T1 interface. Entering controller t1 1 would work as well, but is not necessary.
Backspace	Erases the character to the left.
History	The history shows up to a total of 100 commands. The history command will show only the executed commands for the current mode/context.
[Ctrl+A]	Moves the curser to the beginning of the command line.
[Ctrl+E]	Moves the curser to the end of the command line.
[Ctrl+U]	Clears the current displayed command line.
[Ctrl+Z]	Exits from the current mode.

User Mode

User mode is the first level of commands after logging in. User mode is represented by the > prompt.

User Mode Commands

- date
- enable
- end
- exit
- help
- history
- ping
- show
- traceroute

date

Use the **date** command to display the current date.

Syntax: > date

Example: adit 3500> date

Wed Jan 12 10:37:51 2007

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

enable

Use the **enable** command (at the User mode prompt) to enter the Privileged mode. **Note:** Once a correct password has been entered, the prompt changes from ">" to "#".

Syntax: > enable

Example: adit 3500> enable

password: ******

adit 3500#

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current Configuration mode. Must be used to mark the end of any configuration file. **Note:** This command can be entered in any Configuration mode with the same result.

Syntax: > end

Example: Adit 3500> end

Adit 3500 Username:admin Adit 3500 Password:******

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in User mode or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the previous level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

Syntax: > exit

Example: Adit 3500> exit

Adit 3500 Username:admin Adit 3500 Password:******

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

help

Use the **help** command to display help information. This can also be accomplished with a ?. This command can be entered in any Configuration mode.

Syntax: > help

or

> ?

Example: Adit 3500> help

? Display all commands
date Display time/date
enable Enter Privileged mode

end Logout from the device

exit Exit from the current level

help Display all commands

history Display past entered commands

ping Ping a remote host

show Show various system information

traceroute Traceroute to a remote host

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session. This command can be entered in any Configuration mode.

```
Syntax: > history

Example: Adit 3500> history

date
   ping 192.168.1.1 -n 4
   show version
   show users
   show voice-port fxs
   ping 192.168.1.1
   show version
   history
```

ping

Use the **ping** command to send a sequence of ICMP echo request packets to the specified host. If the host variable is omitted, and you are in User mode, the router prompts you for additional information. **Note:** The **ping** command verifies a connection, and is a very important troubleshooting tool.

Field	Definition
address	IP address of the host to ping.
-i time	Specifies the intervals between pings. Range is 0 - 600000 milliseconds.
-l size	Specifies the size of the ping requests packets to be sent. Range 64 - 1518.
-n count	Specifies the number of ping requests to be sent. Range 1-1000. Default is 4.
-w timeout	Specifies the time to wait for a response before sending the next ping request packet. Timeout is given in seconds. Range 1-600000. Default is 2 seconds.
stop	Stop the ping process.

Example: Adit 3500> ping 192.168.1.1

```
packet #1 has arrived
packet #2 has arrived
packet #3 has arrived
packet #4 has arrived
4 packets transmitted, 4 packets received
round-trip min/avg/max = 1/3/9 ms
```

Example: Adit 3500> ping 192.168.1.1 -n 2 -1 500

```
packet #1 has arrived
packet #2 has arrived
2 packets transmitted, 2 packets received
round-trip min/avg/max = 2/2/2 ms
```

show

show alarms
show arp
show caclkcd
show config dynamic-dns
show controller lcc
show controller t1
show dhcp-leases
show digit-map
show interface description
show interface ethernet
show interface multilink
show interface serial
show interface stats

show ip ospf

show ip ospf database
show ip ospf interface
show ip ospf neighbor
show licenses
show log
show mac-address-table
show nat-fw
show port-trigger
show route
show service
show users
show version
show voice-port fxs

show voice-port trunk

show alarms

Use the **show alarms** command to display the active alarms.

Syntax:

> show alarms [t1 port|lcc number]
{alert|all|critical|info|major|minor}

Field	Definition
t1 port	Display alarms for a specific port. Adit 3104: Value must be 1. Adit 3500: Range = 1-4.
lcc number	Display alarms for a specific Link Cross-Connect (LCC). MSR: Range = 1-8.
alert	Filter alert alarms (threshold crossing).
all	Display all alarms.
critical	Filter critical alarms.
info	Filter information alarms.
major	Filter major alarms.
minor	Filter minor alarms.

Example: Adit 3500> show alarms all

Alarm	Severity		Time
Alarm LOS T1 4	Major	Jan	1 00:00:08 2007
Alarm LOS T1 3	Major	Jan	1 00:00:08 2007
Alarm PRI T1 2 - Line NOT Ready	Major	Jan	1 00:00:08 2007

show arp

Use the **show arp** command to display the ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) table.

Syntax: > show arp {all|address|ethernet port}

Field	Definition
all	Display entire ARP table.
address	Display ARP items of the entered IP address.
ethernet port	Display Ethernet ARP items only. port - Define an Ethernet port number. Range 1 - 2.

Example: adit 3500> show arp ethernet 1

1 192.168.1.1 ether Dynam 00:50:da:59:f0:25 eth_lan

Example: adit 3500> show arp 192.168.1.1

ip=192.168.1.1 flags=Dynam mac=00:50:da:59:f0:25 iface=eth lan

Example: adit 3500> show arp all

IP-address HW-type Flags HW-address Iface 1 192.168.1.1 ether Dynam 00:50:da:59:f0:25 eth-1

show caclkcd

Syntax:

Use the **show caclked** command to display the linux kernel crash dump

> show caclkcd

Example: Adit 3500> show caclkcd ----- Begin cacLKCD -----Jan 1 2003 00:00:44 <3> openrg: unhandled page fault at pc=0x400528c0, lr=0x400 digit-map Show digit-map settings 52890 (bad address=0x30303038, code 245) Show various interfaces pc : [<400528c0>] lr : [<40052890>] No r7 : 4006bb9c r6 : 30303038 r5 : 4006bb9c r4 : 4006bc1c port-trigger Show routing table Flags: nzCv IRQs on FIQs on Mode USER_32 Segment user Map the configurations to CLI commands User-mode stack: (0xbffffbac to 0xc0000000) service Display services 00000001 0036d238 003704d0 0036d238 003704d0theirprivilages fba0: versio fbc0: 003704d4 0002e1e0 00000001 003704d0 0002e1a8 00000004 00000005 000281d4 voice-port Show voice-port fbe0: 4006d24d 4006d24c 4006d24c ffffffff 00000000 00rt fce0:0002432400469c0800000010002514400469c0800469c080009575c40050458ipaddress Alarm LOS T1#2 fd00: 002c85a0 000001e3 40e88bc0 00000000 00000000 00000000 0009574c 0036c448 fd60: 0036e270 00000000 00000000 00000004 00000094 bffffdbc 00000004 40033490 fd80: 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000094 0011121c 0000008c bffffdbc 00263674 fda0: 00000bfd 0000008c 0011138c fffffffff ffffffff 00000007 00111c44 feedbabe fdc0: 00001063 00033bb6 0000004e 00000000 00000023 002c81e8 4006b010 400335dc fde0: 00000000 00000000 00000000 002c8188 401a430c 002c8188 00000023 002c81e8 fe00: 001df753 00000000 401a4494 4003f960 001df753 001df730 002c8188 001df753 fe20: 001df730 4006b010 401a5ae4 00000023 001df730 00000000 00000000 00000000 fe40: 00000000 00000000 0000009c 00000000 065ca5ac 00000002 0000009c 00000000 fe60: 057aacc3 00000000 00000000 40047924 00000020 401bb254 40032cf0 4002ead4 fe80: 00000020 400054d0 0000009c 00000000 05a4faa0 00000002 400051a8 0000c222 fea0: 00000000 40000ca4 00000000 00000000 00000000 400051a8 0000938c 00000000

 fec0:
 00000039
 00282fac
 0000bc4c
 4000c848
 00000000
 40000ca4
 bfffff3d
 bfffff3c

 fee0:
 00000001
 00000704
 bfffff3c
 00000001
 bfffff3d
 00000000
 00000000
 4006b010

 ff00:
 0000000
 40051048
 bfffff34
 401bb458
 0001f828
 401967e4
 0000000
 0000000

 ff20:
 0001145c
 0000000
 40196814
 0000000
 00011474
 bfffffd2
 0000000
 bfffffde

 ff60:
 bfffffe5
 0000000
 0000001
 00000097
 0000006
 0001000
 0000001
 0000006

 ff80:
 00000003
 0000000
 00000009
 0001145c
 0000000
 0000000
 0000000
 0000000

 ffa0:
 00000000
 0000000
 0000000
 0000000
 0000000
 0000000
 0000000
 0000000
 0000000

 ffa0:
 00000000
 00000000
 00000000
 00000000
 00000000
 0000000
 00000000
 00000000
 0000000
 0000000

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

----- End cacLKCD

show config dynamic-dns

Use the **show config dynamic-dns** command to display the dynamic DNS configuration.

Syntax: > show config dynamic-dns

Example: Adit 3500> show config dynamic-dns

dynamic-dns username admin hostname Host1 dynamic-dns interface eth-2 no dynamic-dns offline enable no dynamic-dns wildcard enable no dynamic-dns backup-mx enable no dynamic-dns mail-exchanger

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show controller lcc

Use the **show controller lcc** command to display the settings for a Link Cross Connect on the MSR card.

Syntax: > show controller lcc number

Field	Definition
number	Link Cross Connect number, 1-8.

Example: Adit MSR> show controller lcc 1

Settings for interface LCC 1 ______ Name : LinkCC 1 Device Name : LinkCC 1
Status : Operation
Network : WAN : Operational : WAN

Network

Connection Type : Link Cross Connect

Connection : Data Alarm Reporting : Enabled

Supported Platforms: MSR

show controller t1

Use the **show controller t1** command to display the performance statistics of the DS1.

Syntax: > show controller t1 port

Field	Definition
port	DS1 (T1) interface. Adit 3104 range = 1 Adit 3500 range 1-4

Example: Adit 3500> show controller t1 1

Settings for interface T1 1 ______

Interface name : T1 1 Transmit status : Up Receive status : Up : ESF Framing

Clock source : Clock Reference 1

: B8ZS Line Code Loop Detection : OFF FDL Type : NONE

Line Length : DSX-1 equalization for 0-133ft Status : Connected

: Connected

Performance Threshold Settings	15 min	1 day
unavailable seconds (uas):	0	0
severely errored seconds (ses):	0	0
errored seconds (es):	0	0
severely errored frame seconds (sefs):	0	0
line errored seconds (les):	0	0
controlled slip seconds (css):	0	0
bursty errored seconds (bes):	0	0
degraded minutes (dm):	0	0
line code violations (lcv):	0	0
path code violations (pcv):	0	0

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500 Not supported on the MSR

show dhcp-leases

Use the **show dhcp-leases** command to display the DHCP lease table.

```
Syntax: > show dhcp-leases

Example: Adit 3500> show dhcp-leases

Ethernet 1
    Hostname : new-host IP:192.168.1.10 MAC:00:00:ff:ff:00:00
    Type:static Expires-In:0
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show digit-map

Use the **show digit-map** command to display the Digit Map settings.

```
Syntax: > show digit-map
```

Example: Adit 3500> show digit-map

Index	Pattern
1	[2-9]11
2	[0-1] [2-9] 11
3	0[#T]
4	00
5	*xx
6	011x.[#T]
7	[0-1]xxxxxxx[#T]
8	[0-1] [2-9] xxxxxxxxx
9	[2-9] xxxxxxxx
10	[2-9]xxxxxx[#T]

show interface description

Use the **show interface description** command to display interface information.

Syntax: > show interface description

Example: Adit 3500> show interface description

Device	State	IP/Mask	Dependencies
T1 1	running		None
T1 2	running		None
T1 3	up		None
T1 4	up		None
Serial 1	up	0.0.0.0/255.255.255.255	T1 1
Ethernet 2	disabled	0.0.0.0/0.0.0	None
Ethernet 1	running	192.168.1.1/255.255.255.0	None
IPsec 0	disabled	0.0.0.0/0.0.0	Serial 1
IPsec 1	running	192.168.1.1/255.255.255.0	Ethernet 1

Example: Adit MSR> show interface description

Device	State	IP/Mask	Dependencies
LinkCC 1	running		None
LinkCC 2	running		None
LinkCC 3	down		None
LinkCC 4	down		None
LinkCC 5	down		None
LinkCC 6	down		None
LinkCC 7	down		None
LinkCC 8	down		None
Ethernet 2	up	DHCP Unassigned	None
Ethernet 1	running	192.168.1.1/255.255.255.0	None

show interface ethernet

Use the **show interface ethernet** command to display the Ethernet interface information.

Syntax: > show interface ethernet port

Field	Definition
port	Ethernet port number. Range = 1-2.

Example: Adit 3500> show interface ethernet 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show interface multilink

Use the **show interface multilink** command to display the multilink configuration information.

Syntax: > show interface multilink port

Field	Definition
port	Multilink port number. Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500: Value must be 1. MSR: Range is 1-8

Example: Adit 3500> show interface multilink 1

Device=mlink-1 State=down IP/Mask=Unnumbered
Dependency=t1-1,t1-3

Status: Disconnected

Example: Adit MSR> show interface multilink 1

Device=mlink-1 State=down IP/Mask=Unnumbered

Dependency=LCC1, LCC2

Status: Disconnected

show interface serial

Use the **show interface serial** command to display the configuration of the serial interface.

Syntax: > show interface serial port

Field	Definition
port	Serial interface. Adit 3104: Value must be 1. Adit 3500: Range = 1-4. MSR: Range = 1-8.

Example: Adit 3500> show interface serial 3

Example: Adit MSR> show interface serial 3

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

show interface stats

Use the **show interface stats** command to display the interface statistics.

Syntax: > show interface stats

Example: Adit 3500> show interface stats

Device=T1 1 State=up Dependency=None Status: Connecting (Alarm Condition) Device=T1 2 State=up Dependency=None Status: Connecting (Alarm Condition) Device=T1 3 State=running Dependency=None Status: Connected Device=T1 4 State=running Dependency=None Status: Connected Device=Serial 1 IP/Mask=0.0.0.0/255.255.255.255 Dependency=T1 1 Status: Disconnected State=down Device=Ethernet 2 State=disabled IP/Mask=192.168.2.10/255.255.255.0 Dependency=None Device=Ethernet 1 Status: Connected; Link: 10T-HD State=running IP/Mask=192.168.1.35/255.255.255.0 Dependency=None Tx (Packets/Bytes/Dropped/Errors)=(2362/2498024/0/0) Rx (Packets/Bytes/Dropped/Errors)=(2211/210493/0/0) Broadcasts (Tx/Rx)=(0/0) Multicasts=0 Collisions=0

Device=IPsec 0 State=disabled IP/Mask=0.0.0/0.0.0.0 Dependency=Serial 1

Device=IPsec 1 State=running IP/Mask=192.168.1.35/255.255.255.255.0 Dependency=Ethernet 1Status: Connected

Tx (Packets/Bytes/Dropped/Errors)=(0/0/0/0)
Rx (Packets/Bytes/Dropped/Errors)=(0/0/0/0)

Example: Adit MSR> show interface stats

Device=LinkCC 1 State=running

Dependency=None

Status: Operational

Device=LinkCC 2 State=running

Dependency=None

Status: Operational

Device=LinkCC 3 State=down

Dependency=None

Status: Unassigned

Device=LinkCC 4 State=down

Dependency=None

Status: Unassigned

Device=LinkCC 5 State=down

Dependency=None

Status: Unassigned

Device=LinkCC 6 State=down

Dependency=None

Status: Unassigned

Device=LinkCC 7 State=down

Dependency=None

Status: Unassigned

Device=LinkCC 8 State=down

Dependency=None

Status: Unassigned

Device=Ethernet 2 State=up IP/Mask=DHCP Unassigned

Dependency=None

Status: DHCP IP Address Released; Link: Down
Tx (Packets/Bytes/Dropped/Errors) = (0/0/0/0)
Rx (Packets/Bytes/Dropped/Errors) = (0/0/0/0)

Broadcasts (Tx/Rx) = (0/0) Multicasts=0 Collisions=0

Device=Ethernet 1 State=running IP/Mask=10.0.0.3/255.255.255.0

Dependency=None

Status: Connected; Link: 10T-HD

Tx (Packets/Bytes/Dropped/Errors) = (1509/1577037/0/0)
Rx (Packets/Bytes/Dropped/Errors) = (1540/119409/0/0)
Broadcasts (Tx/Rx) = (0/0) Multicasts = 0 Collisions = 0

show ip ospf

Syntax:

> show ip ospf

Use the **show ip ospf** command to display the general OSPF routing process information.

Example: adit 3500> show ip ospf Routing Process "ospf 0" with ID 192.168.1.1 Process uptime is 28 minutes Process bound to VRF default Conforms to RFC2328, and RFC1583Compatibility flag is disabled Supports only single TOS(TOS0) routes Supports opaque LSA Supports Graceful Restart SPF schedule delay 5 secs, Hold time between two SPFs 10 secs Refreshtimer 10 secs Number of incoming current DD exchange neighbors 0/5 Number of outgoing current DD exchange neighbors 0/5 Number of external LSA 0. Checksum 0x000000 Number of opaque AS LSA 0. Checksum 0x000000 Number of router LSA 0 Router LSA database is unlimited. Number of network LSA 0 Network LSA database is unlimited. Number of non-default summary LSA 0 Summary LSA database is unlimited. Number of asbr summary LSA 0 ASBR Summary LSA database is unlimited. Number of non-default external LSA 0 External LSA database is unlimited. Number of LSA originated 0 Number of LSA received 0

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

Number of areas attached to this router: 0

show ip ospf database

Use the **show ip ospf database** command to display information related to the OSPF database for a specific router. The various forms of this command deliver information on defined OSPF link state advertisements.

Syntax: > show ip ospf database {setting}

Syntax: > show ip ospf database {adv-router address|self-originate}

Syntax: > show ip ospf database network link-state-id

Syntax: > show ip ospf database router {link-state-id|adv-router address|self-originate}

Syntax: > show ip ospf database summary [link-state-id] [adv-router address|self-originate]

Field	Definition	
adv-router address	Displays all the LSAs of the specified router. If no IP address is entered, the local router information will be displayed (same as self-originate).	
link-state-id	entered, the local router information will be displayed (same as selforiginate). Portion of the Internet environment that is being described by the advertisement. The value entered depends on the advertisement's L type. It must be entered in the form of an IP address. When the link state advertisement is describing a network, the link-state-id can take one of two forms: 1. The network's IP address (as in type 3 summary link advertisement and in autonomous system external link advertisements). 2. A derived address obtained from the link state ID. (Note that masking a network links advertisement's link state ID with the network's subnet mask yields the network's IP address.) When the link state advertisement is describing a router, the link st ID is always the described router's OSPF router ID. When an autonomous system external advertisement (LS Type = 5 describing a default route, its link state ID is set to Default Destinat (0.0.0.0). Displays information only about the network LSAs. Displays only self-originated LSAs (from the local router).	
network	Displays information only about the network LSAs.	
router	Displays information only about the Router LSAs.	
self-originate	Displays only self-originated LSAs (from the local router).	
summary	Displays information on ly about the summary LSAs.	

Example: adit 3500> show ip ospf database

Router Link States (Area 0.0.0.1)

Link ID ADV Router Age Seq# CkSum Link count 192.168.3.1 192.168.3.1 313 0x800000c1 0x4978 1 192.168.3.255 192.168.3.255 568 0x8000003a 0xa6c0 1

Net Link States (Area 0.0.0.1)

Link ID ADV Router Age Seq# CkSum

Example: adit 3500> show ip ospf database self-originate

Router Link States (Area 0.0.0.1)
Link ID ADV Router Age Seq# CkSum Link count
192.168.3.255 192.168.3.255 420 0x8000003a 0xa6c0 1
Net Link States (Area 0.0.0.1)
Link ID ADV Router Age Seq# CkSum
192.168.3.251 192.168.3.255 240 0x80000003 0xbcec

192.168.3.251 192.168.3.255 388 0x80000003 0xbcec

show ip ospf interface

Use the **show ip ospf interface** command to display OSPF related interface information.

Syntax:

> show ip ospf interface {ethernet $port | serial port | multilink port}$

Field	Definition
ethernet port	Display information on the Ethernet interface. port = 1 or 2
serial port	Display information on the serial interface. Adit 3104: Value must be 1. Adit 3500: Range = 1-4. MSR: Range = 1-8.
multilink port	Display information on the Multilink interface. Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR: Value must be 1

Example: adit 3500> show ip ospf interface ethernet 1

```
Ethernet 1 is up, line protocol is up
Internet Address 192.168.254.202, Mask 255.255.255.0, Area 0.0.0.0
AS 201, Router ID 192.168.99.1, Network Type BROADCAST, Cost: 10
Transmit Delay is 1 sec, State OTHER, Priority 1
Designated Router id 192.168.254.10, Interface address 192.168.254.10
Backup Designated router id 192.168.254.28, Interface addr 192.168.254.28
Timer intervals configured, Hello 10, Dead 60, Wait 40, Retransmit 5
Hello due in 0:00:05
Neighbor Count is 8, Adjacent neighbor count is 2
Adjacent with neighbor 192.168.254.28 (Backup Designated Router)
Adjacent with neighbor 192.168.254.10 (Designated Router)
```

show ip ospf neighbor

Use the **show ip ospf neighbor** command to display OSPF neighbor information.

Syntax: > show ip ospf neighbor [interface address|neighbor-id|detail]

Field	Definition		
interface address	Optional parameter. Enter interface IP address to define display.		
neighbor-id	Optional parameter. Enter neighbor IP address to define display.		
detail	Optional parameter. Enable display of detailed information.		

Example: adit 3500> show ip ospf neighbor

ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
10.199.199.137	1	FULL/DR	0:00:31	192.168.80.37	Ethernet1
172.16.48.1	1	FULL/DROTHER	0:00:33	172.16.48.1	Fddi0
172.16.48.200	1	FULL/DROTHER	0:00:33	172.16.48.200	Fddi0
10.199.199.137	5	FULL/DR	0:00:33	172.16.48.189	Fddi0

Example: adit 3500> show ip ospf neighbor 10.199.199.137

```
Neighbor 10.199.199.137, interface address 192.168.80.37
In the area 0.0.0.0 via interface Ethernet0
Neighbor priority is 1, State is FULL
Options 2
Dead timer due in 0:00:32
Link State retransmission due in 0:00:04
Neighbor 10.199.199.137, interface address 172.16.48.189
In the area 0.0.0.0 via interface Fddi0
Neighbor priority is 5, State is FULL
Options 2
Dead timer due in 0:00:32
Link State retransmission due in 0:00:03
```

Example: adit 3500> show ip ospf neighbor detail

```
Neighbor 192.168.5.2, interface address 10.225.200.28

In the area 0 via interface GigabitEthernet1/0/0

Neighbor priority is 1, State is FULL, 6 state changes

DR is 10.225.200.28 BDR is 10.225.200.30

Options is 0x42

LLS Options is 0x1 (LR), last OOB-Resync 00:03:08 ago

Dead timer due in 00:00:36

Neighbor is up for 00:09:46

Index 1/1, retransmission queue length 0, number of retransmission 1

First 0x0(0)/0x0(0) Next 0x0(0)/0x0(0)

Last retransmission scan length is 1, maximum is 1

Last retransmission scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 0 msec
```

show licenses

Use the **show licenses** command to display all enabled feature keys.

Syntax: > show licenses

Example: Adit 3500> show licenses

VPN license = No SIP license = Yes MGCP license = No G729A license = Yes

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show log

Use the **show log** command to display the current events on the system.

> show log {firewall|pri|sip|system|t1 port|lcc number}
{severity}

Field	Definition		
firewall	Filter firewall alarms		
pri	Display PRI logs. Note: This is not supported on the Adit 3104.		
sip	Display SIP logs.		
system	Filter general system alarms		
t1 port	Display event log for a specific T1 port. Adit 3104: Value must be 1. Adit 3500: Range = 1-4.		
lcc number	Display event log for a specific Link Cross-Connect (LCC). MSR: Range = 1-8.		
severity	alert - Filter alert alarms (threshold crossing) all - Display all alarms critical - Filter critical alarms (service affecting) info - Filter informational alarms major - Filter major alarms (service affecting) minor - Filter minor alarms (non-service affecting)		

Example: Adit 3500> show log t1 1 minor

```
System Log
               Message Jan 1 00:00:08 2003 kern.err T1 ALARM: Alarm LOS T1#1 Major received
System Log
               Message Jan 1 00:00:04 2003 kern.err T1 ALARM: Alarm LOS T1#1 Major received
System Log
             Message Jan 1 01:19:13 2003 kern.err T1 ALARM: Alarm LOS T1#1 Major received
System Log
             Message Jan 1 00:57:12 2003 kern.err T1 ALARM: Alarm LOS T1#1 Major received
System Log
             Message Jan 1 00:56:52 2003 kern.err T1 ALARM: Alarm LOS T1#1 Major received
             Message Jan 1 00:56:34 2003 kern.err T1 ALARM: Alarm LOS T1#1 Major received
System Log
             Message Jan 1 00:56:09 2003 kern.err T1 ALARM: Alarm LOS T1#1 Major received
System Log
System Log
               Message Jan 1 00:00:04 2003 kern.err T1 ALARM: Alarm LOS T1#1 Major received
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show mac-address-table

Use the **show mac-address-table** command to display the current MAC addresses (LAN\WAN).

```
Syntax: > show mac-address-table
```

Example: Adit 3500> show mac-address-table

Ethernet 1 mac= 00:00:00:ff:ff:ff
Ethernet 2 mac= 00:00:00:ff:ff:fd

show nat-fw

Use the **show nat-fw** command to display the current NAT and firewall connection table.

Syntax: > show nat-fw

Example: Adit 3500> show nat-fw

```
Number Content
        TCP 11.0.0.4 36104<--> 172.15.16.1 36104[31.0.0.6 5516]
TIME WAIT/TIME WAIT ttl 0 sec bytes 1320 pkts 7 ppp100 Outgoing BY FTP
                            36103<--> 172.15.16.1
        TCP 11.0.0.4
                                                     36103[31.0.0.6 21
TIME_WAIT/TIME_WAIT ttl 0 sec bytes 1182 pkts 20 FTP child: Yes ppp100 Outgoing
                                                     36102[31.0.0.6 5515]
        TCP 11.0.0.4
                            36102<--> 172.15.16.1
TIME_WAIT/TIME_WAIT ttl 0 sec bytes 1320 pkts 7 ppp100 Outgoing BY FTP
        TCP 11.0.0.4
                            36101<--> 172.15.16.1
                                                      36101[31.0.0.6 21
TIME WAIT/TIME WAIT ttl 0 sec bytes 1182 pkts 20 FTP child: Yes ppp100 Outgoing
                            28015<--> 172.15.16.2
        UDP 172.15.16.2
                                                      28015[*.*.*.*
                                                                        *]
ttl 79 sec bytes 0 pkts 0 ppp100 Outgoing CLONABLE UNINIT BY SIP
        UDP 172.15.16.2
                          28014<--> 172.15.16.2
                                                      28014[*.*.*.*
                                                                        *]
ttl 79 sec bytes 0 pkts 0 ppp100 Outgoing CLONABLE UNINIT BY SIP
        UDP 172.15.16.2
                          28013<--> 172.15.16.2
                                                      28013[*.*.*.*
                                                                        *]
ttl 77 sec bytes 0 pkts 0 ppp100 Outgoing CLONABLE UNINIT BY SIP
        UDP 172.15.16.2
                            28012<--> 172.15.16.2
                                                      28012[*.*.*.*
                                                                        *]
ttl 77 sec bytes 0 pkts 0 ppp100 Outgoing CLONABLE UNINIT BY SIP
        UDP 172.15.16.2
                            28011<--> 172.15.16.2
                                                     28011[*.*.*.*
                                                                        *]
ttl 75 sec bytes 0 pkts 0 ppp100 Outgoing CLONABLE UNINIT BY SIP
        UDP 172.15.16.2
                          28010<--> 172.15.16.2
                                                      28010[*.*.*.*
                                                                        *]
10
ttl 75 sec bytes 0 pkts 0 ppp100 Outgoing CLONABLE UNINIT BY SIP
```

show port-trigger

Use the **show port-trigger** command to display all port triggering information.

Syntax: > show port-trigger

Example: Adit 3500> show port-trigger

Service ID:134217730 Enable Service Name:L2TP

Trigger protocol: UDP port: src start=0 src end=0 dst start=1701 dst end=1701

Service ID:16777223 Enable Service Name:TFTP

Trigger protocol: UDP port: src_start=1024 src_end=65535 dst_start=69 dst_end=69

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show route

Use the **show route** command to display the routing table.

Syntax: > show route

Example: Adit 3500> show route

Destination	Gateway	Flags	Metric	Interface
192.168.1.0/24	*	U	50	Ethernet 1
192.168.1.0/24	*	U	51	IPsec 1

show service

Use the **show service** command to displays all services.

Syntax: > show service

Example: Adit 3500> show service

Group: Basic Web Utilities

Service ID:16777216 Service Name:All Traffic

Service ID:16777217 Service Name:DNS

Trigger protocol: TCP port: src_start=53 src_end=53 dst_start=53 dst_end=53

Service ID:16777217 Service Name:DNS

Trigger protocol: TCP port: src_start=1024 src_end=65535 dst_start=53 dst_end=53

Service ID:16777217 Service Name:DNS

Trigger protocol: UDP port: src_start=53 src_end=53 dst_start=53 dst_end=53

Service ID:16777217 Service Name:DNS

Trigger protocol: UDP port: src_start=1024 src_end=65535 dst_start=53 dst_end=53

Service ID:16777218 Service Name:FTP

Trigger protocol: TCP port: src_start=0 src_end=0 dst_start=21 dst_end=21

Service ID:16777219 Service Name:HTTP

.

show users

Use the **show users** command to displays all users on this system.

Syntax: > show users

Example: Adit 3500> show users

```
Provisioned User List
   User-1: admin   Access: ADMIN <-
   User-2: pauljones Access: ADMIN
   Active CLI Users
   User-1: admin   Access: ADMIN   Authen: Config from IP:192.168.1.1
   User-2: admin   Access: ADMIN   Authen: Config from Console
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show version

Use the **show version** command to displays the version for the hardware, software and firmware. The Admin level user will be provided with more information than Manager and Monitor levels. Software features are listed along with enabled status.

Syntax: > show version

Example: Adit 3500> show version

```
Application Version: 1.4.0
Compilation Time: Thu Jul 20 2006 13:48:42
FPGA Version: 1.0.0
Board Version: 1 003-1215-0100
IXP400 Software Release: 1_4 SQA4_1
MSP:
    82530 - 60 channels
    Image File Name: TGW_v5_03_cdma.axf
   API Version
                  : 2.1.0
    Source IP Addr : 192.168.1.1
Voice Slot 1 : FXS Card Present: Rev 5.00 VIP
Vendor: Turin Networks
CLEI Code: IPMHX00LRA
Product Features:
SIP enabled.
 G729A enabled.
```

Example: Adit MSR> show version

```
Application Version: 2.0.0.5
Compilation Time: Thu Jan 31 2008 13:48:42
FPGA Version: 0.04
Boot Version: 1.14
Board Version: 0 003-1756-0001
Flash Size: 32M bytes
Memory Size: 64M bytes
IXP400 Software Release: 1_4 SQA4_1
MSP:
    82610 - 100 channels
    Image File Name: TGW_v5_05.axf
   API Version
                 : 2.1.0
    Source IP Addr : 10.10.4.202
MSR Card Slot: 5
CLEI Code: SITRAANBAA
Product Features:
VPN enabled.
 SIP enabled.
```

show voice-port fxs

Use the **show voice-port fxs** command to display the FXS interface information.

Syntax: > show voice-port fxs

Example: Adit 3500> show voice-port fxs

Registration Address: 172.32.1.15

SIP Proxy: Yes

Proxy Address: 172.32.1.18

*	Line	UID	PhoneStatus	RegisStatus	RX/TX/Lost(Pkts)	Jitter	Overflow
Y	1	3035550001	Idle	Registered			
Y	2	3035550002	Idle	Registered			
Y	3	3035550003	Idle	Registered			
Υ	4	3035550004	Idle	Registered			

Example: Adit MSR> show voice-port fxs

Registration Address: 172.32.1.15

SIP Proxy: Yes

Proxy Address: 172.32.1.18

*	Line	UID	PhoneStatus	RegisStatus	RX/TX/Lost(Pkts)	Jitter Overflow	CrossConnect
Y	1	3035550001	Idle	Registered			Connected
Y	2	3035550002	Idle	Registered			Connected
Y	3	3035550003	Idle	Registered			Connected
Y	4	3035550004	Idle	Registered			Connected
Y	5	3035550005	Idle	Registered			Connected
Y	6	3035550006	Idle	Registered			Connected
Y	7	3035550007	Idle	Registered			Connected
Y	8	3035550008	Idle	Registered			Connected

.

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

show voice-port trunk

Use the **show voice-port trunk** command to display the voice trunk statistics.

Syntax: > show voice-port trunk port

Field	Definition
port	Adit 3500: DS1 (T1) interface. Value must be 1.
	MSR: Link Cross Connect (LCC). Range = 1-8.

Example: Adit 3500> show voice-port trunk 1

trunk-1 t1-1 does not exist

*****	*******	CAS 2 ************************		
Channel no	Internal Call Id	Q931 Connection Id	Tdm TimeSlot	Call State
1	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
2	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
3	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
4	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
5	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
6	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
7	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
8	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
9	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
10	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
11	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
12	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
13	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
14	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
15	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
16	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
17	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
18	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
19	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
20	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
21	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
22	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
23	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
24	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE

trunk-1 t1-3 does not exist
trunk-1 t1-4 does not exist

Example: Adit MSR> show voice-port trunk 1					

Channel no	Internal Call Id	Q931 Connection Id	Tdm TimeSlot	Call State	
1	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
2	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
3	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
4	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
5	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
6	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
7	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
8	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
9	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
10	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
11	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
12	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
13	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
14	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
15	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
16	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
17	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
18	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
19	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
20	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
21	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
22	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
23	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE	
trunk 1 LCC	#2 does not exist				
trunk 1 LCC	#3 does not exist				
trunk 1 LCC	#4 does not exist				
trunk 1 LCC	#5 does not exist				
trunk 1 LCC	#6 does not exist				
trunk 1 LCC	#7 does not exist				
trunk 1 LCC	:#8 does not exist				

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

traceroute

Use the **traceroute** command to trace a route to a remote host.

Syntax: > traceroute

Syntax: > traceroute {address|hostname|stop}

Field Definition	
address	IP address of the remote host.
hostname	Host name of the remote host.
stop	Stop the traceroute process.

Example: Adit 3500> traceroute to 192.168.1.200

(192.168.1.200), 10 hops max

1 192.168.1.200 (192.168.1.200) 10.500 ms 1.013 ms 0.926 ms

Traceroute: Destination Reached

Privileged Mode

The Privileged Mode allows the operator access to the configuration modes.

This Mode is entered with the **> enable** command from the Basic mode.

The Privileged Mode is represented by the # prompt.

Privileged Mode Commands

- clear
- · configure terminal
- copy
- date
- debug
- end
- exit
- help
- history
- log clear
- no debug
- ping
- reload
- show
- traceroute
- upgrade

clear

clear arp

Use the **clear arp** command to clear the ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) table.

Syntax: # clear arp {all|ethernet port|address}

Field	Definition
all	Display entire ARP table.
ethernet port	Display Ethernet ARP items only. port - Define an Ethernet port number. Range 1 - 2.
address	Enter IP address for specific ARP information on this address.

Example: adit 3500# clear arp ethernet 1

arp entries removed on eth-1 interface

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

clear caclkcd

Use the **clear arp** command to clear the linux kernel crash dump.

Syntax: # clear caclkcd

Example: adit 3500# clear caclkcd

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

clear ip ospf process

Use the **clear ip ospf process** command to restart the OSPF process with the LSA databases and counters reinitialized.

Syntax: # clear ip ospf process

Example: adit 3500# clear ip ospf process

configure terminal

Use the **configure terminal** command to enter the configuration mode.

Syntax: # configure terminal

Example: adit 3500# configure terminal

adit 3500 (config)#

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

copy

copy defaults

Use the **copy defaults** command to restore default setting.

Syntax: # copy defaults running-config

Example: adit 3500# copy defaults running-config

Going to reboot! Restarting system.

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

copy path

Use the **copy path** command to load a configuration saved on your computer to the Adit system. **Note:** A TFTP server must be running on your computer.

Syntax: # copy path {source-path} running-config

Field	Definition	
source-path Enter the source path, in the form tftp://address/filename		
	address - Enter IP address of the TFTP server.	
	<i>filename</i> - Enter the name of the configuration file to load onto the	
	system.	

Example: adit 3500# copy path tftp://192.168.1.100/a3500_config running-

config

adit 3500#Configuration restore: Success

WARNING: A reload is needed for changes to take effect.

Example: Adit MSR#copy path tftp://192.168.1.100/MSR_config running-

config

Adit MSR#Configuration restore: Success.

WARNING: A reload is needed for changes to take effect.

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

copy running-config

Use the **copy running-config** command to save the current configuration on the Adit.

Note: The TFTP server must be running on the destination device.

Syntax: # copy running-config path {destination-path}

Field	Definition	
destination-path	Enter the destination path, in the form tftp://address/filename to the	
	location where the configuration file is to be saved.	
	address - Enter IP address of the TFTP server.	
	<i>filename</i> - Enter a name for this new configuration file.	

Example: adit 3500# copy running-config path tftp://192.168.1.100/

a3500_config

adit 3500# Configuration save: Success

Example: Adit MSR#copy running-config path tftp://192.168.1.100/

testconfig

Adit MSR#Configuration save: Success

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

date

Use the **date** command to display the current date.

Syntax: # date

Example: Adit 3500# date

Wed Jan 12 10:37:51 2007

debug

debug portmon all

Use the **debug portmon all** command allows the user to monitor all traffic of a specific type. All traffic can be displayed, or a specific traffic type can be defined. **Note:** Immediately after this command is issued, any traffic that falls into the filter parameter will be displayed. To turn the monitoring off, you must issue a **no debug portmon** command. See *no debug portmon* command on page 3-16.

Syntax:

debug portmon all [all|arp address|bootp address|control
|data|dns address|icmp address|ip address|link|mgcp address|
rip address|sip address|stp|tcp {address|address:port|port}|
udp {address|address:port|port}]

Field	Definition			
Filters all traffic of the following type.				
all	Allows all traffic.			
arp	Displays all Address Resolution Protocol traffic. address = IP address of the interface.			
bootp	Displays BootP related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.			
control	Displays control related traffic.			
data	Displays data related traffic.			
dns	Displays Domain Naming Service related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.			
icmp	Displays Internet Control Message Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.			
ip	Displays Internet Protocol related traffic Note: Requires an IP address. <i>address</i> = IP address of the interface.			
link	Displays link related traffic.			
mgcp	Displays Media Gateway Control Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.			
rip	Displays Routing Information Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.			
sip	Displays Session Initiation Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.			
stp	Displays Spanning Tree Protocol related traffic.			
tep	Displays Transmission Control Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface. address:port = IP address port = Port of the interface			
udp	Displays User Datagram Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface. address:port = IP address:port of the interface. port = Port of the interface			

Example: adit 3500# debug portmon all rip 192.168.1.20

debug portmon {rx|tx|both}

Use the **debug portmon** $\{rx|tx|both\}$ command allows the user to monitor specific direction of traffic.

Note: Immediately after this command is issued, any traffic that falls into the filter parameter will be displayed. To turn the monitoring off, you must issue a **no debug portmon** command. See *no debug portmon* command on page 3-16.

Syntax: # debug portmon {rx|tx|both}

Field	Definition
both Display both receive and transmit information.	
rx	Display the receive direction.
tx	Display the transmit direction.

Example: adit 3500# debug portmon both

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

debug portmon detail

Use the **debug portmon detail** command allows the user to configure the portmon to display brief information or detailed. See *no debug portmon* command on page 3-16.

Syntax: # debug portmon detail {off|on}

Field	Definition
off	Disables detail packet display
on	Enable detailed packet display

Example: adit 3500# debug portmon detail on

debug portmon ethernet

Use the **debug portmon ethernet** command allows the user to monitor specific Ethernet traffic. **Note:** Immediately after this command is issued, any traffic that falls into the filter parameter will be displayed. To turn the monitoring off, you must issue a **no debug portmon** command. See *no debug portmon* command on page 3-16.

Syntax:

debug portmon ethernet {1|2|both} [all|arp address|bootp
address|control|data|dns address|icmp address|ip address|link|
mgcp address|rip address|sip address|stp|tcp {address|
address:port|port}|udp {address|address:port|port}]

Field	Definition
ethernet	Display Ethernet traffic. 1 or 2 - Define Ethernet port both - Both Ethernet ports
Filters all traffic of	
all	Allows all traffic.
arp	Displays all Address Resolution Protocol traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
bootp	Displays BootP related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
control	Displays control related traffic.
data	Displays data related traffic.
dns	Displays Domain Naming Service related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
icmp	Displays Internet Control Message Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
ip	Displays Internet Protocol related traffic Note: Requires an IP address. <i>address</i> = IP address of the interface.
link	Displays link related traffic.
mgcp	Displays Media Gateway Control Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
rip	Displays Routing Information Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
sip	Displays Session Initiation Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
stp	Displays Spanning Tree Protocol related traffic.
tcp	Displays Transmission Control Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface. address:port = IP address port = Port of the interface
udp	Displays User Datagram Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface. address:port = IP address:port of the interface. port = Port of the interface

Example: adit 3500# debug portmon ethernet 1 all

debug portmon management

Use the **debug portmon management** command allows the user to configure management trace suppression. See *no debug portmon* command on page 3-16.

Syntax: # debug portmon management {hush|off}

Field	Definition
hush	hush - Enable suppression of management traffic trace
off	off - Disable suppression of management traffic trace

Example: adit 3500# debug portmon management hush

debug portmon multilink

Use the **debug portmon multilink** command allows the user to monitor the multilink traffic. All traffic can be displayed, or a specific traffic type can be defined.

Note: Immediately after this command is issued, any traffic that falls into the filter parameter will be displayed. To turn the monitoring off, you must issue a **no debug portmon** command. See *no debug portmon* command on page 3-16

Syntax:

debug portmon multilink port {all|arp address|bootp
address|control|data|dns address|icmp address|ip address
|link|mgcp address|rip address|sip address|stp|tcp {address|
address:port|port}|udp {address|address:port|port}}

Field	Definition
port	Enter multilink port. Range 1.
all	Allows all traffic.
arp	Displays all Address Resolution Protocol traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
bootp	Displays BootP related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
control	Displays control related traffic.
data	Displays data related traffic.
dns	Displays Domain Naming Service related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
icmp	Displays Internet Control Message Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
ip	Displays Internet Protocol related traffic Note: Requires an IP address. <i>address</i> = IP address of the interface.
link	Displays link related traffic.
mgcp	Displays Media Gateway Control Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
rip	Displays Routing Information Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
sip	Displays Session Initiation Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
stp	Displays Spanning Tree Protocol related traffic.
tcp	Displays Transmission Control Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface. address:port = IP address port = Port of the interface
udp	Displays User Datagram Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface. address:port = IP address:port of the interface. port = Port of the interface

Example: adit 3500# debug portmon multilink 1 mgcp 192.168.1.140

debug portmon raw

Use the **debug portmon raw** command allows the user to display raw data related traffic. See *no debug portmon* command on page 3-16.

Syntax: # debug portmon raw {off|on}

Field	Definition
off	Disable display of packet hex data
on	Enables display of packet hex data

Example: adit 3500# debug portmon raw off

debug portmon serial

Use the **debug portmon serial** command allows the user to monitor traffic on a serial interface.

Note: Immediately after this command is issued, any traffic that falls into the filter parameter will be displayed. To turn the monitoring off, you must issue a **no debug portmon** command. See *no debug portmon* command on page 3-16.

Syntax:

debug portmon serial port {all|arp address|bootp
address|control|data|dns address|icmp address|ip address
|link|mgcp address|rip address|sip address|stp|tcp {address|
address:port|port} | udp {address|address:port|port}}

Field	Definition
port	Displays specific port traffic. Adit 3104: Value must be 1. Adit 3500: Range = 1-4. MSR: Range = 1-8.
all	Allows all traffic.
arp	Displays all Address Resolution Protocol traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
bootp	Displays BootP related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
control	Displays control related traffic.
data	Displays data related traffic.
dns	Displays Domain Naming Service related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
icmp	Displays Internet Control Message Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
ip	Displays Internet Protocol related traffic Note: Requires an IP address. <i>address</i> = IP address of the interface.
link	Displays link related traffic.
mgcp	Displays Media Gateway Control Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
rip	Displays Routing Information Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
sip	Displays Session Initiation Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface.
stp	Displays Spanning Tree Protocol related traffic.
tcp	Displays Transmission Control Protocol related traffic. address = IP address of the interface. address:port = IP address port = Port of the interface

Example: adit 3500# debug portmon 1 rip

debug trace

Use the **debug trace** command allows the user to configure trace settings.

Note: Immediately after this command is issued, any trace that falls into the filter parameter will be displayed. To turn the monitoring off, you must issue a **no debug trace** command. See *no debug trace* command on page 3-16.

Syntax: # debug trace {cas|pri|sip} {enable|tx|rx}

Field	Definition
cas	Enable Channel Associated Signaling (CAS) tracing. Note: Not supported on the Adit 3104.
pri	Enable Primary Rate Interface (PRI) tracing. Note: Not supported on the Adit 3104.
sip	Enable Session Initiation Protocol (SIP) tracing.
enable	Enable the trace.
tx	Enable trace in the transmit direction.
rx	Enable trace in the receive direction.

Example: adit 3500# debug trace cas enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file. **Note:** This command can be entered in any Configuration mode with the same result.

Syntax: # end

Example: adit 3500# end

Username:

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

Syntax: # exit

Example: adit 3500# exit

adit 3500>

help

Use the **help** command to display the help information for this command. **Note:** This can also be accomplished with a ?. This command can be entered in any configuration mode.

Syntax: # help

or

Syntax: # ?

Example: adit 3500# help

? Display all commands

clear Clear command

configure Switch to Configure mode copy Configures device database

date Display time/date debug Debug the system end Exit to User mode exit Exit to User mode Display all commands

history Display past entered commands log Configure logging settings

no Disable a feature ping Ping a remote host reload Reboot the system

show Show various system information

traceroute Traceroute to a remote host

upgrade Upgrade firmware from a local computer

Syntax:

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session. This command can be entered in any configuration mode.

```
debug trace sip rx
no debug trace
no debug trace rx
no debug trace rx
no debug trace sip
no debug trace
no debug trace
debug trace sip
debug trace
date
end
enable
configure terminal
history
```

history

log clear

Use the log clear command to clear the history of the log.

Syntax: # log clear {all|firewall|pri|sip|system|t1|lcc}

Field	Definition
all	Clear the entire event log.
firewall	Clear firewall event log.
pri	Clear PRI event log. Note: Not supported on the Adit 3104.
sip	Clear SIP event log.
system	Clear system event log.
t1	Clear T1 event log. (Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500 only.)
lec	Clear Link Cross-Connect (LCC) event log. (MSR only.)

Example: adit 3500# log clear firewall

no debug

no debug portmon

Use the **no debug portmon** command to stop the Packet Monitor (portmon) process. To configure a debug command, see the *debug* command on page 3-5.

Syntax: # no debug portmon

Example: adit 3500# no debug portmon

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no debug trace

Use the **no debug trace** command to stop the trace process. To configure a debug trace, see the *debug trace* command on page 3-12.

Syntax: # no debug trace {cas|pri|sip}

Field	Definition
cas	Remove trace CAS functions. Note: Not supported on the Adit 3104.
pri	Remove trace PRI functions. Note: Not supported on the Adit 3104.
sip	Remove trace SIP functions.

Example: adit 3500# no debug trace sip

ping

Use the **ping** command to send a sequence of ICMP echo request packets to the specified host. If the host variable is omitted, and you are in Privileged mode, the router prompts you for additional information. **Note:** The ping command verifies a connection and is a very important troubleshooting tool.

Field	Definition
address	IP address of the host to ping.
-i time	Specifies the intervals between pings. Range is 0 - 600000 milliseconds.
-l size	Specifies the size of the ping requests packets to be sent. Range 64 - 1518.
-n count	Specifies the number of ping requests to be sent. Range 1-1000. Default is 4.
-w timeout	Specifies the time to wait for a response before sending the next ping request packet. Timeout is given in seconds. Range 1-600000. Default is 2 seconds.
stop	Stop the ping process.

Example: Adit 3500# ping 192.168.1.1

```
packet #1 has arrived
packet #2 has arrived
packet #3 has arrived
packet #4 has arrived
4 packets transmitted, 4 packets received
round-trip min/avg/max = 1/3/9 ms
```

Example: Adit 3500# ping 192.168.1.1 -n 2 -1 500

```
packet #1 has arrived
packet #2 has arrived
2 packets transmitted, 2 packets received
round-trip min/avg/max = 2/2/2 ms
```

reload

Use the **reload** command to reset the system.

CAUTION! This is a service affecting command.

Syntax: # reload

Example: adit 3500# reload

Going to reboot! Restarting system.

show

For maneuverability through these commands, all command names in blue or italics are hyperlinked.

show alarms show dhcp-leases show arp show digit-map show caclkcd show interface description show interface ethernet show config access-control show config access-list show interface multilink show config controller t1 show interface serial show config dmz-host show ip ospf show config host-filter show ip ospf database show config interface ethernet show ip ospf interface show config interface multilink show ip ospf neighbor show config interface serial show ipsec show config ip dhcp ethernet show I2tpc show licenses show config local-server show config nat-bypass show log show config network-object show mac-address-table show config port-trigger show nat-fw show config remote-admin show port-trigger show config security-default show pptpc show config security-log show pptps show config service show route show config static-dns show running-config show config time-range show service show config voice-port fxs show users

show version

show voice-port fxs

show voice-port trunk

show config voice-port trunk

show controller lcc

show controller t1

show alarms

Use the **show alarms** command to display the active alarms.

Syntax: # show alarms [t1 port|lcc number]

 $\{ \verb"alert" | \verb"all" | \verb"critical" | \verb"info" | \verb"major" | \verb"minor" \}$

Field	Definition	
t1 port	Display alarms for a specific port. Adit 3104: Value must be 1.	
	Adit 3500: Range = 1-4.	
lcc number	Display alarms for a specific Link Cross-Connect (LCC). MSR: Range = 1-8.	
alert	Filter alert alarms (threshold crossing).	
all	Display all alarms.	
critical	Filter critical alarms.	
info	Filter information alarms.	
major	Filter major alarms.	
minor	Filter minor alarms.	

Example: adit 3500# show alarms major

Alarm	Severity	Time			
Alarm LOS T1 4	Major	Jan	1	00:00:08	2006
Alarm LOS T1 3	Major	Jan	1	00:00:08	2006
Alarm PRI T1 2 - Line NOT Ready	Major	Jan	1	00:00:07	2006

show arp

Use the **show arp** command to display the ARP (Address Resolution Protocol) table.

Syntax: # show arp {all|address|ethernet port}

Field	Definition
all	Display entire ARP table.
address	Display ARP items of the entered IP address.
ethernet port	Display Ethernet ARP items only. port - Define an Ethernet port number. Range 1 - 2.

Example: adit 3500# show arp ethernet 1

1 192.168.1.1 ether Dynam 00:50:da:59:f0:25 eth_lan

Example: adit 3500# show arp 192.168.1.1

ip=192.168.1.1 flags=Dynam mac=00:50:da:59:f0:25 iface=eth_lan

Example: adit 3500# show arp all

IP-address HW-type Flags HW-address Iface
1 192.168.1.1 ether Dynam 00:50:da:59:f0:25 eth-1

show caclkcd

Use the **show caclked** command to display the linux kernel crash dump

Syntax: # show caclkcd

Example: adit 3500# show caclkcd

```
----- Begin cacLKCD -----
Jan 1 2003 00:00:44 <3> openrg: unhandled page fault at pc=0x400528c0, lr=0x400
            Show digit-map settings
52890 (bad address=0x30303038, code 245) Show various interfaces
pc : [<400528c0>] lr : [<40052890>] No
r7 : 4006bb9c r6 : 30303038 r5 : 4006bb9c r4 : 4006bc1c
port-trigger
r3 : 30303030 r2 : 4006bclc r1 : 4006bba5 r0 : 00000000
                      Show routing table
Flags: nzCv IRQs on FIQs on Mode USER 32 Segment user Map the configurations to
CLI commands
User-mode stack: (0xbffffbac to 0xc0000000)
                      Display services
fha0·
           00000001 0036d238 003704d0 0036d238 003704d0theirprivilages
versio
fbc0: 003704d4 0002e1e0 00000001 003704d0 0002e1a8 00000004 00000005 000281d4
voice-port
                     Show voice-port
fbe0: 4006d24d 4006d24c 4006d24c ffffffff 00000000 00rt
                                                               Show
fce0:0002432400469c08000000010002514400469c0800469c080009575c40050458ipaddress
Alarm LOS T1#2
fd00: 002c85a0 000001e3 40e88bc0 00000000 00000000 00000000 0009574c 0036c448
exit
fd60: 0036e270 00000000 00000000 00000004 00000094 bffffdbc 00000004 40033490
fd80: 00000000 00000000 00000000 00000094 0011121c 0000008c bffffdbc 00263674
fda0: 00000bfd 0000008c 0011138c ffffffff ffffffff 00000007 00111c44 feedbabe
fdc0: 00001063 00033bb6 0000004e 00000000 00000023 002c81e8 4006b010 400335dc
fde0: 00000000 00000000 00000000 002c8188 401a430c 002c8188 00000023 002c81e8
fe00: 001df753 00000000 401a4494 4003f960 001df753 001df730 002c8188 001df753
fe20: 001df730 4006b010 401a5ae4 00000023 001df730 00000000 00000000 00000000
fe40: 00000000 00000000 0000009c 00000000 065ca5ac 00000002 0000009c 00000000
fe60: 057aacc3 00000000 00000000 40047924 00000020 401bb254 40032cf0 4002ead4
fe80: 00000020 400054d0 0000009c 00000000 05a4faa0 00000002 400051a8 0000c222
fea0: 00000000 40000ca4 00000000 00000000 00000000 400051a8 0000938c 00000000
fec0: 00000039 00282fac 0000bc4c 4000c848 00000000 40000ca4 bfffff34 bfffff3c
fee0: 00000001 00000704 bfffff3c 00000001 bfffff30 00000000 00000000 4006b010
ff00: 00000000 40051048 bfffff34 401bb458 0001f828 401967e4 00000000 00000000
ff20: 0001145c 00000000 40196814 00000000 00011474 bfffffd2 00000000 bfffffde
ff40: bfffffe5 00000000 00000010 00000097 00000006 00001000 00000011 00000064
ff60: 00000003 00008034 00000004 00000020 00000005 00000006 00000007 40000000
ff80: 00000008 00000000 00000009 0001145c 0000000b 00000000 0000000c 00000000
ffa0: 0000000d 00000000 0000000e 00000000 0000000f bfffffce 00000000 00000000
ffc0: 00000000 00000000 00000000 00007635 62002f62 696e2f6f 70656e72 6700484f
ffe0: 4d453d2f 00544552 4d3d6c69 6e757800 2f62696e 2f6f7065 6e726700 00000000
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

----- End cacLKCD

show config access-control

Use the **show config access-control** command to display all access control filters.

Syntax: # show config access-control

Example: adit 3500# show config access-control

access-control id 1 apply-to lan time-range always service 1 enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show config access-list

Use the **show config access-list** command to display all access lists.

Syntax: # show config access-list

Example: adit 3500# show config access-list

access-list rule 0 apply eth-lan direction in operation accept time-range 0 src-host 0.0.0.0-255.255.255.255.255 dst-host 0.0.0-255.255.255.255.255 service 50331673 frag none log none (enable)

show config controller t1

Use the **show config controller t1** command to display the T1 information.

Syntax: # show config controller t1 port

Field	Definition
port	T1 port to display. Adit 3104: Value must be 1. Adit 3500: Range 1 - 4.

Example: adit 3500# show config controller t1 1

```
controller t1 1
     description T1 1
     lbo short 133
     fdl none
     framing esf
     linecode b8zs
     loopdetect none
     loopback none
     idle-pattern 0x7f
     no pri-group
    no tdm-group
     ds0-group timeslots 1-24
     threshold daily ses 0
     threshold daily sefs 0
     threshold daily was 0
     threshold daily css 0
     threshold daily les 0
     threshold daily bes 0
     threshold daily dm 0
     threshold daily lcv 0
     threshold daily pcv 0
     threshold daily es 0
     threshold min15 ses 0
     threshold min15 sefs 0
     threshold min15 uas 0
     threshold min15 css 0
     threshold min15 les 0
     threshold min15 bes 0
     threshold min15 dm 0
     threshold min15 lcv 0
     threshold min15 pcv 0
     threshold min15 es 0
     no shutdown
```

show config dmz-host

Use the **show config dmz-host** command to display the DMZ information.

Syntax: # show config dmz-host

Example: adit 3500# show config dmz-host

dmz-host 192.168.1.200 enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show config host-filter

Use the **show config host-filter** command to display the IP and host name filters.

Syntax: # show config host-filter

Example: adit 3500# show config host-filter

host-filter id test ip-address 192.168.1.110 apply-to lan time-range always

show config interface ethernet

Use the **show config interface ethernet** command to display the Ethernet port information.

Syntax: # show config interface ethernet port

Field	Definition
port	Ethernet port to display. Range 1 - 2

Example: adit 3500# show config interface ethernet 1

```
Interface Ethernet 1
     ip address 192.168.1.1 mask 255.255.255.0
     description Ethernet 1
    no tos ip
     tos ip value 0x0
     no ip dhcp auto-provision
    no ip primary-dns
    no ip secondary-dns
     ip route-mode route
    no ip default-route
    no ip proxy-arp
    no ip rip
     ip rip receive-version 1or2
     ip rip send-version 2-bcast
    no firewall
    metric 50
    no shutdown
     speed auto
     full-duplex
     remote-admin enable
     no schedule-availability
```

show config interface multilink

Use the **show config interface multilink** command to display the Multilink port information.

Syntax: # show config interface multilink port

Field	Definition
port	Multilink port to display. Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500: Value must be 1. MSR: Range = 1-8.

Example: adit 3500# show config interface multilink 1

```
Interface Multilink 1
     ip address unnumbered
     description Multilink 1
     ip mtu auto
     no ip primary-dns
     no ip secondary-dns
     ip route-mode napt
     ip default-route enable
     no ip rip
     ip rip receive-version none
     ip rip send-version none
     no sip-alg
     firewall enable
     metric 0
     no shutdown
     no ppp authentication
     no ppp encryption
     no ppp username
     ppp restart-timer 3
     ppp time-btwn-reconnect 30
     no ppp on-demand
     ppp link-fragmentation 1600
     no ppp qos-interleaving
     no schedule-availability
```

show config interface serial

Use the **show config interface serial** command to display serial interface information.

Syntax: # show config interface serial port

Field	Definition
port	Serial interface to display. Adit 3104: Value must be 1. Adit 3500: Range = 1-4. MSR: Range = 1-8.

Example: adit 3500# show config interface serial 1

```
interface serial 1
     encapsulation ppp
    no ppp authentication
    no ppp encryption
    no ppp username
     ppp restart-timer 3
    ppp time-btwn-reconnect 30
    no ppp on-demand
     ip address unnumbered
     description Serial 1
     ip mtu auto
    no ip primary-dns
    no ip secondary-dns
     ip route-mode napt
     ip default-route enable
    no ip rip
     ip rip receive-version none
     ip rip send-version none
    no sip-alg
     firewall enable
     metric 0
     no shutdown
     no schedule-availability
```

show config ip dhcp ethernet

Use the **show config ip dhcp ethernet** command to display the DHCP Pool.

Syntax: # show config ip dhcp ethernet port

Field	Definition
port	Ethernet port to display. Range 1 - 2

Example: adit 3500# show config ip dhcp ethernet 1

```
ip dhcp pool ethernet 1
    no relay
    start-address 192.168.1.1
    end-address 192.168.1.244
    subnet-mask 255.255.255.0
    lease 60
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show config local-server

Use the **show config local-server** command to display the local server configuration.

```
Syntax: # show config local-server
Example: adit 3500# show config local-server
```

local-server id 0 hostname LocalHost1 time-range 0 fwd-port 160 service 16777216 enable

Belvies 10,,,210 enable

show config nat-bypass

Use the **show config nat-bypass** command to display the NAT Bypass entries.

Syntax: # show config nat-bypass

Example: adit 3500# show config nat-bypass

nat-bypass ip-address 192.168.1.120 mask 255.255.255.0 nat-bypass ip-address 192.168.1.120 mask 255.255.255.0 enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show config network-object

Use the **show config network-object** command to display the network object configuration.

Syntax: # show config network-object

Example: adit 3500# show config network-object

network-object id 0 description NetworkObject1 ip-address
192.168.1.200

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show config port-trigger

Use the **show config port-trigger** command to display the port trigger information.

Syntax: # show config port-trigger

Example: adit 3500# show config port-trigger

port-trigger service 134217730 enable port-trigger service 16777223 enable

show config remote-admin

Syntax:

Use the **show config remote-admin** command to display the remote admin configuration.

show config remote-admin Example: adit 3500# show config remote-admin

> remote-admin telnet primary-port port 23 remote-admin telnet secondary-port port 8023 remote-admin telnet primary-secure-port port 992 remote-admin web primary-port port 80 remote-admin web secondary-port port 8080 remote-admin web primary-secure-port port 443 remote-admin web secondary-secure-port port 8443 no remote-admin snmp no remote-admin icmp no remote-admin udp

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show config security-default

Use the **show config security-default** command to display the security settings.

show config security-default Syntax:

Example: adit 3500# show config security-default

security-default typical

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show config security-log

Use the **show config security-log** command to display the security log.

Syntax: # show config security-log

Example: adit 3500# show config security-log

security-log accept-in-connects enable security-log rem-admin-attempts enable security-log prevent-log-overrun enable

show config service

Use the **show config service** command display the current defined services.

Syntax: # show config service

Example: adit 3500# show config service

service id 4 name service1 description test

protocol tcp server-src-port 1-1 server-dst-port 4-4

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show config static-dns

Use the **show config static-dns** command to display the static DNS entries.

Syntax: # show config static-dns

Example: adit 3500# show config static-dns

static-dns hostname test1 ip-address 10.10.2.2

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show config time-range

Use the **show config time-range** command to display the time range configuration.

Syntax: # show config time-range

Example: adit 3500# show config time-range

time-range id 0 name Schedule1 inactive time-segment 0 sun time-range 00:00-00:30

show config voice-port fxs

Use the **show config voice-port fxs** command to display the FXS port information.

Syntax: # show config voice-port fxs [port]

Field	Definition
port	FXS port to display. Adit 3104: Range = 1 - 24. Adit 3500: Range = 1 - 4.
	MSR: Range = 1 - 48.

Example: adit 3500# show config voice-port fxs 1

```
voice-port fxs
no digit-map
dial-timeout 5

voice-port fxs 1
description Line 1
no comfort-noise
echo-cancel enable
input-gain 0
output-gain 0
signal loop-start
no per-line-logging
no shutdown
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

show config voice-port trunk

Use the **show config voice-port trunk** command display the Trunk port information.

Syntax: # show config voice-port trunk port

Field	Definition
port	Trunk port to display. Value must be 1.

Example: adit 3500# show config voice-port trunk 1

```
Voice-port Trunk 1
description Trunk 1
trunk 00000005
no comfort-noise
connection t1 2
no echo-cancel
input-gain 0
output-gain 0
isdn switch-type pri-ni2
no digit-map
no registration enable
```

Example: adit MSR# show config voice-port trunk 1

```
Voice-port Trunk 1

description Trunk 1

trunk 00000005

no comfort-noise
echo-cancel enable
input-gain 0
output-gain 0
isdn switch-type pri-ni2
no digit-map
no registration enable
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

show controller lcc

Use the **show controller lcc** command to display the settings for a Link Cross Connect on the MSR card.

Syntax: # show controller lcc number

Field	Definition
number	Link Cross Connect number, 1-8.

Example: Adit MSR> show controller lcc 1

Settings for interface LCC 1 _____ : LinkCC 1 Device Name : LinkCC 1
Status : Operational
Network : WAN

Connection Type : Link Cross Connect

Connection : Data Alarm Reporting : Enabled

Supported Platforms: MSR

show controller t1

Use the **show controller t1** command displays the T1 configuration and performance information.

Syntax: # show controller t1 port

Field	Definition
port	DS1 (T1) interface. Adit 3104 Range = 1 Adit 3500 Range 1 - 4

0

0

Example: adit 3500# show controller t1 1

Settings for interface T1 1

```
-----
Interface name : T1 1
Transmit status : Up
Receive status : Up
Framing : ESF
Clock source : Clock Reference 1
Line Code : B8ZS
Loop Detection : OFF
FDL Type
         : NONE
Line Length : DSX-1 equalization for 0-133ft
Status
             : Connected
                                 15 min
Performance Threshold Settings
                                               1 day
                                  -----
                                                ----
unavailable seconds (uas):
                                               Ω
severely errored seconds (ses):
                               0
errored seconds (es):
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500

severely errored frame seconds (sefs): 0

line errored seconds (les):
controlled slip seconds (css):
bursty errored seconds (bes):

line code violations (lcv):

path code violations (pcv):

degraded minutes (dm):

0

0

show dhcp-leases

Use the **show dhcp-leases** command to display the DHCP lease table.

```
Syntax: # show dhcp-leases

Example: Adit 3500# show dhcp-leases

Ethernet 1

Hostname : new-host IP:192.168.1.10 MAC:00:00:ff:ff:00:00
Type:static Expires-In:0
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show digit-map

Use the **show digit-map** command to display the Digit Map patterns.

Syntax: # show digit-map

Example: adit 3500# show digit-map

Index	Pattern
1	[2-9]11
2	[0-1][2-9]11
3	O[#T]
4	00
5	*xx
6	011x.[#T]
7	[0-1]xxxxxxx[#T]
8	[0-1] [2-9] xxxxxxxxx
9	[2-9]xxxxxxxxx
10	[2-9]xxxxxx[#T]

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

show interface description

Use the **show interface description** command to display the interface information.

Syntax: # show interface description

Example: adit 3500# show interface description

Device	State	IP/Mask	Dependencies
T1 1	running		None
T1 2	running		None
T1 3	up		None
T1 4	up		None
Serial 1	up	0.0.0.0/255.255.255	T1 1
Ethernet 2	disabled	0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0	None
Ethernet 1	running	192.168.1.1/255.255.255.0	None
IPsec 0	disabled	0.0.0.0/0.0.0	Serial 1
IPsec 1	running	192.168.1.1/255.255.255.0	Ethernet 1

Example: Adit MSR# show interface description

Device	State	IP/Mask	Dependencies
LinkCC 1	running		None
LinkCC 2	down		None
LinkCC 3	down		None
LinkCC 4	down		None
LinkCC 5	down		None
LinkCC 6	down		None
LinkCC 7	down		None
LinkCC 8	down		None
Serial 1	up	0.0.0.0/255.255.255.255	LinkCC 1
Ethernet 2	up	194.168.1.1/255.255.0.0	None
Ethernet 1	running	192.168.1.1/255.255.255.0	None
IPsec 0	disabled	0.0.0.0/0.0.0.0	Serial 1
IPsec 1	running	192.168.1.1/255.255.255.0	Ethernet 1

show interface ethernet

Use the **show interface ethernet** command to display the Ethernet interface information.

Syntax: # show interface ethernet port

Field	Definition
port	Port number range 1-2.

Example: adit 3500# show interface ethernet 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show interface multilink

Use the **show interface multilink** command to display the configuration of the Multilink.

Syntax: # show interface multilink port

Field	Definition
port	Multilink port number. Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500: Value must be 1. MSR: Range is 1-8.

Example: adit 3500# show interface multilink 1

Device=mlink-1 State=down IP/Mask=Unnumbered Dependency=t1-1,t1-4

Status: Disconnected

Example: adit MSR# show interface multilink 1

Device=mlink-1 State=down IP/Mask=Unnumbered

Dependency=LCC1, LCC3 Status: Disconnected

show interface serial

Use the **show interface serial** command to display the configuration of the serial interface.

Syntax: # show interface serial port

Field	Definition
port	Serial interface. Adit 3104: Value must be 1. Adit 3500: Range = 1-4. MSR: Range = 1-8.

Example: adit 3500# show interface serial 1

Example: adit MSR# show interface serial 3

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

show ip ospf

Syntax:

show ip ospf

Use the **show ip ospf** command to display the general OSPF routing process information.

```
Example: adit 3500# show ip ospf
Routing Process "ospf 0" with ID 192.168.1.1
Process uptime is 28 minutes
Process bound to VRF default
Conforms to RFC2328, and RFC1583Compatibility flag is disabled
Supports only single TOS(TOS0) routes
Supports opaque LSA
Supports Graceful Restart
SPF schedule delay 5 secs, Hold time between two SPFs 10 secs
Refreshtimer 10 secs
Number of incomming current DD exchange neighbors 0/5
Number of outgoing current DD exchange neighbors 0/5
Number of external LSA 0. Checksum 0x000000
Number of opaque AS LSA 0. Checksum 0x000000
Number of router LSA 0
Router LSA database is unlimited.
Number of network LSA 0
Network LSA database is unlimited.
Number of non-default summary LSA 0
Summary LSA database is unlimited.
Number of asbr summary LSA 0
ASBR Summary LSA database is unlimited.
Number of non-default external LSA 0
External LSA database is unlimited.
Number of LSA originated 0
Number of LSA received 0
Number of areas attached to this router: 0
```

show ip ospf database

Use the **show ip ospf database** command to display information related to the OSPF database for a specific router. The various forms of this command deliver information on defined OSPF link state advertisements.

```
Syntax: # show ip ospf database {setting}
Syntax: # show ip ospf database {adv-router address|self-originate}
Syntax: # show ip ospf database network link-state-id
Syntax: # show ip ospf database router {link-state-id|adv-router address|self-originate}
Syntax: # show ip ospf database summary [link-state-id] [adv-router address|self-originate]
```

Field	Definition
adv-router address	Displays all the LSAs of the specified router. If no IP address is entered, the local router information will be displayed (same as self-originate).
link-state-id	Portion of the Internet environment that is being described by the advertisement. The value entered depends on the advertisement's LS type. It must be entered in the form of an IP address. When the link state advertisement is describing a network, the link-state-id can take one of two forms: 1. The network's IP address (as in type 3 summary link advertisements and in autonomous system external link advertisements). 2. A derived address obtained from the link state ID. (Note that masking a network links advertisement's link state ID with the network's subnet mask yields the network's IP address.) When the link state advertisement is describing a router, the link state ID is always the described router's OSPF router ID. When an autonomous system external advertisement (LS Type = 5) is describing a default route, its link state ID is set to Default Destination (0.0.0.0).
network	Displays information only about the network LSAs.
router	Displays information only about the Router LSAs.
self-originate	Displays only self-originated LSAs (from the local router).
summary	Displays information on.ly about the summary LSAs.

Example: adit 3500# show ip ospf database

Router Link States (Area 0.0.0.1)

Link ID ADV Router Age Seq# CkSum Link count
192.168.3.1 192.168.3.1 313 0x800000c1 0x4978 1
192.168.3.255 192.168.3.255 568 0x8000003a 0xa6c0 1

Net Link States (Area 0.0.0.1)

Link ID ADV Router Age Seq# CkSum
192.168.3.251 192.168.3.255 388 0x80000003 0xbcec

Example: adit 3500# show ip ospf database self-originate

Router Link States (Area 0.0.0.1)
Link ID ADV Router Age Seq# CkSum Link count
192.168.3.255 192.168.3.255 420 0x8000003a 0xa6c0 1
Net Link States (Area 0.0.0.1)
Link ID ADV Router Age Seq# CkSum
192.168.3.251 192.168.3.255 240 0x80000003 0xbcec

show ip ospf interface

Use the **show ip ospf interface** command to display OSPF related interface information.

Field	Definition
ethernet port	Display information on the Ethernet interface. port = 1 or 2
serial port	Display information on the serial interface. Adit 3104: Value must be 1. Adit 3500: Range = 1-4. MSR: Range = 1-8.
multilink port	Display information on the Multilink interface. Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR: Value must be 1

Example: adit 3500# show ip ospf interface ethernet 1

```
Ethernet 1 is up, line protocol is up
Internet Address 192.168.254.202, Mask 255.255.255.0, Area 0.0.0.0
AS 201, Router ID 192.168.99.1, Network Type BROADCAST, Cost: 10
Transmit Delay is 1 sec, State OTHER, Priority 1
Designated Router id 192.168.254.10, Interface address 192.168.254.10
Backup Designated router id 192.168.254.28, Interface addr 192.168.254.28
Timer intervals configured, Hello 10, Dead 60, Wait 40, Retransmit 5
Hello due in 0:00:05
Neighbor Count is 8, Adjacent neighbor count is 2
Adjacent with neighbor 192.168.254.28 (Backup Designated Router)
Adjacent with neighbor 192.168.254.10 (Designated Router)
```

show ip ospf neighbor

Use the **show ip ospf neighbor** command to display OSPF neighbor information.

Syntax: # show ip ospf neighbor [interface address | neighbor-id | detail]

Field	Definition	
interface address	Optional parameter. Enter interface IP address to define display.	
neighbor-id	Optional parameter. Enter neighbor IP address to define display.	
detail	Optional parameter. Enable display of detailed information.	

Example: adit 3500# show ip ospf neighbor

ID	Pri	State	Dead Time	Address	Interface
10.199.199.137	1	FULL/DR	0:00:31	192.168.80.37	Ethernet1
172.16.48.1	1	FULL/DROTHER	0:00:33	172.16.48.1	Fddi0
172.16.48.200	1	FULL/DROTHER	0:00:33	172.16.48.200	Fddi0
10.199.199.137	5	FULL/DR	0:00:33	172.16.48.189	Fddi0

Example: adit 3500# show ip ospf neighbor 10.199.199.137

```
Neighbor 10.199.199.137, interface address 192.168.80.37
In the area 0.0.0.0 via interface Ethernet0
Neighbor priority is 1, State is FULL
Options 2
Dead timer due in 0:00:32
Link State retransmission due in 0:00:04
Neighbor 10.199.199.137, interface address 172.16.48.189
In the area 0.0.0.0 via interface Fddi0
Neighbor priority is 5, State is FULL
Options 2
Dead timer due in 0:00:32
Link State retransmission due in 0:00:03
```

Example: adit 3500# show ip ospf neighbor detail

```
Neighbor 192.168.5.2, interface address 10.225.200.28

In the area 0 via interface GigabitEthernet1/0/0

Neighbor priority is 1, State is FULL, 6 state changes

DR is 10.225.200.28 BDR is 10.225.200.30

Options is 0x42

LLS Options is 0x1 (LR), last OOB-Resync 00:03:08 ago

Dead timer due in 00:00:36

Neighbor is up for 00:09:46

Index 1/1, retransmission queue length 0, number of retransmission 1

First 0x0(0)/0x0(0) Next 0x0(0)/0x0(0)

Last retransmission scan length is 1, maximum is 1

Last retransmission scan time is 0 msec, maximum is 0 msec
```

show ipsec

Use the **show ipsec** command to display the IPSec Connections or the connection configuration information.

Syntax: # show ipsec [vpn ipsecconnection-id]

Field	Definition	
connection-id	Enter the name of a connection.	

```
Example: adit 3500# show ipsec
         vpn ipsec 0
         vpn ipsec 1
          vpn ipsec 2
         vpn_ipsec 3
Example: adit 3500# show ipsec vpn ipsec2
        Device = test State = Enabled tatus = No VPN software license
        Schedule Availability = Always
        Remote Tunnel Endpoint Address = 192.168.1.200
        Security Association Mode = Tunnel
        Remote Subnet = None
        Route NetBOIS Broadcasts = Enabled
        Dead Period Detection = Disable
              Remote Broadcast Address = 192.168.1.200
        Key Exchange Method = Automatic
        Auto Reconnect = Enabled
        Mode = Main Mode
        Negotiation Attempts = 3
        Rekey Life Time = 3600 sec
        Rekey Margin = 540
        Rekey Fuzz Percent = 100
        Peer Authentication = Shared Secret
              Shared Secret = mysecret
        Encryption = 3 des,
        Hash = md5, sha1,
        Group = qrp2, qrp5,
        Lifetime = 28000 sec
        Use PFS = Enabled
              Group = Same group as phase 1
        AH Transform = md5, sha1,
        ESP Encryption Transform = esp-3des,
        ESP Authentication Transform = esp-md5, esp-sha1,
        IP Compression = Disabled
        Default Route = Disabled
        RIP = Enabled
        RIP Listen Msg. = RIPv1/2
        RIP Send Msq. = None
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

OSPF = Disabled

show I2tpc

Use the **show l2tpc** command to display the Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol Connections or the connection configuration information.

Syntax: # show 12tpc [12tpc connection-id]

Field	Definition
connection-id	Enter the name of a connection.

Example: adit 3500# show 12tpc

12tp#0 12tp#1 12tp#2

Example: adit 3500# show 12tpc 12tpc 1

Device = L2TPC#1 State = Disable Status = Disabled Schedule Availability = Always MTU = 1456Time Between Reconnect Attempts = 0Restart Timer = 0PPP On Demand = Disable User Name = Authentication = Encryption = MPPE-40 MPPE-128 (Stateless) IP Address = Mask = 0.0.0.0DNS Primary = 192.168.2.10 Secondary = Routing Mode = NAPT SIP Alg = Enabled Default Route = Enabled Rip = EnabledRIP Listen Msg = none RIP Send Msg = none Firewall = Enabled Additional IP Address IP Address Mask

show licenses

Use the **show licenses** command to display all enabled feature keys.

Syntax: # show licenses

Example: adit 3500# show licenses

VPN license = No
SIP license = Yes
MGCP license = No
G729A license = Yes

show log

Use the **show log** command to display the current events on the system.

Field	Definition		
firewall	Filter firewall alarms		
pri	Display PRI logs. Note: This is not supported on the Adit 3104.		
sip	Display SIP logs.		
system	Filter general system alarms		
t1 port	Display event log for a specific T1 port. Adit 3104: Value must be 1. Adit 3500: Range = 1-4.		
lcc number	Display event log for a specific Link Cross-Connect (LCC). MSR: Range = 1-8.		
severity	alert - Filter alert alarms (threshold crossing) all - Display all alarms. critical - Filter critical alarms (service affecting) info - Filter informational alarms major - Filter major alarms (service affecting) minor - Filter minor alarms (non-service affecting)		

Example: adit 3500# show log t1 1 minor

```
System Log
               Message Jan 1 00:00:08 2003 kern.err T1 ALARM: Alarm LOS T1#1 Major received
System Log
               Message Jan 1 00:00:04 2003 kern.err T1 ALARM: Alarm LOS T1#1 Major received
System Log
               Message Jan 1 01:19:13 2003 kern.err T1 ALARM: Alarm LOS T1#1 Major received
               Message Jan 1 00:57:12 2003 kern.err T1 ALARM: Alarm LOS T1#1 Major received
System Log
               Message Jan 1 00:56:52 2003 kern.err T1 ALARM: Alarm LOS T1#1 Major received
System Log
               Message Jan 1 00:56:34 2003 kern.err T1 ALARM: Alarm LOS T1#1 Major received
System Log
System Log
               Message Jan 1 00:56:09 2003 kern.err T1 ALARM: Alarm LOS T1#1 Major received
System Log
               Message Jan 1 00:00:04 2003 kern.err T1 ALARM: Alarm LOS T1#1 Major received
```

show mac-address-table

Use the **show mac-address-table** command to display the current MAC addresses (LAN\WAN).

Syntax: # show mac-address-table

Example: adit 3500# show mac-address-table

Ethernet 1 mac= 00:00:00:ff:ff:ff
Ethernet 2 mac= 00:00:00:ff:ff:fd

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show nat-fw

Use the **show nat-fw** command to display the current NAT and firewall connection table.

Syntax: # show nat-fw

Example: adit 3500# show nat-fw

```
Number Content
1
        TCP 11.0.0.4
                          36104<--> 172.15.16.1
                                                  36104[31.0.0.6 5516]
TIME WAIT/TIME WAIT ttl 0 sec bytes 1320 pkts 7 ppp100 Outgoing BY FTP
        TCP 11.0.0.4
                         36103<--> 172.15.16.1
                                                  36103[31.0.0.6 21
TIME WAIT/TIME WAIT ttl 0 sec bytes 1182 pkts 20 FTP child: Yes ppp100 Outgoing
                          36102<--> 172.15.16.1
                                                  36102[31.0.0.6 5515]
        TCP 11.0.0.4
TIME WAIT/TIME WAIT ttl 0 sec bytes 1320 pkts 7 ppp100 Outgoing BY FTP
        TCP 11.0.0.4 36101<--> 172.15.16.1
                                                  36101[31.0.0.6 21
TIME WAIT/TIME WAIT ttl 0 sec bytes 1182 pkts 20 FTP child: Yes ppp100 Outgoing
        UDP 172.15.16.2
                          28015<--> 172.15.16.2
                                                  28015[*.*.*.* *] ttl
79 sec bytes 0 pkts 0 ppp100 Outgoing CLONABLE UNINIT BY SIP
                          28014<--> 172.15.16.2
       UDP 172.15.16.2
                                                 28014[*.*.*.*
                                                                  *] ttl
79 sec bytes 0 pkts 0 ppp100 Outgoing CLONABLE UNINIT BY SIP
7
       UDP 172.15.16.2
                          28013<--> 172.15.16.2
                                                 28013[*.*.*.*
                                                                   *] ttl
77 sec bytes 0 pkts 0 ppp100 Outgoing CLONABLE UNINIT BY SIP
        UDP 172.15.16.2
                          28012<--> 172.15.16.2
                                                  28012[*.*.*.*
                                                                   *] ttl
77 sec bytes 0 pkts 0 ppp100 Outgoing CLONABLE UNINIT BY SIP
       UDP 172.15.16.2
                          *] ttl
75 sec bytes 0 pkts 0 ppp100 Outgoing CLONABLE UNINIT BY SIP
                          28010<--> 172.15.16.2
        UDP 172.15.16.2
                                                  28010[*.*.*.*
                                                                   *] ttl
75 sec bytes 0 pkts 0 ppp100 Outgoing CLONABLE UNINIT BY SIP
```

show port-trigger

Use the **show port-trigger** command to display the port trigger information.

Syntax: # show port-trigger

Example: adit 3500# show port-trigger

Service ID:134217730 Enable Service Name:L2TP

Trigger protocol: UDP port: src_start=0 src_end=0 dst_start=1701
dst_end=1701

Service ID:16777223 Enable Service Name:TFTP

Trigger protocol: UDP port: src_start=1024 src_end=65535 dst_start=69
dst_end=69

show pptpc

Use the **show pptps** command to display the PPTP connections or the PPTP connection details.

Syntax: # show pptpc [pptpc connection-id]

Field	Definition
connection-id	Enter the name of a connection.

Example: adit 3500# show pptpc

PPTP#0 PPTP#1

Example: adit 3500# show pptpc pptpc 1

Device = PPTPC-1 State = Disable Status = Disabled Schedule Availability = Always MTU = 1460Time Between Reconnect Attempts = 0 Restart Timer = 600 PPP On Demand = Disable User Name = Authentication = CHAPEncryption = MPPE-40 MPPE-128 (Stateless) IP Address = Mask = 0.0.0.0DNS Primary = Secondary = Routing Mode = Route SIP Alg = Enabled Default Route = Disabled Firewall = Disabled Additional IP Address IP Address Mask

show pptps

Use the **show pptps** command to display the PPTP Server settings.

Syntax: # show pptps

Example: adit 3500# show pptps

state = Enable

status = Invalid vpn license

Idle Time = 1200

Authentication = MS-CHAP MS-CHAPv2 PAP Encryption = MPPE-40 MPPE-128 (Stateless)

Remote IP Address Range = 192.168.1.245 - 192.168.1.254

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show route

Use the **show route** command to display the routing table.

Syntax: # show route

Example: adit 3500# show route

Destination Gateway Flags Metric Interface
192.168.1.0/24 * U 50 Ethernet 1
192.168.1.0/24 * U 51 IPsec 1

show running-config

Use the **show running-config** command to display the current configuration of the system.

Syntax: # show running-config

Example: adit 3500# show running-config

```
ip host adit3500
log system notify none
log security notify none
log t1 notify none
clock source 1 t1 1
clock source 2 none
controller t1 1
    description T1 #1
    lbo short 133
    fdl none
    framing esf
    linecode b8zs
     loopdetect none
    loopback none
    idle-pattern 0x7f
    no pri-group
    no tdm-group
    no ds0-group
interface ethernet 1
    ip address 192.168.1.150 mask 255.255.255.0
    description LAN Hardware Ethernet Switch
    ip mtu auto
    no tos ip
    tos ip 0x0
    no ip primary-dns
    no ip secondary-dns
    no ip default-route
    no ip proxy-arp
    no ip rip
    ip rip receive-version 1or2
    ip rip send-version 2-bcast
    no sip-alq
    no firewall
    metric 50
    no shutdown
    speed auto
    full-duplex
    remote-admin enable
    no schedule-availability
ip dhcp pool ethernet 1
    start 192.168.1.1
    end 192.168.1.244
     subnet-mask 255.255.255.0
    lease 60
ip dhcp pool ethernet 2
    no dhcp pool
```

```
no radius-server
voice-port trunk 1
     description Trunk 1
     no comfort-noise
     connection t1 2
     no echo-cancel
     input-gain 0
     output-gain 0
     isdn switch-type primary-ni2
voice-port fxs 1
     description Line 1
     no comfort-noise
     echo-cancel enable
     input-gain 0
     output-gain 0
     dial-timeout 5
     signal loop-start
voice-codec g711ulaw ptime 20
voice-codec g711alaw ptime 20
voice-codec g729 ptime 20
dial-peer voice pots trunk 1
     fax protocol none
     modem protocol none
     codec preference 1 g711ulaw
     codec preference 2 g711alaw
     codec preference 3 g729
     no sip-authentication
dial-peer voice pots fxs 1
     fax protocol none
     modem protocol none
     codec preference 1 g711ulaw
     codec preference 2 g711alaw
     codec preference 3 g729
     no calling-party-disconnect
     call-waiting enable
     no caller-id
     no sip-authentication
voice-service sip
    transport udp
     sip-port 5060
     rtp-base-port 28000
     dtmf rfc2833
     no proxy-server
     no outbound-proxy
     privacy-mode none
     no prack
     early-media auto
     proxy-type generic
     calling-party-disconnect 900
     feature-mode local
     no conference
     no call-fwd-indication
     phone-number 10
     session-timer 1800
```

```
session-timer refresher uac
no session-timer mode
redundancy type none
redundancy ttl 3600
redundancy rollback-timer 300
redundancy advanced-timeout 2
redundancy advanced-retries 3
no filter-incoming
```

Example: adit MSR# show running-config

```
! \ \mbox{Start} of commands to eliminate default configuration
no voice-port trunk 1
interface serial 1
     shutdown
     exit
no interface serial 1
! End of commands to eliminate default configuration
ip host adit MSR
ip domain-name home
log system notify none
log security notify none
log t1 notify none
no log pri
log pri buffer-size 50
log pri buffer-fill 0
log pri display 1
no log sip
log sip buffer-size 250
log sip buffer-fill 0
log sip level detailed
log sip display 1
clock source 1 none
clock source 2 none
interface ethernet 1
     ip address 10.0.0.3 mask 255.255.255.0
     description Ethernet 1
     no tos ip
     tos ip value 0x0
     no ip dhcp auto-provision
     no ip primary-dns
     no ip secondary-dns
     ip route-mode route
     no ip default-route
     no ip proxy-arp
     no ip rip
     ip rip receive-version 1or2
     ip rip send-version 2-bcast
     no firewall
     metric 50
     no shutdown
     speed auto
     full-duplex
     remote-admin enable
```

```
no schedule-availability
     ip ospf authentication null
     exit
interface ethernet 2
     ip address auto
     description Ethernet 2
     ip mtu auto
     ip dhcp auto-provision
     no ip primary-dns
     no ip secondary-dns
     ip route-mode napt
     ip default-route enable
     no ip proxy-arp
     no ip rip
     ip rip receive-version 1or2
     ip rip send-version 2-bcast
     sip-alg enable
     firewall enable
     metric 40
     no shutdown
     speed auto
     full-duplex
     no schedule-availability
     ip ospf authentication null
     exit
no ip dhcp pool ethernet 1
no ip dhcp pool ethernet 2
no radius-client
voice-port
     tos sip value 0xdc
     tos rtp value 0xb8
     digit-map short-timeout 4
     digit-map long-timeout 16
     digit-map pattern 1 [2-9]11
     digit-map pattern 2 [0-1][2-9]11
     digit-map pattern 3 0[#T]
     digit-map pattern 4 00
     digit-map pattern 5 *xx
     digit-map pattern 6 011x.[#T]
     digit-map pattern 7 [0-1]xxxxxxx[#T]
     digit-map pattern 8 [0-1][2-9]xxxxxxxxx
     digit-map pattern 9 [2-9]xxxxxxxxx
     digit-map pattern 10 [2-9]xxxxxx[#T]
     digit-map pattern 11 101xxxx.[#T]
     exit
voice-port trunk 1
     description Trunk 1
     trunk 000000005
     no comfort-noise
     echo-cancel enable
     input-gain 0
     output-gain 0
     isdn switch-type pri-ni2
     no digit-map
     no registration enable
     exit
```

```
voice-port fxs
     no digit-map
     dial-timeout 5
     exit
voice-port fxs 1
     description Line 1
     no comfort-noise
     echo-cancel enable
     input-gain 0
     output-gain 0
     signal loop-start
     no per-line-logging
     no shutdown
     exit
voice-port fxs 48
     description Line 48
     no comfort-noise
     echo-cancel enable
     input-gain 0
     output-gain 0
     signal loop-start
     no per-line-logging
     no shutdown
     exit
voice-codec g711ulaw ptime 20
voice-codec g711alaw ptime 20
dial-peer voice pots trunk 1 1
     fax-protocol none
     modem-protocol none
     codec preference 1 g711ulaw
     codec preference 2 g711alaw
     no block-out-caller-id
     no sip-authentication
     exit
voice-service sip
     gateway-ip 0.0.0.0
     transport udp
     sip-port 5060
     rtp-base-port 28000
     dtmf rfc2833
     no proxy-server
     no outbound-proxy
     privacy-mode none
     no prack
     early-media auto
     proxy-type generic
     calling-party-disc 900
     feature-mode local
     no conference
     phone-number max-size 10
     session-timer timeout 1800
     session-timer refresher uac
     no session-timer mode
     registration rate 60
     registration expire 3600
```

```
registration retry-timeout 500
     registration tries 2
     registration failed-time 60
     registration window-size 10
     no registration ignore-negotiated enable
     redundancy type none
     fax-protocol-t38 signaling sdp-preferred
     fax-protocol-t38 ecs redundant
     fax-protocol-t38 ls-redundancy 3
     fax-protocol-t38 hs-redundancy 0
     exit
port-trigger service 134217730 enable
port-trigger service 16777223 enable
remote-admin telnet primary-port port 23
remote-admin telnet secondary-port port 8023
remote-admin telnet primary-secure-port port 992
remote-admin web primary-port port 80
remote-admin web secondary-port port 8080
remote-admin web primary-secure-port port 443
remote-admin web secondary-secure-port port 8443
no remote-admin snmp
no remote-admin icmp
no remote-admin udp
security-default typical
no date summer-time
snmp-server community public ro
snmp-server community private rw
snmp-server enable
no dynamic-dns interface
no dynamic-dns mail-exchanger
no mail-server authentication
mail-server port 25
no vlan
vlan
     taq-all disable
     port-priority Ethernet 1.1 0
     pvid Ethernet 1.1 1
     no port-dot1q Ethernet 1.1
     port-protocol-filter disable Ethernet 1.1
     port-priority Ethernet 2.1 0
     pvid Ethernet 2.1 1
     no port-dot1q Ethernet 2.1
     port-protocol-filter disable Ethernet 2.1
! IPSec General Config
     ipsec replay
     ipsec authentication-retries 5 delay 60
     no ipsec log ike auto-key
     no ipsec log ike ike-int
     no ipsec log ike ike-msg
     no ipsec log ike msg-byte
```

```
no ipsec log ike msg-enc-dec
    no ipsec log ike msg-inp
    no ipsec log ike msg-outp
    no ipsec log ike pri-key
    no ipsec log ike rej-packet
    no ipsec log ipsec atc
    no ipsec log ipsec emvc
    no ipsec log ipsec etc
    no ipsec log ipsec ip-ctc
    no ipsec log ipsec irtmc
    no ipsec log ipsec mirl
    no ipsec log ipsec rc
    no ipsec log ipsec rtmc
    no ipsec log ipsec satmc
    no ipsec log ipsec to
    no ipsec log ipsec tsmc
    no ipsec log ipsec ttc
    no ipsec log ipsec usc
    no ipsec log ipsec vrp
pptps
    ppp authentication
    ppp encryption
     start-address 250.250.5.245
     end-address 250.250.5.254
     exit
```

show service

Use the **show service** command to display all service information. **Note:** The following example, is only a portion of the list.

Syntax: # show service

Example: adit 3500# show service

```
Group: Basic Web Utilities
Service ID:16777216
                        Service Name: All Traffic
Trigger protocol: NO PROTOCOL port: src start=0
                                                    src end=0
                                                                   dst start=0
                                                                                  dst end=0
Service ID:16777217
                        Service Name:DNS
Trigger protocol: TCP
                        port: src start=53
                                                 src end=53
                                                                  dst start=53
                                                                                  dst end=53
Service ID:16777217
                        Service Name:DNS
Trigger protocol: TCP
                        port: src_start=1024
                                                 src_end=65535
                                                                  dst_start=53
                                                                                  dst_end=53
Service ID:16777217
                        Service Name:DNS
Trigger protocol: UDP
                        port: src start=53
                                                                  dst start=53
                                                 src end=53
                                                                                  dst end=53
Service ID:16777217
                        Service Name:DNS
                        port: src start=1024
Trigger protocol: UDP
                                                 src end=65535
                                                                  dst start=53
                                                                                  dst end=53
Service ID:16777218
                        Service Name:FTP
                        port: src_start=0
Trigger protocol: TCP
                                                 src_end=0
                                                                  dst_start=21
                                                                                  dst_end=21
Service ID:16777219
                        Service Name:HTTP
Trigger protocol: TCP
                        port: src_start=0
                                                 src_end=0
                                                                  dst start=80
                                                                                  dst end=80
Service ID:16777220
                        Service Name: HTTP Secondary
Trigger protocol: TCP
                       port: src start=0
                                               src end=0
                                                               dst start=8080
                                                                                dst end=8080
Service ID:16777221
                        Service Name: HTTPS
                                                src end=0
Trigger protocol: TCP
                        port: src start=0
                                                                 dst start=443
                                                                                 dst end=443
Service ID:16777222
                        Service Name: HTTPS Secondary
Trigger protocol: TCP
                       port: src_start=0
                                               src_end=0
                                                               dst_start=8443
                                                                                dst_end=8443
Service ID:16777223
                        Service Name: TFTP
Trigger protocol: UDP
                        port: src start=1024
                                                src end=65535
                                                                  dst start=69
                                                                                  dst end=69
Service ID:16777224
                        Service Name: IMAP
Trigger protocol: TCP
                        port: src start=0
                                                src_end=0
                                                                 dst_start=143
                                                                                 dst end=143
Service ID:16777225
                        Service Name:NNTP
Trigger protocol: TCP
                        port: src_start=0
                                                src_end=0
                                                                 dst_start=119
                                                                                 dst_end=119
Service ID:16777226
                        Service Name: Ping
Trigger protocol: ICMP
                        port: src_start=0
                                                 src_end=0
                                                                  dst_start=0
                                                                                   dst_end=0
Service ID:16777227
                        Service Name: POP3
Trigger protocol: TCP
                        port: src_start=0
                                                src_end=0
                                                                 dst_start=110
                                                                                 dst end=110
Service ID:16777228
                        Service Name:SNMP
Trigger protocol: UDP
                        port: src start=0
                                                src end=0
                                                                 dst_start=161
                                                                                 dst end=161
Service ID:16777229
                        Service Name:SMTP
Trigger protocol: TCP
                        port: src start=0
                                                 src end=0
                                                                  dst start=25
                                                                                  dst end=25
```

show users

Use the **show users** command to display all users on this system.

Syntax: # show users

Example: adit 3500# show users

```
Provisioned User List
User-1 : admin Access: ADMIN <-
User-2 : pauljones Access: ADMIN
Active CLI Users
User-1 : admin Access: ADMIN Authen: Config from IP:192.168.1.1
User-2 : admin Access: ADMIN Authen: Config from Console
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

show version

Use the **show version** command to display the version for the hardware, software and firmware. The Admin level user will be provided with more information than Manager and Monitor levels. Software features are listed along with enabled status.

Syntax: # show version

Example: adit 3500# show version

```
Application Version: 1.4.0

Compilation Time: Mon Jan 5 2007 16:12:48

FPGA Version: 1.00

Board Version: 1 003-1215-0100

IXP400 Software Release: 1_4 SQA4_1

MSP:

82530 - 60 channels

Image File Name: TGW_v5_03_cdma.axf

API Version : 2.1.0

Source IP Addr : 192.168.1.150

Voice Slot 1 : FXS Card Present: Rev 5.00 VIP

Vendor: Turin Networks

Product Features:

SIP enabled.

G729A enabled.
```

Example: Adit MSR# show version

```
Application Version: 2.0.0.5
Compilation Time: Thu Jan 31 2008 13:48:42
FPGA Version: 0.04
Boot Version: 1.14
Board Version: 0 003-1756-0001
Flash Size: 32M bytes
Memory Size: 64M bytes
IXP400 Software Release: 1_4 SQA4_1
MSP:
    82610 - 100 channels
    Image File Name: TGW_v5_05.axf
   API Version : 2.1.0
   Source IP Addr : 10.10.4.202
MSR Card Slot: 5
CLEI Code: SITRAANBAA
Product Features:
VPN enabled.
 SIP enabled.
```

show voice-port fxs

Use the **show voice-port fxs** command to display the FXS voice port information.

Syntax: # show voice-port fxs

Example: adit 3500# show voice-port fxs

Registration Address: 172.32.1.15

SIP Proxy: Yes

Proxy Address: 172.32.1.18

*	Line	UID	PhoneStatus	RegisStatus	RX/TX/Lost(Pkts)	Jitter	Overflow
-							
Y	1	3035550001	Idle	Registered			
Y	2	3035550002	Idle	Registered			
Y	3	3035550003	Idle	Registered			
Υ	4	3035550004	Idle	Registered			

Example: adit MSR# show voice-port fxs

Registration Address: 172.32.1.15

SIP Proxy: Yes

Proxy Address: 172.32.1.18

,	* Line	UID	PhoneStatus	RegisStatus	RX/TX/Lost(Pkts)	Jitter	Overflow	CrossConnect
7	 Y 1	3035550001	Idle	Registered				Connected
7	Y 2	3035550002	Idle	Registered				Connected
7	Y 3	3035550003	Idle	Registered				Connected
7	Y 4	3035550004	Idle	Registered				Connected
7	Y 5	3035550005	Idle	Registered				Connected
7	Y 6	3035550006	Idle	Registered				Connected
7	Y 7	3035550007	Idle	Registered				Connected
7	Y 8	3035550008	Idle	Registered				Connected

.

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

show voice-port trunk

Use the **show voice-port trunk** command to display the trunk voice port information.

Syntax: # show voice-port trunk port

Field	Definition
port	Adit 3500: DS1 (T1) interface. Value must be 1.
	MSR: Link Cross Connect (LCC). Range = 1-8.

Example: adit 3500# show voice-port trunk 1

trunk-1 t1-1 does not exist

********		PRI 2 *******	******	*****
	Internal Call Id			
1	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
2	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
3	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
4	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
5	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
6	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
7	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
8	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
9	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
10	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
11	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
12	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
13	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
14	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
15	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
16	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
17	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
18	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
19	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
20	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
21	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
22	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
23	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE

trunk-1 t1-3 does not exist
trunk-1 t1-4 does not exist

Example: adit MSR# show voice-port trunk 1 ***********************************				
Channel no	Internal Call Id	Q931 Connection Id	Tdm TimeSlot	Call State
1	-1	 -1	-1	
2	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
3	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
4	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
5	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
6	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
7	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
8	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
9	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
10	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
11	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
12	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
13	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
14	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
15	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
16	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
17	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
18	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
19	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
20	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
21	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
22	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
23	-1	-1	-1	INACTIVE
trunk 1 LCC	C#2 does not exist			
trunk 1 LCC	C#3 does not exist			
trunk 1 LC	C#4 does not exist			
trunk 1 LCC	C#5 does not exist			
trunk 1 LCC	C#6 does not exist			
trunk 1 LCC	C#7 does not exist			
trunk 1 LCC	C#8 does not exist			

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

traceroute

Use the **traceroute** command to trace a route to a remote host.

Syntax: # traceroute

Syntax: # traceroute {address|hostname|stop}

Field	Definition	
address IP address of the remote host.		
hostname Host name of the remote host.		
stop Stop the traceroute process.		

Example: Adit 3500# traceroute to 192.168.1.200

(192.168.1.200), 10 hops max

1 192.168.1.200 (192.168.1.200) 10.500 ms 1.013 ms 0.926 ms

Traceroute: Destination Reached

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

upgrade

Use the **upgrade** command to upgrade the system software. **Note:** This requires the TFTP software to be running in the background.

Syntax: # upgrade ip-address address file filename [check]

Field	Definition	
address	IP address of the TFTP server with the software upgrade file.	
filename	Name of the software file to load on the system, this is a .rmt file.	
check	Check only. Verify that the file is a software image file. Do not store the file as the software image	

Example: adit 3500# upgrade ip-address 192.168.1.1 file adit3500_1_0.rmt

WARNING: Upgrade starting. Do NOT issue new commands until done

Global Configuration Mode

The Global Configuration Mode allows commands to be entered directly to the router configuration. From this level, additional configuration modes can be entered. Once configuration is complete, use the **exit/end** command to return to the Privileged Mode prompt.

This Mode is entered with the # configure terminal command from the Privileged mode.

The Global Configuration Mode is represented by the (config)# prompt.

Note: The Trunk option is not available on the Adit 3104.

In This Chapter

- Commands for Entering Configuration Submodes
- Global Configuration Commands

Commands for Entering Configuration Submodes

Configuration Mode	Link to Command	Prompt Displayed
Controller LCC	controller lcc	(config-cont-lec-{n})#
Controller T1	controller t1	(config-cont-t1-{n})#
DHCP server pool	ip dhcp pool ethernet	(config-dhcp-eth-{n})#
Dial Peer FXS	dial-peer voice pots fxs	(config-dpeer-fxs)#
Dial Peer Trunk	dial-peer voice pots trunk	(config-dpeer-trk)#
Dial Peer VoIP	dial-peer voice voip	(config-dpeer-voip)#
Ethernet Interface	interface ethernet	(config-int-eth-{n})#
MLPPP Interface	interface multilink	(config-int-mlink-{n})#
Serial Interface	interface serial	(config-int-ser-{n})#
VPN IPSEC	ipsec	(config-ipsec-{n})#
VPN L2TP Client	12tpc	(config-12tpc-{n})#
OSPF	router ospf	(config-ospf)#
VPN PPTP Client	pptpc	(config-pptpc-{n})#
VPN PPTP Server	pptps	(config-pptps)#
RADIUS	radius-client	(config-radius)#
VLAN (Global)	vlan (global)	(config-vlan)#
VLAN (Port)	vlan (vlan-id)	(config-vlan-{n})#
Voice Port (Global)	voice-port (global)	(config-vport)#
Voice Port (FXS)	voice-port fxs	(config-vport-fxs-{n})#
Voice Port (Trunk)	voice-port trunk	(config-vport-trunk-{n})#
Voice Service SIP	voice-service sip	(config-voice-serv-sip)#

Global Configuration Commands

- access
- access-control
- access-list
- authentication login
- clock source
- controller lcc
- controller t1
- date
- delete local-server
- dial-peer voice
- dmz-host
- do
- dynamic-dns
- end
- exit
- help
- history
- host-filter
- · interface ethernet
- interface multilink
- interface serial
- ipsec
- · ip dhcp pool ethernet
- ip domain-name
- ip host
- key

- I2tpc
- local-server
- log
- mail-server
- nat-bypass
- · network-object
- no commands
- · port-trigger service
- pptpc
- pptps
- · radius-client
- · remote-admin
- router ospf
- security-default
- · security-log
- service
- snmp-server
- · static-dns
- time-range
- username
- vlan (global)
- vlan (vlan-id)
- voice-codec
- voice-port (global)
- voice-port trunk
- voice-service sip

access

Use the **access** command to enable remote access via LAN or WAN. To disable remote access, see *no access* command on page 4-36.

Syntax: (config) # access {lan | wan} enable

Field	Definition
lan	Enable remote access via the LAN.
wan	Enable remote access via the WAN.

Example: (config) # access lan enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

access-control

Use the **access-control** command to configure an access (scheduler) rule for the system. To remove a rule, see *no access-control* command on page 4-36.

Syntax: (config) # access-control name apply-to {lan|object-name} time-range {always|schedule-id} service service-id

Field	Definition	
name	Enter a name for the Access Control (Scheduler Rule), with a maximum of 64 characters.	
lan	Apply this scheduler rule to the LAN interface.	
object-name Enter the Network Object name to apply the rule to.		
always Apply this rule always. Default.		
schedule-id A configured schedule to apply this rule.		
service-id	Enter the service number to apply the rule to. Note: The Service ID number can be found with the <i>show service command, on page 3-61</i>	

Example: (config) # access-control AccessControl_1 apply-to lan time-range

always service 16777220

access-list

Use the **access-list** command to configure the advanced filtering entries. To delete an access list, see *no access-list* command on page 4-37.

Syntax:

(config) # access-list rule {new | rule-name} apply {eth-lan |
eth-wan | final | initial | ppp-wan} direction {in | out} operation
{accept | accept-packet | drop | reject} time-range {always |
schedule-name} src-host {address | address-range | any} dst-host
{address | address-range | any} service service-id frag
{enable | none} log {enable | none}

Field	Definition
new	Create a new Access list rule. Note: Do not use this new option when using an Automated Provisioning System.
rule-name	Enter an existing rule name to apply this command to.
eth-lan	Ethernet LAN interface.
eth-wan	Ethernet WAN interface.
initial	Initial rules defined here will be applied first to the interface.
final	Final rules defined here will be applied last to the interface.
ppp-wan	PPP WAN interface.
in	Filter the incoming traffic only.
out	Filter the outgoing traffic only.
accept	Allow access to packets that match the criteria defined. The data transfer session will be handled using Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI), meaning that other packets matching this rule will be automatically allowed access.
accept-list	Allow access to packets that match the criteria defined. The data transfer session will not be handled using SPI, meaning that other packets matching this rule will not be automatically allowed access. This can be useful, for example, when creating rules that follow broadcasting.
drop	Deny access to packets that match the source and destination IP addresses and service ports defined above.
reject	Deny access to packets that match the criteria defined, and send an ICMP error or a TCP reset to the origination peer.
always	This rule will always take effect. Default.
schedule-name	Apply the defined schedule times to this rule.
src-host	The source address of packets sent or received from the LAN computer. This entry is mandatory when denying a rule. address - enter the source IP address address-range - enter a range of source IP addresses any - allow any IP address
dst-host	Destination address of packets sent/received from the network object. address - enter the destination IP address address-range - enter a range of destination IP addresses. any - allow any IP addresses.
service-id	Enter the service number to apply the rule to. Note: Service ID number can be displayed with the <i>show service command, on page 3-61</i> .

Global Configuration Commands

Field	Definition (Continued)
frag	enable - Enable fragmentation. none - Do not allow fragmentation.
log	Enable or disables logging of packets matched by this rule.

Example: (config) # access-list rule new apply eth-lan direction in operation accept time-range always src-host any dst-host any service 16777220 frag none log none

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

authentication login

Use the authentication login command to use RADIUS for login authentication. To remove an authentication login, see no authentication login command on page 4-37.

Syntax: (config)# authentication login use-radius Example: (config) # authentication login use-radius Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

clock source

Use the **clock source** command to define the primary and secondary clock source.

(config)# clock {1|2} source {none|t1 port} Syntax:

Field	Definition
1 2	Sets the interface to the following clock source. 1 = Clock 1, primary clock source
	2 = Clock 2, secondary clock source
none	Sets the clock source to internal.
t1 port	Sets the clock source to a DS1. Range is 1-4.

Example: (config)# clock 1 source t1 2

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500 Not supported by the MSR card

controller lcc

Use the **controller lcc** command to allow access to the Controller LCC configuration commands. See *Chapter 5, Configuration - LCC Controller Mode* for commands in this mode.

Syntax: (config) # controller lcc number

Field	Definition
number	Selects the Link Cross Connect. Range = 1-8

Example: (config)# controller lcc 1

(config-cont-lcc-1)#

Supported Platforms: MSR

controller t1

Use the **controller t1** command to allow access to the Controller T1 configuration commands. See *Chapter 6, Configuration - T1 Controller Mode* for commands in this mode.

Syntax: (config)# controller t1 port

Field	Definition
port	Selects the T1 (DS1) port. Adit 3104 Range = 1 Adit 3500 Range 1 - 4

Example: (config) # controller t1 1

(config-cont-t1-1)#

date

date auto-time-update

Use the **date auto-time-update** command to automatically update the clock from the defined server. To stop the auto update, see *no date auto-time-update* command on page 4-37.

Svntax:

(config)# date auto-time-update protocol {ntp|tod} server
address1 [address2] [address3] [address4] update-every hours

Field	Definition
ntp	Network Time Protocol protocol. Default for Adit 3000.
tod	Time of Day protocol.
address1, address2,	Enter the IP Address of the Time Server. Additional addresses may be added for backup if the primary Time Server fails.
hours	Sets the amount of time between resets. Range 1-480 hours. Default is 24 hours.

Example: (config) # date auto-time-update protocol ntp server 192.168.1.1 update-every 24

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

Note: By default, Time of Day management for the MSR is provided by the Adit 600 controller.

date set

Use the **date set** command to manually set the internal clock.

Syntax: (config) # date set hh:mm:ss dd mm yyyy

Field	Definition
hh:mm:ss	Set the time in the 24 hour format hh:mm:ss hh = hours, range is 0 - 23 mm = minutes, range is 0 - 59 ss = seconds, range is 0 - 59
dd	dd = day, range is 1 - 31
mm	mm = month, range is 1 - 12
уууу	Enter current year (example 2006). Range 1970 - 2037.

Example: (config) # date set 05:00:00 04 17 2006

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

Note: By default, Time of Day management for the MSR is provided by the Adit 600 controller. Use this command with the MSR only if you are using NTP or another time service and need to manually adjust the time due to a loss of contact with the server.

date summer-time

Use the **date summer-time** command to update the clock for daylight savings time. To stop the update for daylight saving, see *no date summer-time* command on page 4-38.

Note: Default settings are start: 3/28 time 00:00, end: 10/28 time 01:00.

Syntax: (config) # date summer-time smonth sday shh:mm emonth eday ehh:mm offset

Field	Definition
smonth and emonth	The month in which daylight savings time starts (<i>smonth</i>) or ends (<i>emonth</i>). Range is 1-12.
sday and eday	The day on which daylight savings time starts (<i>sday</i>) or ends (<i>eday</i>). Range is 1-31.
shh:mm and ehh:mm	Start time (shh:mm) and end time (ehh:mm). hh = hour, range 00:59 mm = minutes, range 00:59
offset	This is an optional parameter, to set the offset of the daylight savings time. Range is 1-120, with a default of 60.

Example: (config) # date summer-time 03 28 00:00 10 28 01:00 60

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

Note: By default, Time of Day management for the MSR is provided by the Adit 600 controller. Use this command with the MSR only if you are using NTP or another time service and need to manually adjust the time due to a loss of contact with the server.

date timezone

Use the **date timezone** command to set the time zone and the number of hours from the GMT.

Syntax: (config) # date timezone hh:mm

Field	Definition
hh	Hour offset from GMT. Range is from -12 to $+12$, with a default of 0.
mm	Minute offset from GMT in minutes. Range is from 00 to 59, with a default of 00. This is used for half hour time zones.

Example: (config) # date timezone -05:00

The example will set the time zone offset to be -5:00 from GMT (Greenwich Mean Time), which equates to Eastern Standard Time.

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

Note: By default, Time of Day management for the MSR is provided by the Adit 600 controller. Use this command with the MSR only if you are using NTP or another time service and need to manually adjust the time due to a loss of contact with the server.

delete local-server

Use the **delete local-server** command to delete a local server.

Syntax: (config) # delete local-server server-id

Field	Definition
server-id	Server ID.

Example: (config) # delete local-server 192.168.1.200

dial-peer voice

dial-peer voice pots fxs

Use the **dial-peer voice pots fxs** command to allow access to the Dial Peer Voice FXS configuration commands. See *Chapter 8, Configuration - Dial Peer FXS Mode* for commands in this mode. For the no counterpart of this command see *no dial-peer voice pots fxs* command on page 4-38.

Syntax: (config)# dial-peer voice pots fxs port

Field	Definition
port	Selects the FXS port to configure.
	Adit 3104: Range is 1-24.
	Adit 3500: Range is 1-4.
	MSR: Range is 1-48.

Example: (config) # dial-peer voice pots fxs 1

(config-dpeer-fxs)#

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

dial-peer voice pots trunk

Use the **dial-peer voice pots trunk** command to allow access to the Dial Peer Voice Trunk configuration commands. See *Chapter 9, Configuration - Dial Peer Trunk Mode* for commands in this mode. For the **no** counterpart of this command see *no dial-peer voice pots trunk* command on page 4-38. **Note:** This command is not supported on the Adit 3104.

Syntax: (config) # dial-peer voice pots trunk port dest-port

Field	Definition
port	Select the trunk port to configure.
	Adit 3500: Range = 1-4
	MSR: Value must be 1.
dest-port	Set destination port. Range is 1-30.

Example: (config) # dial-peer voice pots trunk 2 1

(config-dpeer-trk)#

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

dial-peer voice voip

Use the **dial-peer voice voip** command to allow access to the Dial Peer Voice VoIP configuration commands. See *Chapter 10, Configuration - Dial Peer VoIP Mode* for commands in this mode. For the no counterpart of this command see *no dial-peer voice voip* command on page 4-39.

Syntax: (config) # dial-peer voice voip trunk

Field	Definition
trunk	Enter trunk number. Range is 1-50.

Example: (config)# dial-peer voice voip 1

(config-dpeer-voip)#

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

dmz-host

Use the **dmz-host** command to configure the DMZ host. To remove a DMZ host, see *no dmz-host* command on page 4-39.

Syntax: (config)# dmz-host address enable

Field	Definition
address	The IP address of the DMZ host.

Example: (config) # dmz-host 10.10.200.1 enable

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

dynamic-dns

Use the **dynamic-dns** commands to configure the DNS Dynamic entries. To disable Dynamic DNS, see *no dynamic-dns* command on page 4-39.

dynamic-dns backup-mx

Use the **dynamic-dns backup-mx** command to enable the Dynamic DNS backup MX.

Syntax: (config) # dynamic-dns backup-mx enable

Example: (config) # dynamic-dns backup-mx enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

dynamic-dns interface

Use the **dynamic-dns interface** command to define the Dynamic DNS connection to update.

Syntax: (config) # dynamic-dns interface {eth-2|mlink-1|ser-n}

Field	Definition
eth-2	Select Ethernet port 2.
mlink-1	Select Multilink port 1.
ser-n	Select serial interface 1-4.

Example: (config) # dynamic-dns interface ser-1

dynamic-dns mail-exchanger

Use the **dynamic-dns mail-exchanger** command to define the Dynamic DNS mail exchanger.

Syntax: (config) # dynamic-dns mail-exchanger mail-exchanger

Field	Definition
mail-exchanger	Enter your mail exchange server address, to redirect all E-mails arriving at your Dyndns address to your mail server.

Example: (config) # dynamic-dns mail-exchanger 10.10.1.0

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

dynamic-dns offline

Use the **dynamic-dns offline** command to enable Dynamic DNS offline.

Syntax: (config) # dynamic-dns offline enable

Example: (config) # dynamic-dns offline enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

dynamic-dns username

Use the **dynamic-dns username** command to define the Dynamic DNS username.

Syntax: (config) # dynamic-dns username username

Field	Definition
username	Enter your Dyndns user name.

Example: (config) # dynamic-dns username JohnD

dynamic-dns wildcard

Use the **dynamic-dns wildcard** command to enable the Dynamic DNS wildcard.

Syntax: (config) # dynamic-dns wildcard enable

Example: (config) # dynamic-dns wildcard enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode. **Note:** This command can be entered in any configuration mode with the same result.

```
Syntax: (config)# end
Example: (config)# end
#
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

```
Syntax: (config)# exit

Example: (config)# exit
#
```

help

Use the **help** command to display the help information for this command. **Note:** This can also be accomplished with a ?. This command can be entered in any configuration mode.

Syntax: (config)# help

or (config)# ?

Example: (config) # help

? Display all commands access Permit access via LAN/WAN

access-control Configure access control entries

access-list Define access list

authentication Configure authentication method

clockInternal clock settingcontrollerEnter Controller context

date Set time/date delete Delete a feature

dial-peer Enter Dial peer context dmz-host Configure the DMZ host

do Run Privileged and User mode commands

dynamic-dnsConfigure DNS Dynamic entriesendEnd Configuration mode sessionexitExit from Configuration mode

help Display all commands

history Display past entered commands

host-filter Configure IP/hostname filtering entries interface Configure Ethernet or Serial interface

mail-server Configure mail server options

nat-bypass Configure NAT bypass network-object Configure network objects

o Disable features

port-trigger Configure port trigger

pptpc Configure PPTP client options

•

Syntax:

history

Use the history command to display commands that have been entered in this session. This command can be entered in any configuration mode.

```
(config)# history
Example: (config) # history
        clock source 1 none
        date set 12:12:06 15 12 2006
        date set 3:4:3
        date set 12:12:20
        date set 0:0:1
        date summer-time 3 28 00:00 10 28 01:00 60
        date timezone +03:00
        dial-peer voice pots trunk 1 1
        dial-peer voice voip
        dmz-host 192.168.1.100 enable
        history
```

host-filter

Use the **host-filter** command to configure the IP/host name filtering entries. To delete a host filter, see *no host-filter* command on page 4-40.

Syntax:

(config) # host-filter id filter-id {ip-address address/hostname
hostname} apply-to {lan|network-object object-id} time-range
{always|schedule-id}

Field	Definition
filter-id	Enter a filter ID name.
address	Enter the host IP address.
hostname	Enter a host name for the rule.
lan	Apply the filter the LAN interface.
network-object object-id	Apply the filter to a defined network object.
always	Set the time range to always.
schedule-id	Enter defined schedule ID name with schedule to apply to this filter.

Example: (config) # host-filter id filterID ip-address 192.168.1.100

apply-to lan time-range always

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

interface ethernet

Use the **interface ethernet** command to allow access to the Ethernet interface configuration commands. See *Chapter 11, Configuration - Ethernet Interface Mode* for commands in this mode.

Syntax: (config)# interface ethernet port

Field	Definition
port	Ethernet port. Range 1-2.

Example: (config)# interface ethernet 1

(config-int-eth-1)#

interface multilink

Use the **interface multilink** command to allow access to the MLPPP configuration commands. See *Chapter 12, Configuration - Multilink Interface Mode* for commands in this mode. To delete a Multilink interface, see *no interface multilink* command on page 4-42.

Syntax: (config) # interface multilink group-number

Field	Definition
group-number	Enter multilink group number. Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500: Value must be 1. MSR: Range = 1-8.

Example: (config) # interface multilink 1

(config-int-mlink-1)#

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

interface serial

Use the **interface serial** command to allow access to the serial interface configuration commands. See *Chapter 13*, *Configuration - Serial Interface Mode* for commands in this mode. To delete a serial interface, see *no interface serial* command on page 4-42.

Syntax: (config)# interface serial port

Field	Definition
port	Adit 3104: Value must be 1. Adit 3200, Adit 3500: Range = 1-4. MSR: Range = 1-8.

Example: (config) # interface serial 1

(config-int-ser-1)#

ipsec

Use the **ipsec** commands to create an IPSec connection and to configure IPSec global settings. See *Chapter 14, Configuration - IPSec Mode* for additional commands in this mode.

ipsec authentication-retries

Use the **ipsec authentication-retries** command to enable the block-ip feature. To disable block-ip, see *no ipsec authentication-retries* command on page 4-40.

Syntax: (config)# ipsec authentication-retries number delay seconds

Field	Definition
number	The maximum number of retries for authentication. Range is 0-2147483647, with a default of 5.
seconds	The time delay after retries. Range is 0-2147483647 seconds, with a default of 60.

Example: (config) # ipsec authentication-retries 10 delay 45

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ipsec key generate key

Use the **ipsec key generate key** command to generate a new public RSA key.

Syntax: (config)# ipsec key generate key

Example: (config) # ipsec key generate key

ipsec log ike

Use the **ipsec log ike** command to enable Internet Key Exchange (IKE) related logs. To disable IKE logging, see *no ipsec log ike* command on page 4-40

Syntax:

 $\label{log_index} $$(config)$ $\#$ ipsec log ike {auto-key|ike-int|ike-msg|msg-byte| msg-enc-dec|msg_inp|msg-outp|pri-key|rej-packet}$$

Field	Definition
auto-key	Enable verbose automatic keying.
ike-int	Enable verbose IKE IPSec interaction.
ike-msg	Print all IKE message ignoring rate limit.
msg-byte	Enable message's raw byte option.
msg-enc-dec	Enable message's encryption and decryption.
msg_inp	Enable message's input structure.
msg-outp	Enable message's output structure.
pri-key	Enable verbose private key.
rej-packet	Enable verbose IKE reject packets.

Example: (config)# ipsec log ike msg-outp

ipsec log ipsec

Use the **ipsec log ipsec** command to enable IPSec related logs. To disable IPSec logging, see *no ipsec* log ipsec command on page 4-41.

Syntax:

(config)# ipsec log ipsec {atc|emvc|etc|ip-ctc|irtmc|mirl |rc|rtmc|satmc|tc|tsmc|ttc|usc|vrp}

Field	Definition
atc	Authentication Transforms Code.
emvc	Even More Verbose Output.
etc	Encryption Transforms Code.
ip-ctc	IP Compression Transforms Code.
irtmc	Internal Route Table Manipulation Code.
mirl	Print all IPSec Messages Ignoring Rate Limit.
rc	Receive Code.
rtmc	Radij Tree Manipulation Code.
satmc	Secure Association Table Manipulation Code.
tc	Tunneling Code.
tsmc	Transform Selection and Manipulation Code.
ttc	Tunneling Transmit Code.
usc	User-Space Communication Code.
vrp	Verbose Rejected Packets.

Example: (config)# ipsec log ipsec to

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ipsec net-to-host

Use the **ipsec net-to-host** command to create a network-to-host connection.

Syntax:

(config)# ipsec net-to-host remote-ip {address|any} pre-share secret

Field	Definition
address	Specify a remote tunnel endpoint address.
any	Allow any IP address.
secret	Enter a pre-shared secret string.

Example: (config)# ipsec net-to-host remote-ip 192.168.1.200 pre-share

mysecret

ipsec net-to-net

Use the **ipsec net-to-net** command to create a network-to-network connection.

Syntax:

(config)# ipsec net-to-net remote-ip $\{address | any\}$ remote-subnet $\{ip\ address\ mask\ mask\ any\}$ pre-share secret

Field	Definition
remote-ip	address - Enter the remote tunnel endpoint address. any - Allow any IP address.
remote-subnet	address - Enter an IP address if it is a remote IP. mask - Enter an IP mask if it is a remote IP. any - Allow any IP address.
secret	Enter a pre-shared secret string.

Example: (config) # ipsec net-to-host remote-ip 10.10.1.1 pre-share

mysecret

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ipsec replay

Use the **ipsec replay** command to enable anti-replay protection. To disable anti-replay protection, see *no ipsec replay* command on page 4-41.

Syntax: (config)# ipsec replay
Example: (config)# ipsec replay

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ipsec vpn_ipsec

Use the **ipsec vpn_ipsec** command to allow access to configuration commands for a specific IPSec connection. See *Chapter 14*, *Configuration - IPSec Mode* for commands in this mode. To delete this interface, see *no ipsec vpn_ipsec* command on page 4-42.

Note: This connection must be created first. See *ipsec net-to-host* command on page 4-23 and *ipsec net-to-net* command on page 4-24 to create an IPSec connection.

Syntax: (config)# ipsec vpn_ipsec connection-id

Field	Definition
connection-id	Enter the name of a connection.

Example: (config) # ipsec vpn_ipsec 1

(config-ipsec-1)#

ip dhcp pool ethernet

Use the **ip dhcp pool ethernet** command to allow access to the DHCP configuration commands. See *Chapter 7, Configuration - DHCP Pool Ethernet Mode* for commands in this mode. For the no counterpart, see *no ip dhcp pool ethernet* command on page 4-43.

Syntax: (config)# ip dhcp pool ethernet port

Field	Definition
port	Selects the Ethernet port to configure. Range is 1-2.

Example: (config)# ip dhcp pool ethernet 1

(config-dhcp-eth-1)#

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip domain-name

Use the **ip domain-name** command to sets system domain name.

Syntax: (config) # ip domain-name name

Field	Definition
name	Enter the domain name of the device.

Example: (config) # ip domain-name mydomain.com

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip host

Use the **ip host** command to set the host name for this device.

Syntax: (config)# ip host hostname

Field	Definition
hostname	Enter the name of the host. Default is adit3500, adit3104, or aditMSR
	(depending on the platform).

Example: (config) # ip host gateway1

key

Use the **key** command to enable a specific keyed feature. To acquire a feature key code, contact Turin Networks Customer Support. To disable a keyed feature, see the *no key* command on page 4-43.

Syntax: (config)# key key-code

Field	Definition
key-code	Enter the key code to enable the feature.

Example: (config) # key q0B8yma2IsSL+1BarY0u

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

I2tpc

Use the **l2tpc** command to allow access to the VPN L2TP Connection configuration commands. See *Chapter 15, Configuration - L2TPC Mode* for commands in this mode. To delete an existing connection, see the *no l2tpc* command on page 4-43.

Syntax: (config)# 12tpc {12tpc connection-id|address address [ipsec local-secret secret] [local-secret secret]}

Field	Definition
connection-id	Enter the connection ID (number).
address	Enter the IP address of the destination.
ipsec	Optional parameter. Directs IPSec to create an L2TP connection. Requires the local-secret option.
local-secret secret	Optional parameter. Enter a secret password used to authenticate L2TP connection. Maximum number of characters is 96.

Example: (config)# 12tpc 12tpc 1

(config-12tpc-1)#

local-server

Use the **local-server** command to configure the local server entries. To delete a local server, see the *no local-server* command on page 4-44.

Syntax:

(config) # local-server id {name/new} {ip-address address
|hostname hostname} time-range {always|schedule-name} fwd-port
port service service-id

Field	Definition
name	Enter a name of the server.
new	Select New to create a new local server.
address	Enter an IP address of the local server.
hostname	Enter a host name of the server.
always	Set the time range to
schedule-name	Enter a defined schedule to be applied to the server.
port	Enter a forwarding port.
service-id	Enter the service number to apply the rule to. Note: The Service ID number is displayed with the <i>show service command, on page 3-61</i>

Example: (config) # local-server id Boulder-server ip-address 10.10.2.100

time-range always fwd-port 2 service 16777220

log

log lcc buffer

Use the **log lcc buffer** command to set the buffer size allowed for the Link Cross-Connect (LCC) log buffer.

Syntax: (config) # log lcc buffer kilobytes

Field	Definition
kilobytes	Set the size of the LCC log buffer. Range is 1 - 256 KB. Default is 16KB.

Example: (config) # log lcc buffer 24

Supported Platforms: MSR

log lcc notify

Use the **log lcc notify** command to set the remote Link Cross-Connect (LCC) notify level.

Syntax:

(config)# log lcc notify {error|info|ip-address address
|none|warn}

Field	Definition
error	Notify for error level.
info	Notify for information level.
ip-address address	Enter IP address of remote system to notify.
none	No notification.
warn	Notify for warning level.

Example: (config) # log lcc notify warn

Supported Platforms: MSR

log pri

Use the **log pri** command to configure PRI logging.

Syntax:

(config)# log pri {buffer-fill $\{0|1\}|$ buffer-size kilobytes |display number|enable}

Field	Definition
buffer-fill {0 1}	Define the method of loading the buffer. 0 = Circular Buffer - the buffer will store a continuous stream of data by starting again at the beginning of the buffer after reaching the end. Default. 1 = Fill Until Full - the buffer will fill until it is full. The user will have to clear the log manually.
buffer-size kilobytes	Configure the PRI log size. Range is 1-250 KB, with a default of 100 KB.
display number	Defines the number of lines per message. 0 = full
enable	Enable PRI logging.

Example: (config) # log pri buffer-fill 0

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

log security buffer

Use the **log security buffer** command to set the buffer size allowed for the security log buffer.

Syntax: (config) # log security buffer kilobytes

Field	Definition
kilobytes	Set the size of the Security log buffer. Range is 1-256 KB. Default is 16KB.

Example: (config) # log security buffer 24

log security notify

Use the **log security notify** command to set the remote security notify level.

Syntax: (config) # log security notify {error|info|ip-address address
| none|warn }

Field	Definition
error	Notify for error level.
info	Notify for information level.
ip-address address	Enter IP address of remote system to notify.
none	No notification.
warn	Notify for warning level.

Example: (config) # log security notify warn

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

log sip

Use the **log sip** command to configure SIP logging. To stop a SIP log, see *no log sip* command on page 4-44.

Syntax:

(config) # log sip {buffer-fill $\{0|1\}$ |buffer-size kilobytes |display number|enable|level {detail|non-detailed}}

Field	Definition
buffer-fill {0 1}	Define the method of loading the buffer. 0 = Circular Buffer - the buffer will store a continuous stream of data by starting again at the beginning of the buffer after reaching the end. Default. 1 = Fill Until Full - the buffer will fill until it is full. The user will have to clear the log manually.
buffer-size kilobytes	Configure the SIP log size. Range is 1 - 250 KB, with a default of 100 KB.
display number	Defines the number of lines per message. 0 = full
enable	Enable SIP logging.
level	Defines the logging level. detailed - Set logging level to detail. non-detailed - Set logging level to non-detail

Example: (config) # log sip buffer-fill 0

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

log system buffer

Use the **log system buffer** command to set the buffer size allowed for the system log buffer.

Syntax: (config) # log system buffer kilobytes

Field	Definition
kilobytes	Set the size of the system log buffer. Range is 1 - 256 KB. Default is 16KB.

Example: (config) # log system buffer 24

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

log system notify

Use the **log system notify** command to set the remote system notify level.

Syntax: (config) # log system notify {error|info|ip-address address
| none|warn }

Field	Definition
error	Notify for error level.
info	Notify for information level.
ip-address address	Enter IP address of remote system to notify.
none	No notification.
warn	Notify for warning level.

Example: (config)# log system notify error

log t1 buffer

Use the **log t1 buffer** command to set the buffer size allowed for the T1 log buffer.

Syntax: (config) # log t1 buffer kilobytes

Field	Definition
kilobytes	Set the size of the T1 log buffer. Range is 1 - 256 KB. Default is 16KB.

Example: (config) # log t1 buffer 24

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500

log t1 notify

Use the **log t1 notify** command to set the remote T1 notify level.

Syntax: (config) # log t1 notify {error|info|ip-address address
| none|warn}

Field	Definition
error	Notify for error level.
info	Notify for information level.
ip-address address	Enter IP address of remote system to notify.
none	No notification.
warn	Notify for warning level.

Example: (config) # log t1 notify warn

mail-server

mail-server authentication enable

Use the **mail-server authentication enable** command to enable the outgoing mail server authentication. To disable the mail-server authentication, see *no mail-server authentication* command on page 4-44.

Syntax: (config) # mail-server authentication enable
Example: (config) # mail-server authentication enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

mail-server from-address

Use the **mail-server from-address** command to set the outgoing mail server from an e-mail address.

Syntax: (config) # mail-server from-address address

Field	Definition
address	Enter the "from e-mail" address.

Example: (config) # mail-server from-address xxx@turinnetworks.com

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

mail-server host

Use the **mail-server host** command to set the outgoing mail server.

Syntax: (config) # mail-server host address

Field	Definition
address	Outgoing mail server IP address.

Example: (config) # mail-server host 192.168.1.1

mail-server port

Use the **mail-server port** command to set the outgoing mail server port.

Syntax: (config)# mail-server port port

Field	Definition
port	Enter the port number. Range is 0 - 65535. Default is 25.

Example: (config)# mail-server port 25

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

mail-server username

Use the **mail-server username** command to set the username and password for the mail server.

Syntax: (config) # mail-server username username password password

Field	Definition
username	Enter the mail server username.
password	Enter the mail server password for this server.

Example: (config) # mail-server username server10 password secret10

nat-bypass

Use the **nat-bypass** command to create and enable a NAT bypass rule. To disable NAT Bypass, see *no nat-bypass* command on page 4-44.

Syntax: (config) # nat-bypass ip-address address mask mask [enable]

Field	Definition
address	Enter a NAT bypass IP address.
mask	Enter a subnet mask for the above address.
enable	Enable NAT bypass. Note: To create the rule without enabling, do not enter this option.

Example: (config) # nat-bypass ip-address 10.10.2.1 mask 255.255.255.0

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

network-object

Use the **network-object** command to configure a network object with the system. To delete a network object, see *no network-object* command on page 4-45.

Syntax:

(config)# network-object id object-id description text type
{hostname hostname | ip-address address | mac-address mac-address}

Field	Definition
object-id	Enter the numerical ID for the Network Object.
text	Enter a description of the Network Element.
hostname	Enter the host name of the Network Object.
address	Enter the IP address of the Network Element.
mac-address	Enter the MAC address of the Network Element (xx:xx:xx:xx:xx)

Example: (config) # network-object id 1 description Unit1 type ip-address

192.168.1.200

no commands

no access

Use the **access** command to disable remote access via LAN or WAN. To enable remote access, see *access* command on page 4-4.

Syntax: (config) # no access {lan|wan}

Field	Definition
lan	Disable access to the unit via the LAN.
wan	Disable access to the unit via the WAN.

Example: (config) # no access lan

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no access-control

Use the **no access-control** command to remove an access rule for the system. To add an access rule, see *access-control* command on page 4-4.

Syntax: (config) # no access-control name

Field	Definition
name	Enter a current Access Control (Scheduler Rule).

Example: (config)# no access-control AccessControl1

no access-list

Use the **no access-list** command to remove an advanced filtering entry. To add a filter, see *access-list* command on page 4-5.

Syntax:

(config)# no access-list rule rule-name apply {eth-lan|eth-wan |ppp-wan|initial|final}

Field	Definition
rule-name	Enter an existing rule name to apply this command to.
eth-lan	Ethernet LAN interface.
eth-wan	Ethernet WAN interface.
initial	Initial rules defined here will be applied first to the interface.
final	Final rules defined here will be applied last to the interface.
ppp-wan	PPP WAN interface.

Example: (config) # no access-list rule TestRule-1 apply eth-lan

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no authentication login

Use the **no authentication login** command to disable RADIUS for login authentication. To enable RADIUS login authentication, see *authentication login* command on page 4-6.

Syntax: (config) # no authentication login use-radius

Example: (config) # no authentication login use-radius

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no date auto-time-update

Use the **no date auto-time-update** command to stop the automatic update the clock from the defined server. To enable automatic update of the clock, see *date auto-time-update* command on page 4-8.

Syntax: (config) # no date auto-time-update

Example: (config) # no date auto-time-update

no date summer-time

Use the **no date summer-time** command to remove daylight savings time setting. To enable daylight savings, see *date summer-time* command on page 4-9.

Syntax: (config) # no date summer-time

Example: (config) # no date summer-time

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500 Not supported by the MSR

no dial-peer voice pots fxs

Use the **no dial-peer voice pots fxs** command denies access to the Dial Peer Voice POTS FXS configuration commands. To allow access, see *dial-peer voice* command on page 4-11.

Syntax: (config) # no dial-peer voice pots fxs port

Field	Definition
port	Selects the FXS port to configure.
	Adit 3104: Range is 1-24.
	Adit 3500: Range is 1-4.
	MSR: Range is 1-48.

Example: (config) # no dial-peer voice pots fxs 2 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

no dial-peer voice pots trunk

Use the **no dial-peer voice pots trunk** command denies access to the Dial Peer Voice POTS trunk configuration commands. To enable access, see *dial-peer voice* command on page 4-11.

Note: This command is not supported on the Adit 3104.

Syntax: (config) # no dial-peer voice pots trunk port tag

Field	Definition
port	Select the trunk port.
	Adit 3500: Range = 1-4
	MSR: Value must be 1.
tag	Set destination range. Range is 1-30.

Example: (config) # no dial-peer voice pots trunk 2 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

no dial-peer voice voip

Use the **no dial-peer voice voip** command denies access to the Dial Peer Voice VoIP configuration commands. To allow access, see *dial-peer voice* command on page 4-11.

Syntax: (config) # no dial-peer voice voip tag

Field	Definition
tag	Enter the tag number to denies access. Range is 1-30.

Example: (config) # no dial-peer voice voip 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

no dmz-host

Use the **no dmz-host** command to remove a DMZ host. To add a DMZ hose, see *dmz-host* command on page 4-12.

Syntax: (config) # no dmz-host address

Field	Definition
address	The IP address of the DMZ host.

Example: (config) # no dmz-host 10.10.200.1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no dynamic-dns

Use the **no dynamic-dns** commands to disable DNS Dynamic entries. To enable DNS Dynamic entries, see *dynamic-dns* command on page 4-14.

Field	Definition
backup-mx	Disable DNS Dynamic Backup MX.
interface	Specify DNS Dynamic connection to update.
mail-exchanger	Remove mail exchanger.
offline	Disable DNS Dynamic offline.
wildcard	Disable DNS Dynamic wildcard.

Example: (config) # no dynamic-dns backup-mx

no host-filter

Use the **no host-filter** command to remove a IP host name filter entry. To add a IP host name, see *host-filter* command on page 4-19.

Syntax: (config) # no host-filter name

Field	Definition
name	Name of an existing IP host name to remove.

Example: (config) # no host-filter HostFilter1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ipsec authentication-retries

Use the **no ipsec authentication-retries** command to disable the block-ip feature. To enable block-ip, see the *ipsec authentication-retries* command on page 4-21.

Syntax: (config) # no ipsec authentication-retries

Example: (config) # no ipsec authentication-retries

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ipsec log ike

Use the no ipsec log ike command to disable Internet Key Exchange (IKE) related logs. To enable IKE logging, see *ipsec log ike* command on page 4-22

Syntax: (config) # no ipsec log ike {auto-key|ike-int|ike-msg|msg-byte| msg-enc-dec|msg inp|msg-outp|pri-key|rej-packet}

Field	Definition
auto-key	Enable verbose automatic keying.
ike-int	Enable verbose IKE IPSec interaction.
ike-msg	Print all IKE message ignoring rate limit.
msg-byte	Enable message's raw byte option.
msg-enc-dec	Enable message's encryption and decryption.
msg_inp	Enable message's input structure.
msg-outp	Enable message's output structure.
pri-key	Enable verbose private key.
rej-packet	Enable verbose IKE reject packets.

Example: (config) # no ipsec log ike msg-outp

no ipsec log ipsec

Use the no **ipsec log ipsec** command to disable IPSec related logs. To enable IPSec logging, see *ipsec log ipsec* command on page 4-23

Syntax:

(config) # no ipsec log ipsec {atc|emvc|etc|ip-ctc|irtmc|mirl
|rc|rtmc|satmc|tc|tsmc|ttc|usc|vrp}

Field	Definition
atc	Authentication Transforms Code.
emvc	Even More Verbose Output.
etc	Encryption Transforms Code.
ip-ctc	IP Compression Transforms Code.
irtmc	Internal Route Table Manipulation Code.
mirl	Print all IPSec Messages Ignoring Rate Limit.
rc	Receive Code.
rtmc	Radij Tree Manipulation Code.
satmc	Secure Association Table Manipulation Code.
tc	Tunneling Code.
tsmc	Transform Selection and Manipulation Code.
ttc	Tunneling Transmit Code.
usc	User-Space Communication Code.
vrp	Verbose Rejected Packets.

Example: (config) # no ipsec log ipsec to

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ipsec replay

Use the **no ipsec authentication-retries** command to disable anti-replay protection. To enable the anti-replay protection, see the *ipsec replay* command on page 4-24.

Syntax: (config) # no ipsec replay
Example: (config) # no ipsec replay

no ipsec vpn_ipsec

Use the **no ipsec vpn ipsec** command to delete an IPSec connection.

To create an IPSec connection, see *ipsec net-to-host* command on page 4-23 or *ipsec net-to-net* command on page 4-24

To enter an IPSec connection, for configuration see *ipsec vpn ipsec* command on page 4-24.

Syntax: (config) # no ipsec ipsec connection-id

Field	Definition
connection-id	Enter the name of a connection.

Example: (config) # no ipsec ipsec 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no interface multilink

Use the **no interface multilink** command denies access to the MLPPP configuration commands. To enter the Multilink interface configuration mode, see the *interface multilink* command on page 4-20.

Syntax: (config) # no interface multilink group-number

Field	Definition
group-number	Enter multilink group number. Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500: Value must be 1. MSR: Range = 1-8.

Example: (config) # no interface multilink 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no interface serial

Use the **no interface serial** command denies access to the serial interface configuration commands. To enter the serial interface configuration mode, see *interface serial* command on page 4-20.

Syntax: (config) # no interface serial port

Field	Definition
port	Adit 3104: Value must be 1. Adit 3200, Adit 3500: Range = 1-4. MSR: Range = 1-8.

Example: (config) # no interface serial 1

no ip dhcp pool ethernet

Use the DHCP Pool **no ip dhcp pool ethernet** command to disable the DHCP server for the interface defined. To enter the DHCP configuration mode, see *ip dhcp pool ethernet* command on page 4-25.

Syntax: (config) # no ip dhcp pool ethernet port

Field	Definition
port	Ethernet port number. 1 or 2.

Example: (config) # no ip dhcp pool ethernet 2

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no key

Use the **no key** command to disable a keyed feature. To enable a keyed feature, see the *key* command on page 4-26.

Syntax: (config) # no key key-code

Field	Definition
key-code	Enter the key code to disable the feature.

Example: (config) # no key q0B8yma2IsSL+1BarY0u

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no l2tpc

Use the **no l2tpc** command to disable the VPN L2TPC. To enter the VPN L2TPC configuration mode, see the *l2tpc* command on page 4-26.

Syntax: (config) # no 12tpc {12tpc connection-id|address address}

Field	Definition	
connection-id	Enter the name of a connection.	
address	Enter a destination IP address.	

Example: (config) # no 12tpc 12tpc 1

no local-server

Use the **no local-server** command to disable a local server. To enable a local server, see *local-server* command on page 4-27.

Syntax: (config) # no local-server name

Field	Definition
name	Enter a name of the server to remove.

Example: (config) # no local-server BoulderServer Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no log sip

Use the **no log sip** command to stop SIP logging. To enable SIP logging, see *log sip* command on page 4-30.

Syntax: (config) # no log sip

Example: (config) # no log sip

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

no mail-server authentication

Use the **no mail-server authentication** command to disable the outgoing mail server authentication. To enable the mail server, see *mail-server* command on page 4-33.

Syntax: (config) # no mail-server authentication

Example: (config) # no mail-server authentication

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no nat-bypass

Use the **no nat-bypass** command to disable the NAT bypass feature. To enable NAT bypass, see *nat-bypass* command on page 4-35.

Syntax: (config) # no nat-bypass ip-address address mask mask [enable]

Field	Definition
address	Enter a NAT bypass IP address.
mask	Enter a subnet mask for the above address.
enable	Disable NAT bypass.

Example: (config) # no nat-bypass ip-address 192.168.1.50 mask

255.255.255.0

no network-object

Use the **no network-object** command to remove network objects. To enable a network object, see *network-object* command on page 4-35.

Syntax:

(config) # no network-object id object-id type {hostname
hostname|ip-address address|mac-address mac-address}

Field	Definition	
object-id	Enter the numerical ID of the Network Object.	
hostname	Enter the host name of the Network Object.	
address	Enter the IP address of the Network Element.	
mac-address	Enter the MAC address of the Network Element (xx:xx:xx:xx:xx)	

Example: (config) # no network-object id 1 type ip-address 192.168.1.200

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no port-trigger-service

Use the **no port-trigger-service** command to remove a port-triggering entry. To configure port triggering, see *port-trigger service* command on page 4-53.

Syntax: (config) # no port-trigger-service name

Field	Definition
name	Enter service name.

Example: (config) # no port-trigger-service servicename2

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no pptpc

Use the **no pptpc** command to disable the VPN PPTP client. To enter the VPN PPTP Client configuration mode, see the *pptpc* command on page 4-53.

Syntax: (config) # no pptpc {pptpc connection-id|address address}

Field	Definition
connection-id	Enter the name of a connection.
address	Enter a destination IP address.

Example: (config) # no pptpc pptpc 1

no pptps

Use the **no pptps** command to disable the VPN PPTP server. To enter the VPN PPTPS configuration mode, see the *pptps* command on page 4-53.

Syntax: (config) # no pptps

Example: (config) # no pptps

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no radius-client

Use the **no radius-client** command disables the RADIUS configuration. To enter the RADIUS configuration mode, see *radius-client* command on page 4-54.

Syntax: (config) # no radius-client
Example: (config) # no radius-client

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no remote-admin icmp

Use the **no remote-admin icmp** command to remove access of ICMP echo requests (ping and ICMP traceroute queries). To enable ICMP echo requests, see *remote-admin icmp* command on page 4-54.

Syntax: (config) # no remote-admin icmp
Example: (config) # no remote-admin icmp

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no remote-admin snmp

Use the **no remote-admin snmp** command to remove SNMP control and diagnostic requests. To enable SNMP, see *remote-admin snmp* command on page 4-54.

Syntax: (config) # no remote-admin snmp Example: (config) # no remote-admin snmp

no remote-admin telnet

Use the **no remote-admin telnet** command to remove remote administration via Telnet. To enable remote access via telnet, see *remote-admin telnet* command on page 4-55.

Syntax: (config) # no remote-admin telnet {primary-port | primary-secure-port | secondary-port

Field	Definition
primary-port	Primary Telnet port, default port 23
primary-secure- port	Secure Telnet over SSL port, default port 992
secondary-port	Secondary Telnet port, default port 8023

Example: (config) # no remote-admin telnet primary-port

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no remote-admin udp-trace

Use the **no remote-admin udp-trace** command to remove remote access to UDP traceroute queries. To enable remote access for UDP, see *remote-admin udp-trace* command on page 4-55.

Syntax: (config) # no remote-admin udp-trace

Example: (config) # no remote-admin udp-trace

no remote-admin web

Use the **no remote-admin web** command to remove remote administration via Web-management. To enable remote access via the web, see *remote-admin web* command on page 4-56.

Syntax:

(config)# no remote-admin web {primary-port|
primary-secure-port|secondary-port|secondary-secure-port}

Field	Definition
primary-port	Primary HTTP port, default port 80
primary-secure- port	Primary HTTPS port, default port 443
secondary-port	Secondary HTTP port, default port 8080
secondary-secure- port	Secondary HTTPS port, default port 8443

Example: (config) # no remote-admin web primary-port

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no router ospf

Use the **no router ospf** command to disable Router OSPF. See *Chapter 16, Configuration - OSPF Mode* for commands in this mode. To enter the OSPF configuration mode, see *router ospf* command on page 4-56.

CAUTION! A NO ROUTER OSPF COMMAND WILL DELETE ALL OF THE OSPF CONFIGURATION.

Syntax: (config) # no router ospf
Example: (config) # no router ospf

no security-log

Use the **no security-log** command to remove a security policy. To add a security policy, see *security-log* command on page 4-58.

Syntax: (config) # no security-log setting

Field		Definition
setting		
Accepted Events	accepted-in-connects	Disable incoming connections logging.
	accepted-out-connects	Disable outgoing connections logging.
Blocked Events	block-conn-attempts	Disable block connection attempts logging.
	blocked-fragments	Disable blocked fragments logging.
	defrag-error	Disable defragmentation errors logging.
	echo-chargen	Disable echo chargen logging.
	icmp-flood	Disable ICMP flood logging.
	icmp-multicast	Disable ICMP multicast logging.
	icmp-redirect	Disable ICMP redirects logging.
	icmp-replay	Disable ICMP replay logging.
	multicast-broadcast	Disable multicast broadcasts logging.
	pkt-illegal-opts	Disable packet illegal options logging.
	spoofed-connection	Disable spoofed connection logging.
	syn-flood	Disable syn flooding logging.
	udp-flood	Disable UDP flooding logging.
	winnuke	Disable winnuke configuration logging.
Other Events	rem-admin-attempts	Disable remote admin attempts logging.
	connection-states	Disable connection states logging.
Log Buffer	prevent-log-overrun	Disable log overrun prevention logging.

Example: (config) # no security-log accepted-outgoing-connection

no service

Use the **no service** command to disable named services. To enable services, see *service* command on page 4-59.

Syntax: (config) # no service service-id

Field	Definition
service-id	Enter the service number to apply the rule to. Note: The Service ID number is displayed with the <i>show service command, on page 3-61</i>

Example: (config) # no service-id 16777220

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no snmp-server

Use the **no snmp-server** command to disable SNMP on the system. To enable SNMP, see *snmp-server* command on page 4-60.

Syntax: (config) # no snmp-server
Example: (config) # no snmp-server

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no snmp-server traps

Use the **no snmp-server traps** command to disable SNMP traps on the system. To enable SNMP traps, see *snmp-server traps enable* command on page 4-61.

Syntax: (config) # no snmp-server traps
Example: (config) # no snmp-server traps

no static-dns

Use the **no static-dns** command to remove DNS Static entries. To add a DNS static entry, see *static-dns* command on page 4-62.

Syntax: (config) # no static-dns hostname hostname ip-address address

Field	Definition	
hostname	Enter a DNS static host name of the server.	
address	Enter the DNS static IP address.	

Example: (config) # no static-dns hostname server1 ip-address

192.168.100.100

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no time-range

Use the **no time-range** command to disable time range settings on the system. To set a time range, see *time-range* command on page 4-62.

Syntax: (config) # no time-range schedule-name

Field	Definition
schedule-name	Enter an existing schedule name to remove the time range restriction to.

Example: (config) # no time-range SchedulerRule1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no username

Use the **no username** command to remove a user login from CLI. To add a username, see *username* command on page 4-63.

Syntax: (config) # no username name

Field	Definition
name	Enter an existing user name to remove.

Example: (config) # no username johndoe

no vlan

Use the **no vlan** command to clear all VLANs. To enter the VLAN configuration mode, see *vlan* (*global*) command on page 4-63.

Syntax: (config) # no vlan

Example: (config) # no vlan

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no voice-codec

Use the **no voice-codec** command to remove a voice codec. To set the voice codecs, see *voice-codec* command on page 4-64.

Syntax: (config) # no voice-codec {g711alaw|g711ulaw|g729}

Field	Definition
g711alaw	G.711, 64kbps, u-law
g711ulaw	G.711, 64kbps, A-law
g729	G.729, 8kbps

Example: (config) # no voice-codec g711alaw

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

no voice-port trunk

Use the **no voice-port trunk** command to disable the Voice Port Trunk. To enter the Voice Port Trunk configuration mode, see *voice-port trunk* command on page 4-66.

Syntax: (config) # no voice-port trunk port

Field	Definition
port	Trunk port number. Value must be 1.

Example: (config) # no voice-port trunk 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

port-trigger service

Use the **port-trigger service** command to configure the port-triggering entries. To delete a port trigger service, see *no port-trigger-service* command on page 4-45.

Syntax: (config) # port-trigger service name enable

Field	Definition
name	Enter service name.

Example: (config) # port-trigger service service2 enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

pptpc

Use the **pptpc** command to allow access to the VPN PPTP Client configuration commands. See *Chapter 17, Configuration - PPTPC Mode* for commands in this mode. To delete an existing connection, see *no pptpc* command on page 4-45

Syntax: (config) # pptpc {pptpc connection-id | address address}

Field	Definition
connection-id	Enter the name of a connection. Range is 0-99.
address	Enter a destination IP address.

Example: (config) # pptpc pptpc 1

(config-pptpc-1)#

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

pptps

Use the **pptps** command to allow access to the VPN PPTP Server configuration commands. See *Chapter 18, Configuration - PPTPS Mode* for commands in this mode. To delete an existing connection, see *no pptpc* command on page 4-45.

Syntax: (config) # pptps

Example: (config) # pptps

(config-pptps) #

radius-client

Use the **radius-client** command to allow access to the RADIUS configuration commands. See *Chapter 19, Configuration - RADIUS Mode* for commands in this mode. For the no counterpart of this command, see *no radius-client* command on page 4-46.

Syntax: (config)# radius-client
Example: (config)# radius-client

(config-radius)#

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

remote-admin

remote-admin icmp

Use the **remote-admin icmp** command to allow ICMP echo requests (pings). To deny ICMP echo requests, see *no remote-admin icmp* command on page 4-46.

CAUTION! ALLOWING REMOTE ADMINISTRATION IS A SECURITY RISK.

Syntax: (config) # remote-admin icmp enable
Example: (config) # remote-admin icmp enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

remote-admin snmp

Use the **remote-admin snmp** command to allow SNMP control and diagnostic requests. To deny SNMP, see *no remote-admin snmp* command on page 4-46.

CAUTION! ALLOWING REMOTE ADMINISTRATION IS A SECURITY RISK.

Syntax: (config) # remote-admin snmp enable
Example: (config) # remote-admin snmp enable

remote-admin telnet

Use the **remote-admin telnet** command to allow remote administration via Telnet. To deny telnet remote access, see *no remote-admin telnet* command on page 4-47.

CAUTION! ALLOWING REMOTE ADMINISTRATION IS A SECURITY RISK.

Syntax:

(config)# remote-admin telnet {primary-port|
primary-secure-port|secondary-port} {port port|enable}

Field	Definition
primary-port	Primary Telnet port, default port 23
primary-secure- port	Secure Telnet over SSL port, default port 992
secondary-port	Secondary Telnet port, default port 8023
port	Enter a specific port to change from default ports listed above.
enable	Enable port on telnet remote admin.

Example: (config) # remote-admin telnet primary-port enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

remote-admin udp-trace

Use the **remote-admin udp-trace** command to allow UDP traceroute queries. To deny UDP traceroute queries, see *no remote-admin udp-trace* command on page 4-47.

CAUTION! ALLOWING REMOTE ADMINISTRATION IS A SECURITY RISK.

Syntax: (config) # remote-admin udp-trace enable

Example: (config) # remote-admin udp-trace enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

remote-admin web

Use the **remote-admin web** command to allow remote administration via Web-management. To deny Web remote access, see *no remote-admin web* command on page 4-48.

CAUTION! ALLOWING REMOTE ADMINISTRATION IS A SECURITY RISK.

Syntax:

(config) # remote-admin web {primary-port|
secondary-port|primary-secure-port|secondary-secure-port}
[port] enable

Field	Definition
primary-port	Primary HTTP port, default port 80
secondary-port	Secondary HTTP port, default port 8080
primary-secure- port	Primary HTTPS port, default port 443
secondary-secure- port	Secondary HTTPS port, default port 8443
port	Enter a specific port to change from default ports listed above.

Example: (config) # remote-admin web primary-port enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

router ospf

Use the **router ospf** command to allow access to the Router OSPF global configuration commands. See *Chapter 16, Configuration - OSPF Mode* for commands in this mode. For the no counterpart of this command, see *no router ospf* command on page 4-48.

Syntax: (config) # router ospf

Example: (config) # router ospf

(config-router-ospf)#

security-default

Use the **security-default** command to configure the security policy.

Syntax: (config) # security-default {maximum | minimum | typical}
[block-ip-frag]

Field	Definition		
The following secu	The following security levels are described in detail.		
	Requests Originating in the WAN	Requests Originating in the LAN	
maximum	Blocked: No access to network from Internet, except as configured in the Local Servers, DMZ host and Remote Access screens.	Limited: Only commonly-used services, such as Web-browsing and e-mail, are permitted. These services include Telnet, FTP, HTTP, HTTPS, DNS, IMAP, POP3, Ping and SNMP	
minimum	Blocked: No access to network from Internet, except as configured in the local Servers, DMZ host and Remote Access screens.	Unrestricted: All services are permitted, except as configured in the Access Control screen.	
typical (default)	Unrestricted: Permits full access from Internet to network; all connection attempts permitted.	Unrestricted: All services are permitted, except as configured in the Access Control screen.	
block-ip-frag	Block IP Fragments Checking this option will protect your network from a common type of hacker attack that could make use of fragmented data packets to sabotage your network. Note that VPN over IPSec and some UDP-based services make legitimate use of IP fragments. You will need to allow IP fragments to pass into the home network in order to make use of these selected services.		

Example: (config) # security-default maximum

security-log

Use the **security-log** command to configure the security policy. To delete a security policy, see *no security-log* command on page 4-49.

Syntax: (config)# security-log setting enable

Field	Definition
Accepted Events	
accepted-in-connections	Sessions originated from the Internet that have been allowed by the firewall.
accepted-out- connections	Sessions originated from the network that have been allowed by the firewall.
Blocked Events	
blocked-conn-attempts	Sessions that have been blocked by the firewall.
blocked-fragments	Detection of fragmented packets when Block IP Fragments is enabled.
defrag-error	Detection of fragmented packets that cannot be properly reassembled.
echo-chargen	Detection of the Echo or Chargen DOS attacks.
icmp-flood	Detection of an ICMP flood DOS attack.
icmp-multicast	Detection of multicast ICMP packets, such as a ping to a subnet broadcast address.
icmp-redirect	Detection of improper ICMP redirect messages from the WAN.
icmp-replay	Detection of an ICMP Replay DOS attack.
multicast-broadcast	Detection of the Multicast or broadcast packets arriving at the WAN interface.
pkt-illegal-opts	Detection of IP packets with disallowed IP options: lsrr, ssrr, rr, timestamp, or error options.
spoofed-connection	Detection of IP address spoofing attacks.
syn-flood	Detection of the Syn Flood DOS attack.
udp-flood	Detection of a UDP Flood attack.
winnuke	Detection of the Winnuke DOS attack.
Other Events	
connection-states	Session connection state detail.
rem-admin-attempts	Management sessions established.
Log Buffer	
prevent-log-overrun	Stop logging firewall detail when the log is full. This prevents loosing early log entries, but will drop the later log entries.

Example: (config) # security-log accepted-out-connection enable

service

Use the **service** command to create/modify User-Defined Services. To delete a service policy, see *no service* command on page 4-50.

Syntax:

(config) # service id {service-id | new} name service-name description text protocol { $protocol-number | ah | esp | gre | icmp / tcp | udp}$ [server-src-port | open-src-port]

Field	Definition	
service-id	Enter a User-Defined Service number to modify. User-Defined Service ID numbers can be displayed with the <i>show config service command, on page 3-32</i>	
new	Will create a new User-Defined Service. Note: The system will assign an ID number. This number will be the next available ID number in sequence (starts with 4, Note: 0-3 are configured by default). Do not use the <i>new</i> option when using an Automated Provisioning System.	
service-name	Enter service name, which	can also be found on the show config service command, on page 3-32
description text	Enter a one word description	n.
protocol	Protocol to apply to this service. protocol-number - this option allows the user to enter a protocol number to use protocols that are not listed below. ah - Authentication Header Protocol. esp - Encapsulating Security Payload. gre - Generic Routing Encapsulation. icmp - Internet Control Message Protocol. Note: The range and a list of common settings are below. type - Range 0-255 code - Range 0-255 Echo Reply	
open-src-port	Defines the open source/de open-src-port {por any} open-src-port port- port-	stination port. Syntax: t port-port any } open-dst-port { port port-port Enter the open source port to apply the service to. Apply to any port.
	open-dst-port port - port-j	Enter the destination source port to apply the service to. port - Enter a range of ports to apply the service to. Apply to any port.

server-src-port	Defines the server source/destination port. Syntax: server-src-port {port port-port any} server-dst-port {port port-port any}	
	server-src-port	port - Enter the server source port to apply the service to.port-port - Enter a range of ports to apply the service to.any - Apply to any port.
	server-dst-port	port - Enter the server destination port to apply the service to.port-port - Enter a range of ports to apply the service to.any - Apply to any port.

Example: (config) # service id 5 name test description desc1 protocol gre Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

snmp-server

The following are the commands to set the SNMP server configuration. To disable SNMP, see *no snmp-server* command on page 4-50.

snmp-server community

Use the **snmp-server community** command to set the SNMP community name.

Syntax: (config) # snmp-server community community-name {ro|rw}

Field	Definition
community-name	Enter the SNMP Community Name.
ro	Read only - Set the community name to read only permission.
rw	Read write - Set the community name to read and write permission.

Example: (config) # snmp-server community communitytestname ro

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

snmp-server enable

Use the **snmp-server enable** command to enable SNMP on the system.

Syntax: (config) # snmp-server enable
Example: (config) # snmp-server enable

snmp-server host

Use the **snmp-server host** command to set a SNMP host.

Syntax:

(config) # snmp-server host address {community
community-name/version {1|2c}

Field	Definition
address	Enter an destination IP address.
community-name	Enter the SNMP community name.
version	1 - SNMPv1 2c - SNMPv2c

Example: (config) # snmp-server host 192.168.1.1 version 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

snmp-server traps enable

Use the **snmp-server traps enable** command to enable SNMP traps on the system. To delete a SNMP server trap, see *no snmp-server traps* command on page 4-50.

Syntax: (config)# snmp-server traps enable

Example: (config) # snmp-server traps enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

snmp-server trusted-ip

Use the **snmp-server trusted-ip** command to set a SNMP trusted peer (The IP address, or subnet address that identifies which remote management stations are allowed to perform SNMP operations).

Syntax:

(config)# snmp-server trusted-ip {address|any}
[trusted-mask mask]

Field	Definition
address	Enter an IP address of a trusted peer.
any	Allow any IP address trusted peer access.
trusted-mask mask	This is an optional parameter, enter the subnet mask of the trusted peer IP address.

Example: (config) # snmp-server trusted ip any

static-dns

Use the **static-dns** command to configure the DNS Static entries. To delete static DNS entries, see *no static-dns* command on page 4-51.

Syntax: (config) # static-dns hostname hostname ip-address address

Field	Definition
hostname	Enter a DNS static host name of the server.
address	Enter the DNS static IP address.

Example: (config) # static-dns hostname server1 ip-address 192.168.100.100

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

time-range

Use the **time-range** command to define availability of the Ethernet port. To delete a time range, see *no time-range* command on page 4-51.

Syntax:

(config) # time-range id schedule-id name schedule-name
{active|inactive} time-segment time-segment-id
{mon|tue|wed|thu|fri|sat|sun} time-range hh:mm-hh:mm

Field	Definition
schedule-id	Enter a schedule ID for the scheduler rule.
schedule-name	Enter a name for the scheduler rule.
active	Sets this time range to be active during the set time.
inactive	Sets this time range to be inactive during the set time.
time-segment-id	Enter time-range ID to apply. Range 0 - 9999
mon tue wed thu fri sat sun	Select the days of the week the interface for the rule.
hh:mm-hh:mm	Set the range of time, start time-end time. hh = hours, range 00 - 23 mm = minutes, range 00 - 59

Example: (config) # time-range id 1 name test1 active time-segment 2 mon

08:00-18:00

username

Use the **username** command to create/modify a user profile for CLI. To delete a username, see *no username* command on page 4-51.

Field	Definition
name	Enter a User name, with a maximum of 15 characters.
password	Password for the user, with a maximum of 15 characters. This is an optional parameter. Default is "password".
admin	Read/write privileges, including user access management.
monitor	Read only privileges. Default is monitor.
operator	Read/write privileges, excluding user access management.

Example: (config) # username johndoe password mypassword operator

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

vlan (global)

Use the **vlan** command to allow access to the global VLAN configuration commands. See *Chapter 20, Configuration - VLAN Mode* for commands in this mode. To clear VLANs, see the *no vlan* command on page 4-52.

Syntax: (config) # vlan Example: (config) # vlan (config-vlan) #

vlan (vlan-id)

Use the **vlan** command to allow access to the VLAN port configuration commands. See *Chapter 21*, *Configuration - VLAN Port Mode* for commands in this mode.

Syntax: (config) # vlan v-id

Field	Definition
v-id	VLAN identifier. Range 2-4096.

Example: (config) # vlan 100

(config-vlan-100)#

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

voice-codec

Use the **voice-codec** command to select which codecs are to be enabled and allows the user to set the Packetization Time for that codec. To disable a codec, see *no voice-codec* command on page 4-52.

Syntax: (config) # voice-codec $\{g711alaw|g711ulaw|g729\}$ ptime $\{10|20|30|40|50|60|70|80\}$

Field	Definition
g711alaw	G.711, 64kbps, A-law
g711ulaw	G.711, 64kbps, μ-law
g729	G.729, 8kbps
ptime	Set the Packetization Time for the codec. Default for all is 20. Packetization Time for each codec is as follows: G.711A-Law = 10, 20, 30, 40, 50 or 60 G.711μ-Law = 10, 20, 30, 40, 50 or 60 G.729 = 10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 60, 70 or 80

Example: (config) # voice-codec g711alaw ptime 30

voice-port (global)

Use the **voice-port fxs** command to allow access to the Voice Port (global) configuration commands. See *Chapter 22, Configuration - Voice Port Mode* for commands in this mode.

Syntax: (config) # voice-port

Example: (config) # voice-port
(config-vport) #

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

voice-port fxs

Use the **voice-port fxs** command to allow access to the Voice Port FXS configuration commands. See *Chapter 23, Configuration - Voice Port FXS Mode* for commands in this mode.

Syntax: (config)# voice-port fxs port

Field	Definition
port	FXS voice port number. Adit 3104: Range = 1-8. Adit 3500: Range = 1-4. MSR: Range = 1-48.

Example: (config) # voice-port fxs 1

(config-vport-fxs-1)#

voice-port trunk

Use the **voice-port trunk** command to allow access to the Voice Port Trunk configuration commands. See *Chapter 24, Configuration - Voice Port Trunk Mode* for commands in this mode. To remove access to a Voice Port Trunk, see *no voice-port trunk* command on page 4-52.

Syntax: (config) # voice-port trunk port

Field	Definition
port	FXS voice port trunk number. Value must be 1.

Example: (config) # voice-port trunk 1

(config-vport-trk-1)#

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

voice-service sip

Use the **voice-service sip** command to allow access to the Voice Service SIP configuration commands. See *Chapter 25, Configuration - Voice Service SIP Mode* for commands in this mode.

Syntax: (config)# voice-service sip

Example: (config)# voice-service sip

(config-serv-sip)#

Configuration - LCC Controller Mode

The LCC (Link Cross-Connect) Controller Configuration commands allow the user to configure the Link Cross-Connect parameters for the MSR card.

Note: The LCC Controller Configuration mode is supported by the MSR card only. For Controller Configuration commands for the Adit 3000 series, see *Chapter 6, Configuration - T1 Controller Mode*.

This sub-group is entered with the (config)# controller lcc command from the Configuration mode.

The LCC Controller commands are represented by the (config-cont-lcc- $\{n\}$)# prompt.

LCC Controller Commands

- description
- do
- end
- exit
- history
- no command
- shutdown

description

Use the Controller LCC description command to enter a description for the LCC.

Syntax: (config-cont-lcc-{n})# description text

Field	Definition
text	Enter a description for the LCC.

Example: (config-cont-lcc-1)# description LCC#1

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file. This command can be entered in any configuration mode with the same result.

Syntax: (config-cont-lcc-{n})# end

Example: (config-cont-lcc-1)# end

Supported Platforms: MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

Syntax: (config-cont-lcc-{n})# exit
Example: (config-cont-lcc-1)# exit

(config)#

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session. This command can be entered in any configuration mode.

Syntax: (config-cont-lcc-{n}) # history

Example: (config-cont-lcc-1) # history

history

description Test-LCC

no shutdown

history

Supported Platforms: MSR

no command

no shutdown

Use the Controller LCC **no shutdown** command to set the LCC up (in-service). To set the LCC down (Out-of-Service), see the *shutdown* command on page 5-6.

Syntax: (config-cont-lcc-{n}) # no shutdown
Example: (config-cont-lcc-1) # no shutdown

shutdown

Use the Controller LCC **shutdown** command to set the LCC interface down (out-of-service). To set the LCC up (in-service), see the *no shutdown* command on page 5-5.

Syntax: (config-cont-lcc-{n}) # shutdown
Example: (config-cont-lcc-1) # shutdown

Configuration - T1 Controller Mode

The T1 Controller Configuration commands allow the user to configure the T1 parameters on the Adit 3000 series.

Note: The T1 Controller Configuration mode is supported by the Adit 3000 series only. For Controller Configuration commands for the MSR card, see *Chapter 5, Configuration - LCC Controller Mode*.

This sub-group is entered with the (config)# controller t1 command from the Configuration mode.

The T1 Controller commands are represented by the (**config-cont-t1-** $\{n\}$)# prompt.

T1 Controller Commands

•	М	Δ	C	~	rı	n	tı	n	n

do

ds0-group

end

exit

fdl

framing

history

idle-pattern

• Ibo

linecode

loopback

loopdetect

no commands

pri-group

shutdown

tdm-group

threshold

description

Use the Controller T1 description command to set the circuit ID of the T1.

Syntax: (config-cont-t1-{n})# description text

Field	Definition
text	Enter a description for the Controller T1.

Example: (config-cont-t1-1)# description T1#1

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

ds0-group

Use the Controller T1 **ds0-group** command to create a group of T1s. To delete a DS0 group, see *no ds0-group* command on page 6-9.

Syntax: (config-cont-t1-{n})# ds0-group timeslots range

Field	Definition
range	DS0 timeslot range, in the format n - n (1 - 4). Range is 1 - 24 .

Example: (config-cont-t1-1)# ds0-group timeslots 1-4

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file. This command can be entered in any configuration mode with the same result.

Syntax: (config-cont-t1-{n})# end

Example: (config-cont-t1-1)# end

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

fdl

Use the Controller T1 fdl command to set line Facilities Data Link (FDL) capabilities the T1 interface.

Syntax: $(config-cont-t1-\{n\})$ # fdl $\{none | t1.403\}$

Field	Definition
none	Disable FDL output messages. Default.
t1.403	Enable T1.403 FDL performance messages.

Example: (config-cont-t1-1)# fdl none

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500

framing

Use the Controller T1 **framing** command to set the framing option for the designated T1.

Syntax: (config-cont-t1- $\{n\}$) # framing $\{d4 \mid esf\}$

Field	Definition	
d4	D4 Superframe (SF)	
esf	Extended Superframe. Default.	

Example: (config-cont-t1-1) # framing d4

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session. This command can be entered in any configuration mode.

(config-cont-t1- $\{n\}$)# history Syntax: Example: (config-cont-t1-1)# history

> history framing d4 threshold daily lcv threshold d threshold daily pcv threshold daily bes threshold daily css threshold daily was 1000

history

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500

idle-pattern

Use the Controller T1 **idle-pattern** command to set the idle pattern on the designated T1.

Syntax: (config-cont-t1-{n})# idle-pattern number

Field	Definition
number	A hexadecimal number with a range from 0x00 to 0xff. This number must be preceded by 0x. Default 0x7f.

Example: (config-cont-t1-1) # idle-pattern 0x7f

lbo

lbo long

Use the Controller T1 **lbo long** command to set Line Build Out on the T1.

Syntax: $(config-cont-t1-\{n\}) \# lbo long \{-7.5db | -15db | -22.5db\}$

Field	Definition	
-7.5db	CSU attenuation for LBO of 7.5dB	
-15db	CSU attenuation for LBO of 15dB	
-22.5db	CSU attenuation for LBO of 22.5dB	

Example: (config-cont-t1-1) # lbo long -15db

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500

lbo short

Use the Controller T1 **lbo short** command to set Line Build Out on the T1.

Syntax: (config-cont-t1- $\{n\}$) # 1bo short $\{133 | 266 | 399 | 533 | 655\}$

Field	Definition
133	DSX-1 equalization for 0-133 ft. Default.
266	DSX-1 equalization for 133-266 ft.
399	DSX-1 equalization for 266-399 ft.
533	DSX-1 equalization for 399-533 ft.
655	DSX-1 equalization for 533-655 ft.

Example: (config-cont-t1-1) # lbo short 266

linecode

Use the Controller T1 **linecode** command to set the line coding for the designated T1.

Syntax: (config-cont-t1-{n}) # linecode {ami | b8zs}

Field	Definition	
ami	Alternate Mark Inversion line coding (AMI).	
b8zs	Binary 8 Zero Substitution line coding (B8ZS). Default.	

Example: (config-cont-t1-1)# linecode ami

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500

loopback

Use the Controller T1 loopback command enables a loopback on the T1.

Syntax: (config-cont-t1-{n})# loopback {line|none|payload}

Field	Definition
line	Line loopback enabled.
none	Loopback disabled. Default.
payload	Payload loopback enabled.

Example: (config-cont-t1-1) # loopback line

loopdetect

Use the Controller T1 **loopdetect** command to enable the detection of CSU or NIU loop code.

Syntax: (config-cont-t1-{n})# loopdetect {csu|niu|none}

Field	Definition
csu	Enable detection of CSU loop codes (10000 for loop up, 100 for loop down)
niu	Enable detection of NIU loop codes
none	Disable detection. Default.

Example: (config-cont-t1-1) # loopdetect csu Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500

no commands

no ds0-group

Use the Controller T1 **no ds0-group** command to ungroup DS0 timeslots. To group DS0s, see *ds0-group* command on page 6-4.

Syntax: (config-cont-t1-{n}) # no ds0-group Example: (config-cont-t1-1) # no ds0-group Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500

no pri-group

Use the Controller T1 **no pri-group** command to ungroup PRI timeslots. To group PRI timeslots, see *pri-group* command on page 6-10.

Syntax: (config-cont-t1-{n})# no pri-group timeslots range

Field	Definition	
range	PRI timeslot range, in the format n - n (l - 4). Range is 1 - 23 .	

Example: (config-cont-t1-1) # no pri-group timeslots 1-4

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500

no shutdown

Use the Controller T1 **no shutdown** command to set the T1 up (In-Service). To set the T1 down (Out-of-Service), see *shutdown* command on page 6-11.

Syntax: (config-cont-t1- $\{n\}$) # no shutdown

Example: (config-cont-t1-1) # no shutdown

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500

no tdm-group

Use the Controller T1 **no tdm-group** command to ungroup TDM timeslots. To group TDM timeslots, see *tdm-group* command on page 6-11.

Syntax: (config-cont-t1-{n})# no tdm-group timeslots range

Field	Definition	
range	TDM timeslot range, in the format n - n (1 - 4). Range is 1 - 24 .	

Example: (config-cont-t1-1) # no tdm-group timeslots 1-4 dir

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500

pri-group

Use the Controller T1 **pri-group** command to group PRI timeslots. To delete a PRI group, see *no pri-group* command on page 6-9.

Syntax: (config-cont-t1-{n})# pri-group timeslots range dir
{in|in-out|out}

Field	Definition	
range	PRI timeslot range, in the format n - n (l - 4). Range is 1 - 23.	
in	Defines the direction as incoming only.	
in-out	Defines the direction as both incoming and outgoing.	
out	Defines the direction as outgoing only.	

Example: (config-cont-t1-1) # pri-group timeslots 1-4

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500

shutdown

Use the Controller T1 **shutdown** command to set the T1 interface down (out-of-service). To set the T1 up (in-service) see *no shutdown* command on page 6-10.

Syntax: (config-cont-t1-{n})# shutdown
Example: (config-cont-t1-1)# shutdown

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500

tdm-group

Use the Controller T1 **tdm-group** command to create a group and define its direction. To delete a TDM group, see *no tdm-group* command on page 6-10.

Syntax: (config-cont-t1-{n})# tdm-group timeslots range dir
{in|in-out|out}

Field	Definition	
range	TDM timeslot range, in the format n - n (1 - 4). Range is 1 - 24 .	
in	Defines the direction as incoming only.	
in-out	Defines the direction as both incoming and outgoing.	
out	Defines the direction as outgoing only.	

Example: (config-cont-t1-1) # tdm-group timeslots 1-4 dir in-out

threshold

Use the Controller T1 **threshold** command to define the interval and threshold levels for this T1.

Syntax: $(config-cont-t1-\{n\})$ # threshold $\{daily|min15\}$ $\{bes|css|dm|es|lcv|les|pcv|sefs|ses|uas\}$ $\{value\}$

Threshold Settings	Minute 15	Daily
BES - Bursty Errored Seconds	Default is 0.	Default is 0.
Defect Threshold	Range is 0 - 900	Range is 0 - 86400
CSS - Controller Slip Seconds	Default is 0.	Default is 0.
Defect Threshold	Range is 0 - 900	Range is 0 - 86400
DM - Degraded Minutes	Default is 0.	Default is 0.
Threshold	Range is 0 - 15	Range is 0 - 1440
ES - Errored Seconds Defect	Default is 0.	Default is 0.
Threshold	Range is 0 - 900	Range is 0 - 86400
LCV - Line Code Violations	Default is 0.	Default is 0.
Defect Threshold	Range is 0 - 1389600	Range is 0 - 133401600
LES - Line Errored Seconds	Default is 0.	Default is 0.
Defect Threshold	Range is 0 - 900	Range is 0 - 86400
PCV - Path Code Violation	Default is 0.	Default is 0.
Defect Threshold	Range is 0 - 1389600	Range is 0 - 133401600
SEFS - Severely Errored	Default is 0.	Default is 0.
Frame Seconds Threshold	Range is 0 - 900	Range is 0 - 86400
SES - Severely Errored	Default is 0.	Default is 0.
Seconds Threshold	Range is 0 - 900	Range is 0 - 86400
UAS - Unavailable Seconds	Default is 0.	Default is 0.
Defect Threshold	Range is 0 - 900	Range is 0 - 86400

Example: (config-cont-t1-1) # threshold 15min les 1200

Configuration - DHCP Pool Ethernet Mode

The DHCP Pool Configuration commands allow the user to configure the DHCP parameters for each interface.

This sub-group is entered with the **(config)# ip dhcp pool ethernet** command from the Configuration mode.

The DHCP Pool commands are represented by the (config-dhcp-eth-{n})# prompt.

DHCP Pool Commands

- do
- end
- · end-address
- exit
- history
- lease
- no commands
- option
- relay
- start-address
- · static-lease
- subnet-mask
- wins server

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file. This command can be entered in any configuration mode with the same result.

Syntax: (config-dhcp-eth-{n})# end

Example: (config-dhcp-eth-1)# end

#

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

end-address

Use the DHCP **end-address** command to define the DHCP end address. This command works with the **start-address** (start IP address) to define the number of IP addresses in the DHCP pool. This also limits the number of hosts that may be connected to the network in this subnet. End-address defines the last IP address that may be assigned in this subnet.

Syntax: (config-dhcp-eth-{n})# end-address address

Field	Definition
address	The ending address of the client address pool, in the form of
	xxx.xxx.xxx, where xxx is between 0-255

Example: (config-dhcp-eth-1) # end-address 192.168.1.255

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

Syntax: $(config-dhcp-eth-\{n\})$ # exit

Example: (config-dhcp-eth-1)# exit

Example: (config)#

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session.

NOTE: This command can be entered in any configuration mode.

Syntax: (config-dhcp-eth-{n})# history

Example: (config-dhcp-eth-1)# history

end-address 192.168.1.250
 lease 900
 relay 192.168.1.120
 start-address 192.168.1.1
 subnet-mask 255.255.255.0
 history

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

lease

Use the DHCP **lease** command to define the DHCP lease time, in minutes. This defines the lease duration, or the length of time for which the IP address can be used before a lease renewal is required, or if the address is no longer in use, it is automatically returned to the pool for reallocation.

Syntax: (config-dhcp-eth-{n}) # lease time

Field	Definition
time	Enter the DHCP lease time. Range is 1 - 71582788 minutes, with a default of 60.

Example: (config-dhcp-eth-1) # lease 120

no commands

no option

Use the DHCP Pool **no option** command to delete a DHCP option. To add a DHCP pool, see *option* command on page 7-6.

Syntax: (config-dhcp-eth- $\{n\}$) # no option $\{66 | 67\}$

Field	Definition
66	Remove/Disable option 66 (TFTP server name).
67	Remove/Disable option 67 (Boot file name).

Example: (config-dhcp-eth-1) # no option 66

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no relay

Use the DHCP Pool **no relay** command to disable DHCP relay. To enable relay, see *relay* command on page 7-6.

Syntax: (config-dhcp-eth-{n}) # no relay

Example: (config-dhcp-eth-1) # no relay

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no static-lease

Use the DHCP Pool **no static-lease** command to remove a static DHCP lease. To add a static lease, see *static-lease* command on page 7-7.

Syntax: (config-dhcp-eth-{n})# no static-lease ip-address address

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address of the static lease to remove.

Example: (config-dhcp-eth-1) # no static-lease ip-address 10.10.2.100

option

Use the **option** command to configure DHCP options per RFC 2132. To delete an option, see *no option* command on page 7-5.

Syntax:

(config-dhcp-eth-{n})# option {66 {enable|value}
{address|hostname}|67 {enable|value filename}

Field	Definition
66	66 - Send the TFTP server name. address - Enter the IP address of the TFTP server. hostname - Enter the host name of the TFTP server.
67	67 - Send the Boot file name. filename - Enter the boot file name.
enable	To enable the DHCP option.

Example: (config-dhcp-eth-1) # option value 66 10.10.5.100

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

relay

Use the DHCP Pool **relay** command to configure DHCP relay. The DHCP relay is responsible for forwarding the requests and responses negotiating between the DHCP clients and the server. To delete DHCP relay, see *no relay* command on page 7-5.

Syntax: (config-dhcp-eth-{n})# relay address1 [address2] [address3] ...

Field	Definition
address	The DHCP relay IP address, in the form of xxx.xxx.xxx, where xxx is between 0-255
address1, address 2,	Optional address parameter, to enter additional DHCP relay IP addresses, in the form of xxx.xxx.xxx, where xxx is between 0-255

start-address

Use the DHCP Pool **start-address** command to define the DHCP start IP address. This command works with the **end-address** (end IP address) to define the number of IP addresses in the DHCP pool. This also limits the number of hosts that may be connected to the network in this subnet. Start defines the first IP address that may be assigned in this subnet.

Syntax: (config-dhcp-eth-{n})# start-address address

Field	Definition
address	The starting address of the client address pool, in the form of xxx.xxx.xxx, where xxx is between 0-255

Example: (config-dhcp-eth-1) # start-address 192.168.1.1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

static-lease

Use the DHCP Pool **static-lease** command to add a static DHCP lease. To delete a lease, see *no static-lease* command on page 7-5.

Syntax: (config-dhcp-eth-{n}) # static-lease ip-address address hostname hostname

Field	Definition
address	The starting address of the client address pool, in the form of xxx.xxx.xxx, where xxx is between 0-255
hostname	Set the static lease host name

Example: (config-dhcp-eth-1) # static-lease ip-address 192.168.1.100

hostname www.turinnetworks.com

subnet-mask

Use the DHCP Pool **subnet-mask** command to define the subnet mask for the DHCP pool.

Syntax: (config-dhcp-eth-{n})# subnet-mask mask

Field	Definition
mask	Enter the DHCP pool subnet mask, using the form xxx.xxx.xxx, where xxx is a number from 0 to 255. This is an optional setting.

Example: (config-dhcp-eth-1) # subnet-mask 255.255.255.0

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

wins server

Use the DHCP Pool wins sever command to set the WINS server IP address of the client address pool.

Syntax: (config-dhcp-eth-{n})# wins server address

Field	Definition
address	The WINS server IP address of the client address pool, in the form of
	xxx.xxx.xxx, where xxx is between 0-255

Example: (config-dhcp-eth-1) # wins server 192.168.3.1

Configuration - Dial Peer FXS Mode

The Dial Peer FXS Configuration commands allow the user to configure the Dial Peer FXS parameters. Enter this sub-group with the **(config)# dial-peer voice pots fxs** *port* command from the Configuration mode.

The Dial Peer FXS commands are represented by the (config-dpeer-fxs)# prompt.

Dial Peer FXS Commands

- block-out-caller-id
- call-wait-caller-id
- · call-waiting
- calling-party-disc
- codec preference
- · destination-pattern
- do
- end
- exit
- fax-protocol
- history
- modem-protocol
- no commands
- sip-authentication

block-out-caller-id

Use the Dial Peer **block-out-caller-id** command to enable the blocking of outgoing Caller ID. To disable blocking, see *no block-out-caller-id* command on page 8-8.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-fxs)# block-out-caller-id enable
Example: (config-dpeer-fxs)# block-out-caller-id enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

call-wait-caller-id

Use the Dial Peer **call-wait-caller-id** command to enable Call Waiting and Caller ID. To disable these calling features, see *no call-wait-caller-id* command on page 8-8.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-fxs)# call-wait-caller-id enable
Example: (config-dpeer-fxs)# call-wait-caller-id enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

call-waiting

Use the Dial Peer **call-waiting** command to enable Call Waiting. To disable Call Waiting, see *no call-waiting* command on page 8-8.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-fxs)# call-waiting enable
Example: (config-dpeer-fxs)# call-waiting enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

calling-party-disc

Use the Dial Peer **calling-party-disc** command to enable Calling Party Disconnect. To disable this feature, see *no calling-party-disc* command on page 8-8.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-fxs) # calling-party-disc enable

Example: (config-dpeer-fxs) # calling-party-disc enable

codec preference

Use the Dial Peer **codec preference** command to set the codec preferences used to establish the codec list offered during media negotiation. To delete a codec, see *no codec preference* command on page 8-9.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-fxs)# codec preference $\{1|2|3\}$ $\{g711a1aw|g711u1aw|g729\}$

Field	Definition
1 2 3	Enter the preference number. #1 being the first preference.
g711alaw	Set the codec preference to G.711 A-law.
g711ulaw	Set the codec preference to G.711 U-law.
g729	Set the codec preference to G.729. Note: This codec is not supported by the Adit 3500 or MSR for FXS.

Example: (config-dpeer-fxs) # codec preference 1 g711alaw

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

destination-pattern

Use the Dial Peer **destination-pattern** command to define the full telephone number to be used for a dial peer.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-fxs) # destination-pattern number

Field	Definition
number	Enter the phone number to be used for a dial peer.

Example: (config-dpeer-fxs)# destination-pattern 5551212

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file.

```
Syntax: (config-dpeer-fxs)# end
Example: (config-dpeer-fxs)# end
#
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

fax-protocol

Use the Dial Peer **fax-protocol** command to configure the fax protocol.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-fxs) # fax-protocol {none|pass-through|t38}

Field	Definition
none	A Fax call would be treated as a normal voice call. Default.
pass-through	Will cause the line to transmit in G.711 mode, with echo cancellation and silence suppression disabled, on detection of Fax tone.
t38	Upon detection of a Fax tone on the port, will cause the gateway to negotiate a T.38 session with its peer and if successful, will enter T.38 Fax-relay mode. Will dynamically consume a T.38 token for the session. Note: For the MSR, T.38 will be supported in a future release.

Example: (config-dpeer-fxs) # fax-protocol none

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session. This command can be entered in any configuration mode.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-fxs) # history
Example: (config-dpeer-fxs) # history

history
block-out-caller-id enable
call-wait-caller-id enable
call-waiting enable
calling-party-disc enable
codec preference 1 g729
history

modem-protocol

Use the Dial Peer **modem-protocol** command to configure the modem protocol.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-fxs) # modem-protocol {none | pass-through}

Field	Definition
none	A Modem call would be treated as a normal voice call. Default.
pass-through	Will cause the line to transmit in G.711 mode, with echo cancellation and silence suppression disabled, on detection of Modem tone.

Example: (config-dpeer-fxs) # modem-protocol pass-though

no commands

no block-out-caller-id

Use the Dial Peer **no block-out-caller-id** command to disable the Caller ID blocking. To enable blocking, see *block-out-caller-id* command on page 8-2.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-fxs)# no block-out-caller-id
Example: (config-dpeer-fxs)# no block-out-caller-id

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

no call-wait-caller-id

Use the Dial Peer **no call-wait-caller-id** command to disable Call Waiting Caller ID. To enable these calling features, see *call-wait-caller-id* command on page 8-2.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-fxs)# no call-wait-caller-id
Example: (config-dpeer-fxs)# no call-wait-caller-id

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

no call-waiting

Use the Dial Peer **no call-waiting** command to disable Call Waiting. To enable Call Waiting, see *call-waiting* command on page 8-2.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-fxs)# no call-waiting
Example: (config-dpeer-fxs)# no call-waiting

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

no calling-party-disc

Use the Dial Peer **no calling-party-disc** command to disable Calling Party Disconnect. To enable this feature, see *calling-party-disc* command on page 8-2.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-fxs) # no calling-party-disc
Example: (config-dpeer-fxs) # no calling-party-disc

no codec preference

Use the Dial Peer **no codec preference** command to remove a codec preference. To set the codec preferences, see *codec preference* command on page 8-3.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-fxs) # no codec preference $\{1|2|3\}$

Field	Definition
1 2 3	Remove a specific codec preference. Range 1 - 3

Example: (config-dpeer-fxs) # no codec preference 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

no sip-authentication

Use the Dial Peer **no sip-authentication** command to disable SIP authentication. To enable SIP authentication, see *sip-authentication* command on page 8-10.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-fxs) # no sip-authentication

Example: (config-dpeer-fxs) # no sip-authentication

sip-authentication

Note: To disable this SIP authentication, see the *no sip-authentication* command on page 8-9.

sip-authentication enable

Use the Dial Peer **sip-authentication enable** command to enable SIP.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-fxs) # sip-authentication enable
Example: (config-dpeer-fxs) # sip-authentication enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

sip-authentication password

Use the Dial Peer **sip-authentication password** command to set the SIP password.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-fxs)# sip-authentication password password

Field	Definition
password	The password to be used when responding to authentication requests.

Example: (config-dpeer-fxs) # sip-authentication password

test-password

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

sip-authentication username

Use the Dial Peer **sip-authentication username** command to set the SIP ID.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-fxs) # sip-authentication username username

Field	Definition
username	The User ID to be used when responding to authentication requests. Default is the User ID of the line.

Example: (config-dpeer-fxs) # sip-authentication username

test-user-1

Configuration - Dial Peer Trunk Mode

The Dial Peer Trunk Configuration commands allow the user to configure the Dial Peer Trunk parameters.

Enter this sub-group with the **(config)# dial-peer voice pots trunk** *trunk dest-port* command from the Configuration mode.

The Dial Peer Trunk commands are represented by the (config-dpeer-trk)# prompt.

Note: The Dial Peer Trunk option is not supported on the Adit 3104.

Dial Peer Trunk Commands

- codec preference
- · destination-pattern
- do
- end
- exit
- fax-protocol
- history
- modem-protocol
- no commands
- prefix
- sip-authentication
- · strip-digits

codec preference

Use the Dial Peer **codec preference** command to set the codec preferences used to establish the codec list offered during media negotiation. To delete a preference, see *no codec preference* command on page 9-6.

Syntax:

(config-dpeer-trk)# codec preference $\{1|2|3\}$ $\{g711a1aw|g711u1aw|g729\}$

Field	Definition
1 2 3	Enter the preference number. #1 being the first preference.
g711alaw	Set the codec preference to G.711 A-law.
g711ulaw	Set the codec preference to G.711 U-law.
g729	Set the codec preference to G.729.

Example: (config-dpeer-trk) # codec preference 1 g711alaw

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

destination-pattern

Use the Dial Peer **destination-pattern** command to assign dial patterns to the trunk. To delete a pattern, see *no destination-pattern* command on page 9-6.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-trk)# destination-pattern dest-pattern

Field	Definition
dest-pattern	Enter the phone number pattern that must be matched for calls to be routed to the trunk. Use ? as a wildcard that can be replaced with any single digit. Use \$ as a wildcard that can be replaced with multiple digits (all digits following the \$ are ignored).

Example: (config-dpeer-trk) # destination-pattern 555\$

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-trk) # end
Example: (config-dpeer-trk) # end

#

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

Syntax: (config-dpeer-trk)# exit

Example: (config-dpeer-trk)# exit

(config)#

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

fax-protocol

Use the Dial Peer **fax-protocol** command to configure the fax protocol.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-trk) # fax-protocol {none|pass-through|t38}

Field	Definition
none	A Fax call would be treated as a normal voice call. Default.
pass-through	Will cause the line to transmit in G.711 mode, with echo cancellation and silence suppression disabled, on detection of Fax tone.
t38	Upon detection of a Fax tone on the port, will cause the gateway to negotiate a T.38 session with its peer and if successful, will enter T.38 Fax-relay mode. Will dynamically consume a T.38 token for the session. Note: For the MSR, T.38 will be supported in a future release.

Example: (config-dpeer-trk)# fax-protocol none

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-trk) # history
Example: (config-dpeer-trk) # history

destination-pattern
fax-protocol none
modem-protocol pass-through
sip-authentication enable
strip-digits
history

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

modem-protocol

Use the Dial Peer **modem-protocol** command to configure the modem protocol.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-trk) # modem-protocol {none | pass-through}

Field	Definition
none	A Modem call would be treated as a normal voice call. Default.
pass-through	Will cause the line to transmit in G.711 mode, with echo cancellation and silence suppression disabled, on detection of Modem tone.

Example: (config-dpeer-trk) # modem-protocol pass-though

no commands

no codec preference

Use the Dial Peer **no codec preference** command to remove a codec preference. To set the preferences, see *codec preference* command on page 9-2.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-trk) # no codec preference {1|2|3}

Field	Definition
1 2 3	Set the preference level. Range 1 - 3.

Example: (config-dpeer-trk) # no codec preference 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

no destination-pattern

Use the Dial Peer **no destination-pattern** command to remove a destination pattern. To set the destination pattern, see *destination-pattern* command on page 9-2.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-trk) # no destination-pattern
Example: (config-dpeer-trk) # no destination-pattern

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

no sip-authentication

Use the Dial Peer **no sip-authentication** command to disable SIP authentication. To configure SIP authentication, see *sip-authentication* command on page 9-7.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-trk) # no sip-authentication
Example: (config-dpeer-trk) # no sip-authentication

prefix

Use the Dial Peer **prefix** command to define the prefix of the phone number.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-trk)# prefix prefix

Field	Definition
prefix	Prefix is the digits or a name to be added to the phone number after the
	stripping process has been applied. Up to 10 digits may be entered.

Example: (config-dpeer-trk) # prefix 1303

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

sip-authentication

Note: To delete SIP authentication, see no sip-authentication command on page 9-6.

sip-authentication enable

Use the Dial Peer **sip-authentication enable** command to enable SIP.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-trk) # sip-authentication enable

Example: (config-dpeer-trk) # sip-authentication enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

sip-authentication password

Use the Dial Peer sip-authentication password command to set the SIP password.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-trk) # sip-authentication password password

Field	Definition
password	The password to be used when responding to authentication requests.

Example: (config-dpeer-trk) # sip-authentication password

test-password

sip-authentication username

Use the Dial Peer **sip-authentication username** command to set the SIP ID.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-trk)# sip-authentication username username

Field	Definition
username	The User ID to be used when responding to authentication requests. Default is the User ID of the line.

Example: (config-dpeer-trk) # sip-authentication username

test-user-1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

strip-digits

Use the Dial Peer **strip-digits** command to configure the number of digits (or characters) to be stripped off from the left most digits in the phone number. Possible usages include stripping off the area code, or the 3-digit office prefix.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-trk) # strip-digits number

Field	Definition
number	Range is based on the defined phone number. Default is set to 0.

Example: (config-dpeer-trk)# strip-digits 4

Configuration - Dial Peer VolP Mode

The Dial Peer VoIP Configuration commands allow the user to configure the Dial Peer VoIP parameters.

Enter this sub-group with the **(config)# dial-peer voice voip** *port* command from the Configuration mode.

The Dial Peer VoIP commands are represented by the (config-dpeer-voip)# prompt.

Dial Peer VolP Commands

- destination-pattern
- do
- end
- exit
- history
- no commands
- prefix
- · session-target
- · strip-digits
- user-id

destination-pattern

Use the Dial Peer **destination-pattern** command to define the full telephone number to be used for a dial peer. To delete a preference, see *no destination-pattern* command on page 10-5.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-voip) # destination-pattern number

Field	Definition
number	Enter the phone number to be used for a dial peer.

Example: (config-dpeer-voip) # destination-pattern 5551212

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file.

```
Syntax: (config-dpeer-voip) end
Example: (config-dpeer-voip)# end
#
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session.

```
Syntax: (config-dpeer-voip)# history

Example: (config-dpeer-voip)# history

exit
    destination-pattern ddddd
    destination-pattern
    modem-protocol none
    sip-authentication
    sip-authentication enable
    history
```

no commands

no destination-pattern

Use the Dial Peer **no destination-pattern** command to remove a destination pattern. To set the destination pattern, see *destination-pattern* command on page 10-2.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-voip)# no destination-pattern
Example: (config-dpeer-voip)# no destination-pattern

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

no prefix

Use the Dial Peer **no prefix** command to remove the prefix of the phone number. To define a prefix, see *prefix* command on page 10-6.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-voip) # no prefix

Example: (config-dpeer-voip) # no prefix 1303

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

no session-target

Use the Dial Peer **no session-target** command to remove session target. To configure a session target, see *session-target* command on page 10-6.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-voip) # no session-target
Example: (config-dpeer-voip) # no session target

prefix

Use the Dial Peer **prefix** command to define the prefix of the phone number. To delete a prefix, see *no prefix* command on page 10-5.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-voip) # prefix prefix

Field	Definition
prefix	Prefix is the digits or a name to be added to the phone number after the
	stripping process has been applied. Up to 10 digits may be entered.

Example: (config-dpeer-voip) # prefix 1303 Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

session-target

Use the Dial Peer **session-target** command to configure the session target. To delete a target, see *no session-target* command on page 10-5.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-voip) # session-target {hostname hostname|
 ip-address address|local fxs-number|proxy}

Field	Definition
hostname	Indicates that the domain name server will be used to resolve the name of the IP address.
address	Enter the IP address of the dial peer.
fxs-number	Enter an FXS port. Adit 3104: Range = 1 - 24. Adit 3500: Range = 1 - 4. MSR: Range = 1 - 48.
proxy	Set the session target to be routed through the proxy.

Example: (config-dpeer-voip) # session-target ip-address 192.168.1.100

strip-digits

Use the Dial Peer **strip-digits** command to configure the number of digits (or characters) to be stripped off from the left most digits in the phone number. Possible usages include stripping off the area code, or the 3-digit office prefix.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-voip) # strip-digits number

Field	Definition
number	Range is based on the defined phone number. Default is set to 0.

Example: (config-dpeer-voip) # strip-digits 4

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

user-id

Use the Dial Peer **user-id** command to configure a user ID for the line.

Syntax: (config-dpeer-voip) # user-id user-id

Field	Definition
user-id	Enter a user ID for the line, with a maximum of 20 characters.

Example: (config-dpeer-voip) # user-id testname

CHAPTER 11

Configuration - Ethernet Interface Mode

The Ethernet Interface Configuration commands allow the user to configure the Ethernet interface parameters.

Enter this sub-group with the (config)# interface ethernet command from the Configuration mode. The Ethernet Interface commands are represented by the (config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# prompt.

Ethernet Interface Commands

- description
- do
- end
- exit
- firewall
- full-duplex
- · half-duplex
- history
- · ip address
- ip default-gateway
- ip default-route
- ip dhcp
- ip mtu
- ip ospf authentication
- ip ospf authentication-key
- ip ospf cost
- ip ospf dead-interval
- ip ospf disable
- ip ospf hello-interval
- ip ospf message-digest-key

- · ip ospf priority
- ip ospf retransmit-interval
- ip ospf transmit-delay
- · ip primary-dns
- ip proxy-arp
- ip rip
- ip route
- ip route-mode
- ip secondary-dns
- metric
- no commands
- release
- remote-admin
- renew
- schedule-availability
- shutdown
- sip-alg
- speed
- tos

description

Use the Ethernet Interface **description** command to set the description for this Ethernet interface.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n})# description text

Field	Definition
text	Enter a description for the Ethernet interface with a maximum of 64 characters.

Example: (config-int-eth-1)# description Eth#1

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file. This command can be entered in any configuration mode with the same result.

```
Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n})# end
Example: (config-int-eth-1)# end
#
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

firewall

Use the **firewall** command to enable the configured firewall. To delete a preference, see *no firewall* command on page 11-17.

```
Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n})# firewall enable

Example: (config-int-eth-1)# firewall enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR
```

full-duplex

Use the Ethernet Interface **full-duplex** command to specify the Ethernet PHY (physical specifications) mode to full duplex.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n})# full-duplex
Example: (config-int-eth-1)# full-duplex

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

half-duplex

Use the Ethernet Interface **half-duplex** command to specify the Ethernet PHY (physical specifications) mode to half duplex.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n})# half-duplex
Example: (config-int-eth-1)# half-duplex

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session. This command can be entered in any configuration mode.

```
Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n})# history

Example: (config-int-eth-1)# history

schedule-availability rule1

history

full-duplex

ip rip

ip rip enable

ip address

speed auto

history
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip address

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip address** command to set the IP address for the Ethernet port. To remove an IP address, see *no ip address* command on page 11-17.

Syntax:

(config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# ip address $\{address mask mask [secondary] | auto\}$

Field	Definition
address	Enter an IP address to assign to the Ethernet port.
mask	Enter a subnet mask for the Ethernet IP address.
auto	Use DHCP to assign an IP address.
secondary	This optional parameter, defines the address to be a secondary IP address.

Example: (config-int-eth-1)# ip address 192.168.2.100 mask 255.255.255.0

ip default-gateway

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip default-gateway** command to set the default gateway for the Ethernet port.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n})# ip default-gateway address

Field	Definition
address	Enter a default gateway address to the Ethernet port.

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # ip default-gateway 192.168.100.150

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip default-route

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip default-route** command to enable the default route. To disable the default route, see *no ip default-route* command on page 11-17.

Syntax: (config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# ip default-route enable Example: (config-int-eth-1)# ip default-route enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip dhcp

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip dhcp** command to enable the use of DHCP options 66 and 67 to autoconfigure the system. To disable DHCP, see *no ip dhcp* command on page 11-17.

Syntax: (config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# ip dhcp auto-provision Example: (config-int-eth-1)# ip dhcp auto-provision

ip mtu

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip mtu** command to set the Maximum Transmission Unit. Sets the largest packet size (bytes) the network will allow to transmit.

Syntax: (config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# ip mtu $\{size | auto\}$

Field	Definition
size	Allows the user to set the Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU). size = range of 576 to 1500 bytes.
auto	Auto sets the MTU at 1500 bytes.

Example: (config-int-eth-1)# ip mtu auto

ip ospf authentication

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip ospf authentication** command to enable the authentication method (either message-digest or simple authentication) for this Ethernet interface. To remove the authentication type for this interface set the parameter to null or see *no ip ospf authentication* command on page 11-18.

Note: If an optional parameter is not entered, the authentication method of **simple authentication** is applied to the interface.

Syntax:

(config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# ip ospf authentication [message-digest|null]

Field	Definition
message-digest	Optional parameter. Enables MD5 Authentication on the area.
null	Optional parameter. No authentication is used. Note: This is useful for overriding password or message-digest authentication if configured for an area.

Example: (config-int-eth-1)# ip ospf authentication message-digest

Note: The authentication key must be defined before this command is implemented.

Therefore if setting simple authentication:

Example: ip ospf authentication-key pass777 ip ospf authentication

Therefore if setting **message-digest**:

Example: ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 pass777

ip ospf authentication message-digest

ip ospf authentication-key

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip ospf authentication-key** command to assign a password to be used by neighboring routers, that are using OSPF's simple password authentication. To remove a previously assigned password, see *no ip ospf authentication-key* command on page 11-18.

Syntax: $(config-int-eth-\{n\})$ # ip ospf authentication-key password

Field	Definition
password	Enter a password, with up to 8 characters.

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # ip ospf authentication-key pass777

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf cost

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip ospf cost** command to define the cost of sending a packet on this Ethernet interface. To reset the path cost to the default setting of 0, see *no ip ospf cost* command on page 11-18.

Syntax: (config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# ip ospf cost cost

Field	Definition
cost	Range is 1-65535, with a default of 0.

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # ip ospf cost 5

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf dead-interval

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip ospf dead-interval** command to define the interval of time that no hello packets have been seen before neighbors declare the router down. To reset the interval of time to the default setting of 40 seconds, see *no ip ospf dead-interval* command on page 11-18.

Syntax: (config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# ip ospf dead-interval seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1-65535 seconds, with a default of 40.
	Note: This value must be the same for all nodes on the network.

Example: (config-int-eth-1)# ip ospf dead-interval 50

ip ospf disable

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip ospf disable** command to disable OSPF processing on this interface. To enable OSPF on this interface, see *no ip ospf disable* command on page 11-19.

Syntax: (config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# ip ospf disable all Example: (config-int-eth-1)# ip ospf disable all Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf hello-interval

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip ospf hello-interval** command to define the interval of time between hello packets sent on the interface. To reset the interval of time to the default setting of the path cost to the default setting of 10 seconds, see *no ip ospf hello-interval* command on page 11-19.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n})# ip ospf hello-interval seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1-65535 seconds, with a default of 10.
	Note: This value must be the same for all nodes on the network.

Example: (config-int-eth-1)# ip ospf hello-interval 12

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf message-digest-key

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip ospf message-digest-key** command to enable OSPF MD5 (Message-Digest) authentication. To remove an old MD5 key, see *no ip ospf message-digest-key* command on page 11-19.

Syntax: (config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# ip ospf message-digest-key key-id md5 key

Field	Definition
key-id	Enter an ID for this key. Range is 1-255.
key	Enter a alphanumeric password, with up to 8 characters.

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 pass777

ip ospf priority

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip ospf priority** command to set the router priority, which determines the designated router for this network. To restore the default setting of priority 1, see *no ip ospf priority* command on page 11-20.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n})# ip ospf priority priority

Field	Definition
priority	Enter an ID for this key. Range is 0-255.

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # ip ospf priority 2

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf retransmit-interval

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip ospf retransmit-interval** command to define the interval of time between link state advertisement retransmissions for adjacencies belonging to the interface. To restore the default value of 5 seconds, see *no ip ospf retransmit-interval* command on page 11-20.

Syntax: $(config-int-eth-\{n\})$ # ip ospf retransmit-interval seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1-65535 seconds, with a default of 5.

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # ip ospf retransmit-interval 10

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf transmit-delay

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip ospf transmit-delay** command to define the estimated time to transmit a link state update packet on the interface. To restore the default value of 1 second, see *no ip ospf transmit-delay* command on page 11-20.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n})# ip ospf transmit-delay seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1-65535 seconds, with a default of 1.

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # ip ospf retransmit-interval 10

ip primary-dns

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip primary-dns** command to configure the primary DNS. To delete a primary DNS, see *no ip primary-dns* command on page 11-20.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n})# ip primary-dns address

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address of the primary server.

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # ip primary-dns 192.168.1.100

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip proxy-arp

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip proxy-arp** command to enable proxy ARP on this interface. To disable proxy ARP, see *no ip proxy-arp* command on page 11-21.

Syntax: $(config-int-eth-\{n\})$ # ip proxy-arp

Example: (config-int-eth-1)# ip proxy-arp

ip rip

ip rip enable

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip rip enable** command to enable RIP on this interface. To disable RIP, see *no ip rip* command on page 11-21.

Syntax: (config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# ip rip enable

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # ip rip enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip rip receive-version

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip rip receive-version** command to configure the RIP receive messages on this interface.

Syntax: (config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# ip rip receive-version $\{1|2|1$ or2|none $\}$

Field	Definition
1	Receive RIP version 1
2	Receive RIP version 2
1or2	Receive RIP version 1 and 2.
none	Set RIP version to none.

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # ip rip receive-version none

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip rip send-version

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip rip send-version** command to configure the send RIP messages on this interface.

Syntax: (config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# ip rip send-version $\{1 \mid 2\text{-bcast} \mid 2\text{-mcast} \mid none\}$

Field	Definition
1	Send RIP version 1.
2-bcast	Send RIP version 2 - Broadcast.
2-mcast	Send RIP version 2 - Multicast.
none	Set send RIP version to none.

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # ip rip send-version 2-bcast

ip route

Use the Ethernet Interface ip route command to configure the static routes on this interface. To delete a route, see no ip route command on page 11-21.

Syntax:

(config-int-eth-{n})# ip route dest-ip-addr mask mask gateway gateway metric metric

Field	Definition
dest-ip-addr	Enter the destination IP address.
mask	Enter the mask of the above address.
gateway	Enter the gateway IP address.
metric	Metric of IP network on this interface in the Routing Table. Range is 0-255, with a default is 10.

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # ip route 192.168.100.200 mask 255.255.255.0

gateway 192.168.100.254 metric 125

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip route-mode

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip route-mode** command to configure the routing mode.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n})# ip route-mode {napt|route}

Field	Definition
napt	Set to NAPT mode. Default. NAPT is used if doing private IPs on the Ethernet side or if you want to hide specific publics on the internal side.
route	Set to Route mode. Routing is used if public is visible on both sides.

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # ip route-mode napt

ip secondary-dns

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip secondary-dns** command to configure the secondary DNS. To delete a secondary DNS address, see *no ip secondary-dns* command on page 11-21.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n})# ip secondary-dns address

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address of the secondary Domain Name Server (DNS).

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # ip secondary-dns 192.168.1.200

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

metric

Use the Ethernet Interface **metric** command to configure the Metric of the IP network on this interface.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n})# metric metric

Field	Definition
metric	Range is 0-255, with a default is 10.

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # metric 150

no commands

no firewall

Use the **no firewall** command to disable the configured firewall. To enable the firewall, see *firewall* command on page 11-4.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n}) # no firewall
Example: (config-int-eth-1) # no firewall

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip address

Use the Ethernet Interface **no ip address** command to remove the IP address from the alias. To set the Ethernet IP address, see *ip address* command on page 11-6.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n}) # no ip address address

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address to remove.

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # no ip address 192.168.1.100

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip default-route

Use the Ethernet Interface **no ip default-route** command to disable the default route. To set the default IP address, see *ip default-route* command on page 11-7.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n}) # no ip default-route Example: (config-int-eth-1) # no ip default-route Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip dhcp

Use the Ethernet Interface **no ip dhcp** command to disable the use of DHCP options 66 and 67 to autoconfigure the system. To enable DHCP, see *ip dhcp* command on page 11-7.

Syntax: (config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# no ip dhcp auto-provision Example: (config-int-eth-1)# no ip dhcp auto-provision

no ip ospf authentication

Use the Ethernet Interface **no ip ospf authentication** command to disable the authentication method for this Ethernet interface. To enable the authentication type for this interface see *ip ospf authentication* command on page 11-9.

Syntax: (config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# no ip ospf authentication Example: (config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# no ip ospf authentication

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf authentication-key

Use the Ethernet Interface **no ip ospf authentication-key** command to remove a password to be used by neighboring routers, that are using OSPF's simple password authentication. To assign a password, see *ip ospf authentication-key* command on page 11-10.

Syntax: (config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# no ip ospf authentication Example: (config-int-eth-1)# no ip ospf authentication-key

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf cost

Use the Ethernet Interface **no ip ospf cost** command to reset the cost path to the default setting of 0. To define the cost of sending a packet on this Ethernet interface, see *ip ospf cost* command on page 11-10.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n}) # no ip ospf cost Example: (config-int-eth-1) # no ip ospf cost Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf dead-interval

Use the Ethernet Interface **no ip ospf dead-interval** command to reset the interval of time to the default setting of 40 seconds. To define the interval of time that no hello packets have been seen before neighbors declare the router down, see *ip ospf dead-interval* command on page 11-10.

Syntax: (config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# no ip ospf dead-interval Example: (config-int-eth-1)# no ip ospf dead-interval

no ip ospf disable

Use the Ethernet Interface **no ip ospf disable** command to enable OSPF processing on this interface. To disable OSPF on this interface, see *ip ospf disable* command on page 11-11.

Syntax: $(config-int-eth-\{n\})$ # ip ospf disable all Example: (config-int-eth-1)# ip ospf disable all Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf hello-interval

Use the Ethernet Interface **no ip ospf hello-interval** command to reset the interval of time to the default setting of the path cost to the default setting of 10 seconds. To define the interval of time between hello packets sent on the interface, see *ip ospf hello-interval* command on page 11-11.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n}) # no ip ospf hello-interval Example: (config-int-eth-1) # no ip ospf hello-interval Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf message-digest-key

Use the Ethernet Interface **no ip ospf message-digest-key** command to remove an old MD5 key. To enable OSPF MD5 (Message-Digest) authentication, see *ip ospf message-digest-key* command on page 11-11.

Syntax: (config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# no ip ospf message-digest-key key-id

Field	Definition
key-id	Enter an ID for this key. Range is 1-255.

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # no ip ospf message-digest-key 1

no ip ospf priority

Use the Ethernet Interface **no ip ospf priority** command to set the router priority to the default setting of priority 1. To set the router priority, which determines the designated router for this network, see *ip ospf priority* command on page 11-12.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n}) # no ip ospf priority

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # no ip ospf priority

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf retransmit-interval

Use the Ethernet Interface **ip ospf retransmit-interval** command to restore the default value of 5 seconds. To define the interval of time between link state advertisement retransmissions for adjacencies belonging to the interface, see *ip ospf retransmit-interval* command on page 11-12.

```
Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n}) # no ip ospf retransmit-interval Example: (config-int-eth-1) # no ip ospf retransmit-interval Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR
```

no ip ospf transmit-delay

Use the Ethernet Interface **no ip ospf transmit-delay** command to restore the default value of 1 second. To define the estimated time to transmit a link state update packet on the interface, see *ip ospf transmit-delay* command on page 11-12.

```
Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n}) # no ip ospf transmit-delay

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # no ip ospf transmit-delay

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR
```

no ip primary-dns

Use the Ethernet Interface **no primary-dns** command to disable the primary DNS. To set the DNS primary IP address, see *ip primary-dns* command on page 11-13.

```
Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n})# no ip primary-dns

Example: (config-int-eth-1)# no ip primary-dns

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR
```

no ip proxy-arp

Use the Ethernet Interface **no ip proxy-arp** command to disable the proxy ARP on this interface. To enable proxy ARP, see *ip proxy-arp* command on page 11-13.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n})# no ip proxy-arp
Example: (config-int-eth-1)# no ip proxy-arp

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip rip

Use the Ethernet Interface **no ip rip** command to disable RIP on this interface. To enable RIP, see *ip rip* command on page 11-14.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n})# no ip rip
Example: (config-int-eth-1)# no ip rip

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip route

Use the Ethernet Interface **no ip route** command remove an IP route. To add a route, see *ip route* command on page 11-15.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n}) # no ip route dest-ip-addr gateway

Field	Definition
dest-ip-addr	Enter destination IP address to remove.
gateway	Enter gateway IP address to remove.

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # no ip route 192.168.100.200 192.168.100.254

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip secondary-dns

Use the Ethernet Interface **no secondary-dns** command to disable the secondary DNS. To enable the secondary DNS, see *ip secondary-dns* command on page 11-16.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n}) # no ip secondary-dns Example: (config-int-eth-1) # no ip secondary-dns Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no remote-admin

Use the Ethernet Interface **no remote-admin** command to disable remote access on this interface. To enable remote access, see *remote-admin* command on page 11-23.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n}) # no remote-admin

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # no remote-admin

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no schedule-availability

Use the Ethernet Interface **no schedule-availability** command to disable a schedule rule. To create a rule, see *schedule-availability* command on page 11-24.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n}) # no schedule-availability

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # no schedule-availability

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no shutdown

Use the Ethernet Interface **no shutdown** command to set the Ethernet port up (In-Service). To set the Ethernet port down (Out-of-Service), see *shutdown* command on page 11-24.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n}) # no shutdown

Example: (config-int-eth-2) # no shutdown

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no sip-alg

Use the Ethernet Interface **no sip-alg** command to disable SIP ALG on this interface. To enable sip alg, see *sip-alg* command on page 11-24.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n}) # no sip-alg

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # no sip-alg

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

no tos ip

Use the Ethernet Interface **no tos ip** command to disable IP TOS marking. To enable TOS marking, see *tos* command on page 11-25.

Syntax: $(config-int-eth-\{n\})$ # no tos ip Example: (config-int-eth-1)# no tos ip

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

release

Use the Ethernet Interface release command to release the DHCP lease.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n})# release
Example: (config-int-eth-1)# release

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

remote-admin

Use the Ethernet Interface **remote admin** command to enable Remote Access on this interface. To disable remote access, see *no remote-admin* command on page 11-22.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n})# remote-admin enable

Example: (config-int-eth-1)# remote-admin enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

renew

Use the Ethernet Interface **renew** command to renew the DHCP lease.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n})# renew
Example: (config-int-eth-1)# renew

schedule-availability

Use the Ethernet Interface **schedule-availability** command to apply a schedule rule to this interface. To delete a schedule, see *no schedule-availability* command on page 11-22.

Syntax: $(config-int-eth-{n})$ # schedule-availability time-range

schedule-id

Field	Definition
schedule-id	Enter an existing schedule rule name. See <i>time-range</i> command on page 4-62 to set the schedule-id

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # schedule-availability time-range 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

shutdown

Use the Ethernet Interface **shutdown** command to set the Ethernet port down (Out-of-Service). **Note:** This command is not allowed if you are in the Ethernet 1 mode. To set the Ethernet port up (In-Service), see *no shutdown* command on page 11-22.

Syntax: (config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# shutdown

Example: (config-int-eth-2) # shutdown

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

sip-alg

Use the Ethernet Interface **sip-alg** command to enable SIP ALG on this interface. To disable SIP ALG, see *no sip-alg* command on page 11-22.

Syntax: (config-int-eth- $\{n\}$)# sip-alg enable

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # sip-alg enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

speed

Use the Ethernet Interface **speed** command to specify the Ethernet PHY (physical specifications) speed.

Syntax: $(config-int-eth-{n}) # speed {10|100|auto}$

Field	Definition
10	10 Mbps speed .
100	100 Mbps speed.
auto	Auto-negotiate the speed for the interface. Default. Note: Setting speed to auto will set the duplex to auto.

Example: (config-int-eth-1) # speed 100

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

tos

Use the Ethernet Interface **tos** command to configure IP TOS marking. To disable TOS marking, see *no tos ip* command on page 11-23.

Syntax: (config-int-eth-{n}) # tos ip {enable | value hex-value}

Field	Definition
enable	Enable IP TOS marking.
hex-value	Hex value, range 0x00-0xFF, default is 0x00

Example: (config-int-eth-1)# tos ip value 0xff

	Configuration	- Ethernet	Interface	Mode
--	---------------	------------	-----------	------

CHAPTER 12

Configuration - Multilink Interface Mode

The Multilink Interface Configuration commands allow the user to configure the MLPPP parameters.

Enter this sub-group with the (config)# interface multilink *number* command from the Configuration mode. The Multilink Interface commands are represented by the (config-int-mlink-{n})# prompt.

Note: Before configuring MLPPP parameters, you must create a multilink group from the corresponding Serial interface. Use the **multilink-group** command to create the group.

Multilink Interface Commands

- description
- do
- end
- exit
- firewall
- history
- · ip address
- ip default-route
- ip mtu
- ip ospf authentication
- ip ospf authentication-key
- ip ospf cost
- ip ospf dead-interval
- ip ospf disable
- ip ospf hello-interval
- ip ospf message-digest-key
- ip ospf priority
- ip ospf retransmit-interval
- ip ospf transmit-delay
- · ip primary-dns

- ip rip
- ip route
- ip route-mode
- ip secondary-dns
- metric
- no commands
- ppp authentication
- ppp encryption
- ppp exec-timeout
- ppp link-fragmentation
- ppp on-demand
- ppp password
- ppp qos-interleaving
- ppp restart-timer
- ppp time-btwn-reconnect
- ppp username
- · schedule-availability
- shutdown
- sip-alg

description

Use the Multilink Interface **description** command to set the description for this Multilink interface.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n})# description text

Field	Definition
text	Enter a description for the Multilink interface with a maximum of 64 characters.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # description MLPPP1 Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

12-2

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file. This command can be entered in any configuration mode with the same result.

```
Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n}) # end
Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # end
#
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

firewall

Use the Multilink interface **firewall** command to enable the firewall on this interface. To disable the firewall, see *no firewall* command on page 12-14.

```
Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n}) # firewall enable Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # firewall enable Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR
```

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session. This command can be entered in any configuration mode.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n}) # history
Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # history

description testdesc firewall enable ip rip enable ppp authentication pap ppp encryption 128-bit history

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip address

Use the Multilink Interface **ip address** command to configure the MLPPP IP address. To remove an IP address, see *no ip address* command on page 12-14.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n})# ip address {address mask
 mask/auto|unnumbered} [secondary]

Field	Definition
address	Enter an IP address to assign to the port.
mask	Enter a subnet mask for the IP address.
auto	Uses IPCP to assign an IP address.
unnumbered	Set the Multilink IP address to unnumbered.
secondary	This optional parameter, defines the address to be a secondary IP address.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ip address 192.168.2.100 mask

255.255.255.0

ip default-route

Use the Multilink Interface **ip default-route** command to enable the default route. To disable the default route, see *no ip default-route* command on page 12-14.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$)# ip default-route enable

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ip default-route enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip mtu

Use the Multilink Interface **ip mtu** command to set the Maximum Transmission Unit. Sets the largest packet size (bytes) the network will allow to transmit.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n})# ip mtu {size/auto}

Field	Definition
size	Allows the user to set the Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU). size = range of 576 to 1500 bytes.
auto	Auto sets the MTU at 1500 bytes.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ip mtu auto

ip ospf authentication

Use the Multilink Interface **ip ospf authentication** command to enable the authentication method (either message-digest or simple authentication) for this Multilink interface. To remove the authentication type for this interface set the parameter to null or see *no ip ospf authentication* command on page 12-14.

Note: If an optional parameter is not entered, the authentication method of **simple authentication** is applied to the interface.

Syntax:

(config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$)# ip ospf authentication [message-digest|null]

Field	Definition
message-digest	Optional parameter. Enables MD5 Authentication on the area.
null	Optional parameter. No authentication is used. Note: This is useful for overriding password or message-digest authentication if configured for an area.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ip ospf authentication message-digest

Note: The authentication key must be defined before this command is implemented.

Therefore if setting **simple authentication**:

Example: ip ospf authentication-key pass777 ip ospf authentication

Therefore if setting message-digest:

Example: ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 pass777

ip ospf authentication message-digest

ip ospf authentication-key

Use the Multilink Interface **ip ospf authentication-key** command to assign a password to be used by neighboring routers, that are using OSPF's simple password authentication. To remove a previously assigned password, see *no ip ospf authentication-key* command on page 12-15.

Syntax: $(config-int-mlink-\{n\})$ # ip ospf authentication-key password

Field	Definition
password	Enter a password, with up to 8 characters.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ip ospf authentication-key pass777

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf cost

Use the Multilink Interface **ip ospf cost** command to define the cost of sending a packet on this Multilink interface. To reset the path cost to the default setting of 0, see *no ip ospf cost* command on page 12-15.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n})# ip ospf cost cost

Field	Definition
cost	Range is 1-65535, with a default of 0.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ip ospf cost 5

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf dead-interval

Use the Multilink Interface **ip ospf dead-interval** command to define the interval of time that no hello packets have been seen before neighbors declare the router down. To reset the interval of time to the default setting of 40 seconds, see *no ip ospf dead-interval* command on page 12-15.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n}) # ip ospf dead-interval seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1-65535 seconds, with a default of 40.
	This value must be the same for all nodes on the network.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ip ospf dead-interval 50

ip ospf disable

Use the Multilink Interface **ip ospf disable** command to disable OSPF processing on this interface. To enable OSPF on this interface, see *no ip ospf disable* command on page 12-15.

Syntax: $(config-int-mlink-\{n\})$ # ip ospf disable all Example: (config-int-mlink-1)# ip ospf disable all

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf hello-interval

Use the Multilink Interface **ip ospf hello-interval** command to define the interval of time between hello packets that sent on the interface. To reset the interval of time to the default setting of the path cost to the default setting of 10 seconds, see *no ip ospf hello-interval* command on page 12-16.

Syntax: $(config-int-mlink-\{n\})$ # ip ospf hello-interval seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1-65535 seconds, with a default of 10.
	This value must be the same for all nodes on the network.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ip ospf hello-interval 12

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf message-digest-key

Use the Multilink Interface **ip ospf message-digest-key** command to enable OSPF MD5 (Message-Digest) authentication. To remove an old MD5 key, see *no ip ospf message-digest-key* command on page 12-16.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$)# ip ospf message-digest-key key-id md5 key

Field	Definition
key-id	Enter an ID for this key. Range is 1-255.
key	Enter a alphanumeric password, with up to 8 characters.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 key1

ip ospf priority

Use the Multilink Interface **ip ospf priority** command to set the router priority, which determines the designated router for this network. To restore the default setting of priority 1, see *no ip ospf priority* command on page 12-16.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n})# ip ospf priority priority

Field	Definition
priority	Enter an ID for this key. Range is 0-255.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ip ospf priority 2

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf retransmit-interval

Use the Multilink Interface **ip ospf retransmit-interval** command to define the interval of time between link state advertisement retransmissions for adjacencies belonging to the interface. To restore the default value of 5 seconds, see *no ip ospf retransmit-interval* command on page 12-17.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n}) # ip ospf retransmit-interval seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1-65535 seconds, with a default of 5.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1)# ip ospf retransmit-interval 10

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf transmit-delay

Use the Multilink Interface **ip ospf transmit-delay** command to define the estimated time to transmit a link state update packet on the interface. To restore the default value of 1 second, see *no ip ospf transmit-delay* command on page 12-17.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$)# ip ospf transmit-delay seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1-65535 seconds, with a default of 1.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1)# ip ospf retransmit-interval 10

ip primary-dns

Use the Multilink Interface **ip primary-dns** command to configure the primary DNS. To delete a primary DNS, see *no ip primary-dns* command on page 12-17.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n})# ip primary-dns address

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address of the primary server.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ip primary-dns 10.10.5.100

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip rip

ip rip enable

Use the Multilink Interface **ip rip enable** command to enable RIP on this interface. To disable RIP, see *no ip rip* command on page 12-17.

Syntax: $(config-int-mlink-{n}) # ip rip enable$

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ip rip enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip rip receive-version

Use the Multilink Interface **ip rip receive-version** command to configure the RIP receive messages on this interface.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$)# ip rip receive-version $\{1|2|1 \text{or} 2|n \text{one}\}$

Field	Definition
1 2 1or2	Receive RIP version 1 Receive RIP version 2 Receive RIP version 1 and 2
none	Set RIP version to none.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ip rip receive-version none

ip rip send-version

Use the Multilink Interface **ip rip send-version** command to configure the send RIP messages on this interface.

Syntax:

(config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$)# ip rip send-version $\{1|2\text{-bcast}|2\text{-mcast}|\text{none}\}$

Field	Definition
1	Send RIP version 1.
2-bcast	Send RIP version 2 - Broadcast.
2-mcast	Send RIP version 2 - Multicast.
none	Set RIP version to none.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ip rip send-version 2-bcast

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip route

Use the Multilink Interface **ip route** command to configure the IP routing on this interface. To delete a route, see *no ip route* command on page 12-18.

Syntax:

(config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$)# ip route dest-ip-addr mask mask gateway gateway metric metric

Field	Definition
dest-ip-addr	Enter the destination IP address.
mask	Enter the mask of the above address.
gateway	Enter the gateway IP address.
metric	Metric of IP network on this interface in Routing Table. Range is 0-255, with a default is 10.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ip route 192.168.100.200 mask

255.255.255.0 gateway 192.168.100.254 mask 125

ip route-mode

Use the Multilink Interface **ip route-mode** command to configure the routing mode.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$)# ip route-mode $\{napt | route\}$

Field	Definition
napt	Set to NAPT mode. Default. NAPT is used if doing private IPs on the Ethernet side or if you want to hide specific publics on the internal side.
route	Set to Route mode. Routing is used if public is visible on both sides.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ip route-mode napt

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip secondary-dns

Use the Multilink Interface **ip secondary-dns** command to configure the secondary DNS. To delete a secondary DNS address, see *no ip secondary-dns* command on page 12-18.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n})# ip secondary-dns address

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address of the secondary Domain Name Server (DNS).

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ip secondary-dns 192.168.1.200

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

metric

Use the Multilink Interface metric command to configure the Metric of the IP network on this interface.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n})# metric metric

Field	Definition
metric	Range is 0-255, with a default is 10.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # metric 150

no commands

no firewall

Use the Multilink Interface **no firewall** command to disable the configured firewall. To enable the firewall on this interface, see *firewall* command on page 12-4.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n})# no firewall
Example: (config-int-mlink-1)# no firewall

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip address

Use the Multilink Interface **no ip address** command to remove the IP address assigned to the port. To set the Ethernet IP address, see *ip address* command on page 12-5

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n}) # no ip address address

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address to remove.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # no ip address 192.168.1.100

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip default-route

Use the Multilink Interface **no ip default-route** command to disable the default route. To set the default IP address, see *ip default-route* command on page 12-6.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$) # no ip default-route Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # no ip default-route

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf authentication

Use the Multilink Interface **no ip ospf authentication** command to disable the authentication method for this Multilink interface. To enable the authentication type for this interface see *ip ospf authentication* command on page 12-7.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$) # no ip ospf authentication

Example: (config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$) # no ip ospf authentication

no ip ospf authentication-key

Use the Multilink Interface **no ip ospf authentication-key** command to remove a password to be used by neighboring routers, that are using OSPF's simple password authentication. To assign a password, see *ip ospf authentication-key* command on page 12-8.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$)# no ip ospf authentication

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # no ip ospf authentication-key

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf cost

Use the Multilink Interface **no ip ospf cost** command to reset the cost path to the default setting of 0. To define the cost of sending a packet on this Multilink interface, see *ip ospf cost* command on page 12-8.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n}) # no ip ospf cost Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # no ip ospf cost Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf dead-interval

Use the Multilink Interface **no ip ospf dead-interval** command to reset the interval of time to the default setting of 40 seconds. To define the interval of time that no hello packets have been seen before neighbors declare the router down, see *ip ospf dead-interval* command on page 12-8.

Syntax: $(config-int-mlink-{n})$ # no ip ospf dead-interval

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # no ip ospf dead-interval

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf disable

Use the Multilink Interface **no ip ospf disable** command to enable OSPF processing on this interface. To disable OSPF on this interface, see *ip ospf disable* command on page 12-9.

Syntax: $(config-int-mlink-\{n\})$ # ip ospf disable all Example: (config-int-mlink-1)# ip ospf disable all

no ip ospf hello-interval

Use the Multilink Interface **no ip ospf hello-interval** command to reset the interval of time to the default setting of the path cost to the default setting of 10 seconds. To define the interval of time between hello packets sent on the interface, see *ip ospf hello-interval* command on page 12-9.

Syntax: $(config-int-mlink-{n})$ # no ip ospf hello-interval

Example: (config-int-mlink-1)# no ip ospf hello-interval

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf message-digest-key

Use the Multilink Interface **no ip ospf message-digest-key** command to remove an old MD5 key. To enable OSPF MD5 (Message-Digest) authentication, see *ip ospf message-digest-key* command on page 12-9.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n}) # no ip ospf message-digest-key key-id

Field	Definition
key-id	Enter an ID for this key. Range is 1-255.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # no ip ospf message-digest-key 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf priority

Use the Multilink Interface **no ip ospf priority** command to set the router priority to the default setting of priority 1. To set the router priority, which determines the designated router for this network, see *ip ospf priority* command on page 12-10.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$) # no ip ospf priority

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # no ip ospf priority

no ip ospf retransmit-interval

Use the Multilink Interface **ip ospf retransmit-interval** command to restore the default value of 5 seconds. To define the interval of time between link state advertisement retransmissions for adjacencies belonging to the interface, see *ip ospf retransmit-interval* command on page 12-10.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$)# no ip ospf retransmit-interval Example: (config-int-mlink-1)# no ip ospf retransmit-interval

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf transmit-delay

Use the Multilink Interface **no ip ospf transmit-delay** command to restore the default value of 1 second. To define the estimated time to transmit a link state update packet on the interface, see *ip ospf transmit-delay* command on page 12-10.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$)# no ip ospf transmit-delay Example: (config-int-mlink-1)# no ip ospf transmit-delay

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip primary-dns

Use the Multilink Interface **no primary-dns** command to disable the primary DNS. To set the DNS primary IP address, see *ip primary-dns* command on page 12-11.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n}) # no ip primary-dns Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # no ip primary-dns Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip rip

Use the Multilink Interface **no ip rip** command to disable RIP on this interface. To enable RIP, see *ip rip* command on page 12-11.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n}) # no ip rip
Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # no ip rip

no ip route

Use the Multilink Interface **no ip route** command remove an IP route. To add a route, see *ip route* command on page 12-12.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n})# no ip route dest-ip-addr gateway

Field	Definition
dest-ip-addr	Enter destination IP address to remove.
gateway	Enter gateway IP address to remove.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # no ip route 192.168.100.200

192.168.100.254

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip secondary-dns

Use the Multilink Interface **no secondary-dns** command to disable the secondary DNS. To enable the secondary DNS, see *ip secondary-dns* command on page 12-13.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$) # no ip secondary-dns

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # no ip secondary-dns

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp authentication

Use the Multilink Interface **no ppp authentication** command disable PPP authentication. To enable PPP authentication, see *ppp authentication* command on page 12-21.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$) # no ppp authentication

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # no ppp authentication

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp encryption

Use the Multilink Interface **no ppp encryption** command to disable PPP encryption. To enable PPP encryption, see *ppp encryption* command on page 12-21.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$) # no ppp encryption

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # no ppp encryption

no ppp on-demand

Use the Multilink Interface **no ppp on-demand** command to disable PPP on-demand. To enable PPP on demand, see *ppp on-demand* command on page 12-22.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n}) # no ppp on-demand Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # no ppp on-demand Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp password

Use the Multilink Interface **no ppp password** command to remove the PPP password. To set the PPP password, see *ppp password* command on page 12-22.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n}) # no ppp password

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # no ppp password

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp qos interleaving

Use the Multilink Interface **no ppp qos interleaving** command to disable PPP QoS interleaving. To enable PPP QoS interleaving, see *ppp qos-interleaving* command on page 12-23.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n}) # no ppp qos interleaving Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # no ppp qos interleaving Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp username

Use the Multilink Interface **no ppp username** command remove the PPP username. To set a PPP user, see *ppp username* command on page 12-24.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n}) # no ppp username Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # no ppp username Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no schedule-availability

Use the Multilink Interface **no schedule-availability** command to disable a schedule rule. To add a rule, see *schedule-availability* command on page 12-24.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$) # no schedule-availability Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # no schedule-availability

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no shutdown

Use the Multilink Interface **no shutdown** command to set the Multilink port up (In-Service). To set the interface down (Out-of-Service), see *shutdown* command on page 12-24.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n}) # no shutdown

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # no shutdown

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no sip-alg

Use the Multilink Interface **no sip-alg** command to disable SIP ALG on this interface. To enable SIP ALG, see *sip-alg* command on page 12-25.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n}) # no sip-alg

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # no sip-alg

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp authentication

Use the Multilink Interface **ppp authentication** command to configure the support of authentication types for the password. To disable PPP authentication, see *no ppp authentication* command on page 12-18.

Syntax:

(config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$)# ppp authentication $\{chap | ms-chapv1 | ms-chapv2 | pap \}$

Field	Definition
chap	Support Challenge Handshake Authentication (CHAP)
ms-chapv1	Support Microsoft CHAP (MS-CHAP).
ms-chapv2	Support Microsoft CHAP Version 2 (MS-CHAPv2).
pap	Support an unencrypted password.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ppp authentication chap

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp encryption

Use the Multilink Interface **ppp encryption** command to configure the PPP encryption. To disable PPP encryption, see *no ppp encryption* command on page 12-18.

Syntax: $(config-int-mlink-\{n\}) \# ppp encryption \{40-bit|128-bit\}$

Field	Definition
40-bit	Support Encryption (40 bit keys)
128-bit	Support Maximum Strength Encryption (128 bit keys)

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ppp encryption 40-bit

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp exec-timeout

Use the Multilink Interface **ppp exec-timeout** command to configure the PPP maximum idle time before hangup.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n})# ppp exec-timeout minutes

Field	Definition
minutes	Range is 0 - 99999 minutes.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ppp exec-timeout 150

ppp link-fragmentation

Use the Multilink Interface **ppp link-fragmentation** command to configure the threshold byte size of the packet, for Interleaving. **Note:** If the packet is > the set threshold, the packet will be split in half and sent.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n}) # ppp link-fragmentation number

Field	Definition
number	Range 320 - 1600, with a default of 1600 bytes.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ppp link-fragmentation 600

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp on-demand

Use the Multilink Interface **ppp on-demand** command to enable on demand the feature. On demand attempts to connect only when packets are sent. To disable PPP on demand, see *no ppp on-demand* command on page 12-19.

Syntax: $(config-int-mlink-\{n\})$ # ppp on-demand

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ppp on-demand

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp password

Use the Multilink Interface **ppp password** command set the PPP password. To delete a PPP password, see *no ppp password* command on page 12-19.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n}) # ppp password password

Field	Definition
password	Enter the PPP password, with a maximum of 19 characters.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ppp username test-user-pswrd

ppp qos-interleaving

Use the Multilink Interface **ppp qos-interleaving** command enable PPP Quality of Service Interleaving. To disable PPP QoS Interleaving, see *no ppp qos interleaving* command on page 12-19.

Syntax: $(config-int-mlink-{n}) # ppp qos-interleaving$

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ppp qos-interleaving

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp restart-timer

Use the Multilink Interface **ppp restart-timer** command to configure the PPP restart timer.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n})# ppp restart-timer seconds

Field	Definition
enable	Enable IP TOS marking.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ppp restart-timer 15

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp time-btwn-reconnect

Use the Multilink Interface **ppp time-btwn-reconnect** command configure the time between reconnect attempts.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n}) # ppp time-btwn-reconnect seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Set the interval of time between reconnect attempts.
	Range is 0 - 99999 seconds. Default is 30 seconds.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ppp time-btwn-reconnect 15

ppp username

Use the Multilink Interface **ppp username** command set the PPP Login User Name. To delete a PPP user, see *no ppp qos interleaving* command on page 12-19.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink-{n}) # ppp username username

Field	Definition
username	Enter the Username, with a maximum of 19 characters.

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # ppp username test-user-name

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

schedule-availability

Use the Multilink Interface **schedule-availability** command to apply a schedule rule to this interface. To delete a schedule, see *no schedule-availability* command on page 12-20.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$)# schedule-availability time-range schedule-id

Field	Definition
schedule-id	Enter an existing schedule rule name. See <i>time-range</i> command on page 4-62 to set the schedule-id

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # schedule-availability time-range 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

shutdown

Use the Multilink Interface **shutdown** command to disable the multilink port. To set the Multilink port up (In-Service), see *no shutdown* command on page 12-20.

Syntax: (config-int-mlink- $\{n\}$)# shutdown

Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # shutdown

sip-alg

Use the Multilink Interface **sip-alg** command to enable SIP ALG. To disable SIP ALG, see *no sip-alg* command on page 12-20.

Syntax: $(config-int-mlink-\{n\})$ # sip-alg enable Example: (config-int-mlink-1) # sip-alg enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

CHAPTER 13

Configuration - Serial Interface Mode

The Serial Interface Configuration commands allow the user to configure the serial interface parameters.

Enter this sub-group with the (config)# interface serial *number* command from the Configuration mode.

The Serial Interface commands are represented by the (**config-int-ser-** $\{n\}$)# prompt.

Note: Before configuring serial interface parameters, you must enable PPP encapsulation on the interface using the **encapsulation ppp** command.

Serial Interface Commands

- description
- dc
- encapsulation ppp
- end
- exit
- firewall
- history
- ip address
- ip default-route
- ip mtu
- ip ospf authentication
- ip ospf authentication-key
- ip ospf cost
- · ip ospf dead-interval

- ip ospf disable
- ip ospf hello-interval
- ip ospf message-digest-key
- ip ospf priority
- ip ospf retransmit-interval
- ip ospf transmit-delay
- ip primary-dns
- ip rip
- ip route
- · ip route-mode
- ip secondary-dns
- metric
- multilink-group

- no commands
- ppp authentication
- ppp encryption
- ppp exec-timeout
- ppp link-fragmentation
- ppp on-demand
- ppp password
- ppp restart-timer
- ppp time-btwn-reconnect
- ppp username
- · schedule-availability
- shutdown
- sip-alg

description

Use the Serial Interface **description** command to set the description for this serial interface.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# description text

Field	Definition
text	Enter a description for the serial interface with a maximum of 64 characters.

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # description Serial1 Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

encapsulation ppp

Use the Serial Interface **encapsulation ppp** command to enable PPP encapsulation. To disable encapsulation, see *no encapsulation ppp* command on page 13-14.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # encapsulation ppp Example: (config-int-ser-1) # encapsulation ppp Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file. This command can be entered in any configuration mode with the same result.

```
Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# end
Example: (config-int-ser-1)# end
#
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

firewall

Use the Serial Interface **firewall** command to enable the configured firewall. To delete a preference, see *no firewall* command on page 13-14.

```
Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# firewall enable

Example: (config-int-ser-1)# firewall enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR
```

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session. This command can be entered in any configuration mode.

```
Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# history

Example: (config-int-ser-1)# history

encapsulation ppp
metric
ppp on-demand
ppp encryption 128-bit
ppp restart-timer 10
ppp time-btwn-reconnect 40
ip rip enable
history
```

ip address

Use the Serial Interface **ip address** command to configure the IP address for the serial interface. To remove an IP address, see *no ip address* command on page 13-15.

Syntax:

(config-int-ser-{n})# ip address {address mask mask/auto |unnumbered} [secondary]

Field	Definition
address	Enter an IP address to assign to the port.
mask	Enter a subnet mask for the IP address.
auto	Uses IPCP to assign an IP address.
unnumbered	Treat this as an un-numbered interface, as per RFC 1812.
secondary	Optional parameter, defines the address to be a secondary IP address.

Example: (config-int-ser-1)# ip address 192.168.2.100 mask 255.255.255.0

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip default-route

Use the Serial Interface **ip default-route** command to enable the default route. To disable the default route, see *no ip default-route* command on page 13-15.

Syntax: (config-int-ser- $\{n\}$)# ip default-route enable

Example: (config-int-ser-1)# ip default-route enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip mtu

Use the Serial Interface **ip mtu** command to set the Maximum Transmission Unit. Sets the largest packet size (bytes) the network will allow to transmit.

Syntax: (config-int-ser- $\{n\}$)# ip mtu $\{size | auto\}$

Field	Definition
size	Allows the user to set the Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU). size = range of 576 to 1500 bytes.
auto	Auto sets the MTU at 1500 bytes.

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # ip mtu auto

ip ospf authentication

Use the Serial Interface **ip ospf authentication** command to enable the authentication method (either message-digest or simple authentication) for this serial interface. To remove the authentication type for this interface set the parameter to null or see *no ip ospf authentication* command on page 13-15.

Note: If an optional parameter is not entered, the authentication method of **simple authentication** is applied to the interface.

Syntax:

(config-int-ser- $\{n\}$)# ip ospf authentication [message-digest|null]

Field	Definition
message-digest	Optional parameter. Enables MD5 Authentication on the area.
null	Optional parameter. No authentication is used. Note: This is useful for overriding password or message-digest authentication if configured for an area.

Example: (config-int-ser-1)# ip ospf authentication message-digest

Note: The authentication key must be defined before this command is implemented.

Therefore if setting simple authentication:

Example: ip ospf authentication-key pass777 ip ospf authentication

Therefore if setting **message-digest**:

Example: ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 pass777 ip ospf authentication message-digest

ip ospf authentication-key

Use the Serial Interface **ip ospf authentication-key** command to assign a password to be used by neighboring routers, that are using OSPF's simple password authentication. To remove a previously assigned password, see *no ip ospf authentication-key* command on page 13-15.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # ip ospf authentication-key password

Field	Definition
password	Enter a password, with up to 8 characters.

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # ip ospf authentication-key pass777

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf cost

Use the Serial Interface **ip ospf cost** command to define the cost of sending a packet on this serial interface. To reset the path cost to the default setting of 0, see *no ip ospf cost* command on page 13-16.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# ip ospf cost cost

Field	Definition
cost	Range is 1-65535, with a default of 0.

Example: (config-int-ser-1)# ip ospf cost 5

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf dead-interval

Use the Serial Interface **ip ospf dead-interval** command to define the interval of time that no hello packets have been seen before neighbors declare the router down. To reset the interval of time to the default setting of 40 seconds, see *no ip ospf dead-interval* command on page 13-16.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# ip ospf dead-interval seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1-65535 seconds, with a default of 40.
	Note: This value must be the same for all nodes on the network.

Example: (config-int-ser-1)# ip ospf dead-interval 50

ip ospf disable

Use the Serial Interface **ip ospf disable** command to disable OSPF processing on this interface. To enable OSPF on this interface, see *no ip ospf disable* command on page 13-16.

Syntax: (config-int-ser- $\{n\}$)# ip ospf disable all Example: (config-int-ser-1)# ip ospf disable all Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf hello-interval

Use the Serial Interface **ip ospf hello-interval** command to define the interval of time between hello packets sent on the interface. To reset the interval of time to the default setting of the path cost to the default setting of 10 seconds, see *no ip ospf hello-interval* command on page 13-16.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# ip ospf hello-interval seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1-65535 seconds, with a default of 10.
	Note: This value must be the same for all nodes on the network.

Example: (config-int-ser-1)# ip ospf hello-interval 12

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf message-digest-key

Use the Serial Interface **ip ospf message-digest-key** command to enable OSPF MD5 (Message-Digest) authentication. To remove an old MD5 key, see *no ip ospf message-digest-key* command on page 13-17.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # ip ospf message-digest-key key-id md5 key

Field	Definition
key-id	Enter an ID for this key. Range is 1-255.
key	Enter a alphanumeric password, with up to 8 characters.

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 key1

ip ospf priority

Use the Serial Interface **ip ospf priority** command to set the router priority, which determines the designated router for this network. To restore the default setting of priority 1, see *no ip ospf priority* command on page 13-17.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# ip ospf priority priority

Field	Definition
priority	Enter an ID for this key. Range is 1-255.

Example: (config-int-ser-1)# ip ospf priority 2

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf retransmit-interval

Use the Serial Interface **ip ospf retransmit-interval** command to define the interval of time between link state advertisement retransmissions for adjacencies belonging to the interface. To restore the default value of 5 seconds, see *no ip ospf retransmit-interval* command on page 13-17.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# ip ospf retransmit-interval seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1-65535 seconds, with a default of 5.

Example: (config-int-ser-1)# ip ospf retransmit-interval 10

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf transmit-delay

Use the Serial Interface **ip ospf transmit-delay** command to define the estimated time to transmit a link state update packet on the interface. To restore the default value of 1 second, see *no ip ospf transmit-delay* command on page 13-17.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# ip ospf transmit-delay seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1-65535 seconds, with a default of 1.

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # ip ospf retransmit-interval 10

ip primary-dns

Use the Serial Interface **ip primary-dns** command to configure the primary DNS. To delete a primary DNS, see *no ip primary-dns* command on page 13-18.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# ip primary-dns address

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address of the primary server.

Example: (config-int-ser-1)# ip primary-dns 192.168.1.200

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip rip

ip rip enable

Use the Serial Interface **ip rip enable** command to enable RIP on this interface. To disable RIP, see *no ip rip* command on page 13-18.

Syntax: (config-int-ser- $\{n\}$) # ip rip enable

Example: (config-int-ser-1)# ip rip enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip rip receive-version

Use the Serial Interface **ip rip receive-version** command to configure the RIP receive messages on this interface.

Syntax: $(config-int-ser-\{n\})$ # ip rip receive-version $\{1|2|1or2|none\}$

Field	Definition
1 2 1or2	Receive RIP version 1
	Receive RIP version 2
	Receive RIP version 1 and 2.
none	Set RIP version to none.

Example: (config-int-ser-1)# ip rip receive-version none

ip rip send-version

Use the Serial Interface ip rip send-version command to configure the send RIP messages on this interface.

Syntax:

(config-int-ser- $\{n\}$)# ip rip send-version $\{1 \mid 2\text{-bcast} \mid 2\text{-mcast}\}$

Field	Definition
1	Send RIP version 1.
2-bcast	Send RIP version 2 - Broadcast.
2-mcast	Send RIP version 2 - Multicast.
none	Set RIP version to none.

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # ip rip send-version 2-bcast

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip route

Use the Ethernet Interface ip route command to configure the IP routing on this interface. To delete a route, see no ip route command on page 13-18.

Syntax:

(config-int-ser-{n})# ip route dest-ip-addr mask mask gateway gateway **metric** metric

Field	Definition
dest-ip-addr	Enter the destination IP address.
mask	Enter the mask of the above address.
gateway	Enter the gateway IP address.
metric	Metric of IP network on this interface in Routing Table. Range is 0-255, with a default is 10.

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # ip route 192.168.100.200 mask 255.255.255.0

gateway 192.168.100.254 mask 125

ip route-mode

Use the Serial Interface **ip route-mode** command to configure the routing mode.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# ip route-mode {napt|route}

Field	Definition
napt	Set to NAPT mode. Default. NAPT is used if doing private IPs on the Ethernet side or if you want to hide specific publics on the internal side.
route	Set to Route mode. Routing is used if public is visible on both sides.

Example: (config-int-ser-1)# ip route-mode napt

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip secondary-dns

Use the Serial Interface **ip secondary-dns** command to configure the secondary DNS. To delete a secondary DNS address, see *no ip secondary-dns* command on page 13-18.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # ip secondary-dns address

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address of the secondary Domain Name Server (DNS).

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # ip secondary-dns 192.168.1.200

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

metric

Use the Serial Interface **metric** command to configure the metric of the IP network on this interface.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# metric metric

Field	Definition
metric	Range is 0-255, with a default is 10.

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # metric 150

multilink-group

Use the Serial Interface **multilink-group** command to configure a MLPPP group.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# multilink-group group-number

Field	Definition
group-number	Enter multilink group. Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500: Value must be 1. MSR: Range = 1-8.

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # multilink-group 1
Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no commands

no encapsulation ppp

Use the Serial Interface **no encapsulation ppp** command to disable PPP encapsulation. To enable encapsulation, see *encapsulation ppp* command on page 13-4.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # no encapsulation ppp Example: (config-int-ser-1) # no encapsulation ppp Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no firewall

Use the Serial Interface **no firewall** command to disable the configured firewall. To enable the firewall, see *firewall* command on page 13-5.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# no firewall
Example: (config-int-ser-1)# no firewall

no ip address

Use the Serial Interface **no ip address** command to remove the IP address assigned to the serial interface. To set the Serial IP address, see *ip address* command on page 13-6.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # no ip address address

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address to remove.

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # no ip address 192.168.1.100

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip default-route

Use the Serial Interface **no ip default-route** command to disable the default route. To set the default IP address, see *ip default-route* command on page 13-6.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # no ip default-route Example: (config-int-ser-1) # no ip default-route Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf authentication

Use the Serial Interface **no ip ospf authentication** command to disable the authentication method for this serial interface. To enable the authentication type for this interface see *ip ospf authentication* command on page 13-7.

Syntax: (config-int-ser- $\{n\}$)# no ip ospf authentication Example: (config-int-ser- $\{n\}$)# no ip ospf authentication

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf authentication-key

Use the Serial Interface **no ip ospf authentication-key** command to remove a password to be used by neighboring routers, that are using OSPF's simple password authentication. To assign a password, see *ip ospf authentication-key* command on page 13-8.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # no ip ospf authentication Example: (config-int-ser-1) # no ip ospf authentication-key Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

Adit 3000 (Rel. 1.6) and MSR Card (Rel 2.0) CLI

no ip ospf cost

Use the Serial Interface **no ip ospf cost** command to reset the cost path to the default setting of 0. To define the cost of sending a packet on this serial interface, see *ip ospf cost* command on page 13-8.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # no ip ospf cost Example: (config-int-ser-1) # no ip ospf cost Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf dead-interval

Use the Serial Interface **no ip ospf dead-interval** command to reset the interval of time to the default setting of 40 seconds. To define the interval of time that no hello packets have been seen before neighbors declare the router down, see *ip ospf dead-interval* command on page 13-8.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # no ip ospf dead-interval Example: (config-int-ser-1) # no ip ospf dead-interval Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf disable

Use the Serial Interface **no ip ospf disable** command to enable OSPF processing on this interface. To disable OSPF on this interface, see *ip ospf disable* command on page 13-9.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# ip ospf disable all Example: (config-int-ser-1)# ip ospf disable all Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf hello-interval

Use the Serial Interface **no ip ospf hello-interval** command to reset the interval of time to the default setting of the path cost to the default setting of 10 seconds. To define the interval of time between hello packets that are sent on the interface, see *ip ospf hello-interval* command on page 13-9.

```
Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # no ip ospf hello-interval 
Example: (config-int-ser-1) # no ip ospf hello-interval 
Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR
```

no ip ospf message-digest-key

Use the Serial Interface **no ip ospf message-digest-key** command to remove an old MD5 key. To enable OSPF MD5 (Message-Digest) authentication, see *ip ospf message-digest-key* command on page 13-9.

Syntax: (config-int-ser- $\{n\}$)# no ip ospf message-digest-key key-id

Field	Definition
key-id	Enter an ID for this key. Range is 1-255.

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # no ip ospf message-digest-key 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf priority

Use the Serial Interface **no ip ospf priority** command to set the router priority to the default setting of priority 1. To set the router priority, which determines the designated router for this network, see *ip ospf priority* command on page 13-10.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # no ip ospf priority

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # no ip ospf priority

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf retransmit-interval

Use the Serial Interface **ip ospf retransmit-interval** command to restore the default value of 5 seconds. To define the interval of time between link state advertisement retransmissions for adjacencies belonging to the interface, see *ip ospf retransmit-interval* command on page 13-10.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# no ip ospf retransmit-interval Example: (config-int-ser-1)# no ip ospf retransmit-interval Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf transmit-delay

Use the Serial Interface **no ip ospf transmit-delay** command to restore the default value of 1 second. To define the estimated time to transmit a link state update packet on the interface, see *ip ospf transmit-delay* command on page 13-10.

Syntax: (config-int-ser- $\{n\}$)# no ip ospf transmit-delay Example: (config-int-ser-1)# no ip ospf transmit-delay Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip primary-dns

Use the Serial Interface **no primary-dns** command to disable the primary DNS. To set the DNS primary IP address, see *ip primary-dns* command on page 13-11.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # no ip primary-dns Example: (config-int-ser-1) # no ip primary-dns Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip rip

Use the Serial Interface **no ip rip** command to disable RIP on this interface. To enable RIP, see *ip rip* command on page 13-11.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# no ip rip
Example: (config-int-ser-1)# no ip rip

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip route

Use the Serial Interface **no ip route** command remove an IP route. To add a route, see *ip route* command on page 13-12.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # no ip route dest-ip-addr gateway

Field	Definition
dest-ip-addr	Enter destination IP address to remove.
gateway	Enter gateway IP address to remove.

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # no ip route 192.168.100.200 192.168.100.254

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip secondary-dns

Use the Serial Interface **no secondary-dns** command to disable the secondary DNS. To enable the secondary DNS, see *ip secondary-dns* command on page 13-13.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # no ip secondary-dns Example: (config-int-ser-1) # no ip secondary-dns Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp authentication

Use the Serial Interface **no ppp authentication** command disable PPP authentication. To enable PPP authentication, see *ppp authentication* command on page 13-21.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # no ppp authentication Example: (config-int-ser-1) # no ppp authentication Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp encryption

Use the Serial Interface **no ppp encryption** command to disable PPP encryption. To enable PPP encryption, see *ppp encryption* command on page 13-21.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # no ppp encryption Example: (config-int-ser-1) # no ppp encryption Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp on-demand

Use the Serial Interface **no ppp on-demand** command to disable PPP on-demand. To enable PPP on demand, see *ppp on-demand* command on page 13-22.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # no ppp on-demand

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # no ppp on-demand

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp password

Use the Serial Interface **no ppp password** command to remove the PPP password. To set the PPP password, see *ppp password* command on page 13-22.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # no ppp password

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # no ppp password

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp username

Use the Serial Interface **no ppp username** command remove the PPP username. To set a PPP user, see *ppp username* command on page 13-23.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # no ppp username username

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # no ppp username test-user-name

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no schedule-availability

Use the Serial Interface **no schedule-availability** command to disable a schedule rule. To add a rule, see *schedule-availability* command on page 13-24.

Syntax: (config-int-ser- $\{n\}$) # no schedule-availability

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # no schedule-availability

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no shutdown

Use the Serial Interface **no shutdown** command to set the serial interface up (In-Service). To set the interface down (Out-of-Service), see *shutdown* command on page 13-24.

Syntax: (config-int-ser- $\{n\}$) # no shutdown

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # no shutdown

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no sip-alg

Use the Serial Interface **no sip-alg** command to disable SIP ALG on this interface. To enable SIP ALG, see *sip-alg* command on page 13-24.

Syntax: (config-int-ser- $\{n\}$)# no sip-alg

Example: (config-int-ser-1)# no sip-alg

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp authentication

Use the Serial Interface **ppp authentication** command to configure the support of authentication types for the password. To disable PPP authentication, see *no ppp authentication* command on page 13-19.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# ppp authentication {chap|ms-chap|
 ms-chapv2|pap}

Field	Definition
chap	Support Challenge Handshake Authentication (CHAP)
ms-chap	Support Microsoft CHAP (MS-CHAP).
ms-chapv2	Support Microsoft CHAP Version 2 (MS-CHAPv2).
pap	Support an unencrypted password.

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # ppp authentication chap

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp encryption

Use the Serial Interface **ppp encryption** command to configure the PPP encryption. To disable PPP encryption, see *no ppp encryption* command on page 13-19.

Syntax: (config-int-ser- $\{n\}$) # ppp encryption $\{40\text{-bit} | 128\text{-bit}\}$

Field	Definition
40-bit	Support Encryption (40 bit keys)
128-bit	Support Maximum Strength Encryption (128 bit keys)

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # ppp encryption 40-bit

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp exec-timeout

Use the Serial Interface **ppp exec-timeout** command to set the PPP maximum idle time before hangup.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # ppp exec-timeout minutes

Field	Definition
minutes	Range is 0 - 99999 minutes.

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # ppp exec-timeout 150

ppp link-fragmentation

Use the Serial Interface **ppp link-fragmentation** command to configure the threshold byte size of the packet, for Interleaving. **Note:** If the packet is > the set threshold, the packet will be split in half and sent.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# ppp link-fragmentation number

Field	Definition
number	Range 320 - 1600, with a default of 1600 bytes.

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # ppp link-fragmentation 600

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp on-demand

Use the Serial Interface **ppp on-demand** command to enable on demand the feature. On demand attempts to connect only when packets are sent. To disable PPP on demand, see *no ppp encryption* command on page 13-19.

Syntax: $(config-int-ser-{n}) # ppp on-demand$

Example: (config-int-ser-1)# ppp on-demand

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp password

Use the Serial Interface **ppp password** command set the PPP password. To delete a PPP password, see *no ppp password* command on page 13-19.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# ppp password password

Field	Definition
password	Enter the PPP password, with a maximum of 19 characters.

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # ppp username test-user-pswrd

ppp restart-timer

Use the Serial Interface **ppp restart-timer** command to configure the PPP restart timer.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# ppp restart-timer seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1 - 65535 seconds. Default is 3 seconds.

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # ppp restart-timer 15 Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp time-btwn-reconnect

Use the Serial Interface **ppp time-btwn-reconnect** command configure the time between reconnect attempts.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # ppp time-btwn-reconnect seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Set the interval of time between reconnect attempts. Range is 0 - 99999 seconds. Default is 30 seconds.

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # ppp time-btwn-reconnect 15

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp username

Use the Serial Interface **ppp username** command set the PPP Login User Name. To delete a PPP user, see *no ppp username* command on page 13-20.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n}) # ppp username username

Field	Definition
username	Enter the Username, with a maximum of 19 characters.

Example: (config-int-ser-1) # ppp username test-user-name

schedule-availability

Use the Serial Interface **schedule-availability** command to apply a schedule rule to this interface. To delete a schedule, see *no schedule-availability* command on page 13-20.

Syntax: (config-int-ser- $\{n\}$)# schedule-availability time-range

schedule-id

Field	Definition
schedule-id	Enter an existing schedule rule name. See <i>time-range</i> command on page 4-62 to set the schedule-id

Example: (config-int-ser-1)# schedule-availability time-range 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

shutdown

Use the Serial Interface **shutdown** command to disable the serial interface. To set the serial interface up (In-Service), see *no shutdown* command on page 13-20.

Syntax: (config-int-ser-{n})# shutdown
Example: (config-int-ser-1)# shutdown

-xumpion (contrag the bot 1) " bliddown

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

sip-alg

Use the Serial Interface **sip-alg** command to enable SIP ALG. To disable SIP ALG, see *no sip-alg* command on page 13-20.

Syntax: (config-int-ser- $\{n\}$)# sip-alg enable

Example: (config-int-ser-1)# sip-alg enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

CHAPTER 14

Configuration - IPSec Mode

The IPSecConfiguration commands allow the user to configure the VPN IPSec parameters.

Enter this sub-group with the (config)# ipsec vpn_ipsec command from the Configuration mode.

The IPSec commands are represented by the (config-ipsec-*n*)# prompt.

Note: First a connection must be created. See *ipsec net-to-host* command on page 4-23, or *ipsec net-to-net* command on page 4-24.

For an example of **Configuring an IPSec Connection**, see *Example of IPSec Connection Configuration* command on page 14-21.

IPSec Commands

- aggressive-mode
- authentication
- description
- do
- dpd-delay
- dpd-enable
- dpd-timeout
- encryption
- end
- exit
- group
- hash
- history
- ip route metric
- ipsec-conn
- ipsec-manual

- key
- lifetime
- local-subnet
- max-retries
- mode
- net-type
- · netbios remote-brc-addr
- no commands
- reconnect
- rekey
- remote-ip
- remote-subnet
- schedule-availability
- session-key
- set-pfs
- transform-set

aggressive-mode

Use the IPSec **aggressive-mode** command to set to aggressive mode, instead of main mode. To set to main mode, see *no aggressive-mode* command on page 14-12.

Syntax: (config-ipsec {n}) # aggressive-mode
Example: (config-ipsec-1) # aggressive-mode

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

authentication

Use the IPSec **authentication** command to specify a peer authentication method.

Syntax:

(config-ipsec {n})# authentication {pre-share shared-key|rsa-sig rsa-signature|cert local-id peer-id}

Field	Definition
pre-shared	Specifies preshared keys as the authentication method. shared-key- Enter the Pre-share key.
rsa-sig	Specifies RSA signatures as the authentication method. rsa-signature - Enter the RSA signature.
cert	Set Certificate for local ID and Peer ID. local-id - Enter the local ID. peer-id - Enter the peer ID.

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # authentication pre-share mysecret

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

description

Use the IPSec **description** command to enter a description for the connection.

Syntax: (config-ipsec {n})# description description

Field	Definition
description	Enter a description, with a maximum of 64 characters.

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # description Boulder VPN IPSec0

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

dpd-delay

Use the IPSec **dpd-delay** command to set the Dead Period Detection delay. To set the DPD delay back to the default settings, see *no dpd-delay* command on page 14-12.

Syntax: (config-ipsec {n})# dpd-delay seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Set the delay time in seconds. Range 1-3600 seconds, with a default of 60.

Example: (config-ipsec-1)# dpd-delay 200

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

dpd-enable

Use the IPSec **dpd-enable** command to enable Dead Period Detection (DPD). To disable DPD, see *no dpd-enable* command on page 14-12.

Syntax: $(config-ipsec {n}) # dpd-enable$

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # dpd-enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

dpd-timeout

Use the IPSec **dpd-timeout** command to set the Dead Period Detection (DPD) timeout period. To reset DPD timeout to default setting, see *no dpd-timeout* command on page 14-12.

Syntax: (config-ipsec {n})# dpd-timeout seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Set the timeout period in seconds. Range 1-9999 seconds, with a default of 120.

Example: (config-ipsec-1)# dpd-timeout

encryption

Use the IPSec **encryption** command to specify an encryption algorithm. To disable encryption, see *no group* command on page 14-13.

Syntax: (config-ipsec {n})# encryption {des|3des|aes|aes192|aes256}

Field	Definition
des	Set to 56-bit Data Encryption Standard (DES).
3des	Set to 168-bit DES. Default.
aes	Set 128-bit Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) as the encryption algorithm.
aes192	Set 192-bit AES as the encryption algorithm.
aes256	Set 256-bit AES as the encryption algorithm.

Example: (config-ipsec-1)# encryption aes192

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file. This command can be entered in any configuration mode with the same result.

Syntax: (config-ipsec {n}) # end

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # end

#

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

Syntax: $(config-ipsec {n}) # exit$

Example: (config-ipsec-1)# exit

(config)#

group

Use the IPSec **group** command to define the Diffie-Hellman (DH) group identifier for phase-1. **Note:** More than one group can be enabled. To disable a DH identifier, see *no group* command on page 14-13.

Syntax: $(config-ipsec \{n\}) \# group \{1|2|5\}$

Field	Definition
1	Set to DH group 1 (768 bit).
2	Set to DH group 2 (1024 bit). Default is enabled.
5	Set to DH group 25 (1536 bit). Default is enabled.

Example: (config-ipsec-1)# group 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

hash

Use the IPSec **hash** command to specify a hash algorithm. To disable a hash algorithm, see *no hash* command on page 14-14.

Syntax: $(config-ipsec {n}) # hash {md5 | sha}$

Field	Definition
md5	Set to allow peers to use MD5.
sha	Set to allow peers to use SHA1. SHA = Secure Hash Algorithm.

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # hash md5

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session. This command can be entered in any configuration mode.

```
Syntax: (config-ipsec {n})# history

Example: (config-ipsec-1)# history

dpd

dpd-timeout 900

history

ip rip r

ip rip receive-version lor2

ip rip enable

reconnect

ipsec-conn enable

history
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip route metric

Use the IPSec mode ip route metric command to define a number for the device metric.

Syntax: (config-ipsec {n})# ip route metric metric

Field	Definition
metric	Enter a number for the device metric. Range is 0-255, with a default of 10.

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # ip route metric 25
Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ipsec-conn

Use the IPSec mode **ipsec-conn** command to enable or disable an IPSec connection without removing it.

Syntax: (config-ipsec {n}) # ipsec-conn {disable | enable}

Field	Definition
disable	Disable the IPSec connection.
enable	Enable the IPSec connection.

Example: (config-ipsec-1)# ipsec-conn enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ipsec-manual

Use the IPSec mode **ipsec-manual** command to select manual key exchange method. To enable automatic key exchange method, see *no ipsec-manual* command on page 14-14.

Syntax: (config-ipsec {n}) # ipsec-manual

Example: (config-ipsec-1)# ipsec-manual

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

key

Use the IPSec **key** command to set the shared secret key.

Syntax: (config-ipsec {n})# key key

Field	Definition
key	Enter a shared secret key, with a maximum of 30 characters.

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # key mysecret

lifetime

Use the IPSec mode **lifetime** command to set the connection lifetime.

Syntax: (config-ipsec {n})# lifetime time seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Set the connection lifetime. Range 1-86400 seconds, with a default of 86400.

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # lifetime time 70000 Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

local-subnet

Use the IPSec mode **local-subnet** command to set the local subnet IP address.

Svntax.

(config-ipsec {n})# local-subnet {none|range {start-address} address end-address address}|single ip address|subnet ip address}

Field	Definition
none	No IP address.
range	Enter an IP address range. start-address - Enter the start IP address of the range. end-address - Enter the end IP address of the range.
single ip	Enter a single IP address.
subnet ip	Enter a subnet IP address.

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # local-subnet range start-address 192.168.1.1

end-address 192.168.1.10

max-retries

Use the IPSec mode **max-retries** command to set a maximum number of negotiation attempts.

Syntax: (config-ipsec {n}) # max-retries number

Field	Definition
number	Valid values: 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 8, 16, 24, 32, 48, 64. Default is 3. 0 = infinite negotiation attempts.

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # max-retries 16

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

mode

Use the IPSec mode **mode** command to modify an IPSec security association mode. **Note:** If a router requests tunnel mode, only tunnel mode can be negotiated between the peers. However, if transport mode is requested, either transport or tunnel mode can be negotiated.

Syntax: (config-ipsec {n}) # mode {transport | tunnel}

Field	Definition
transport	Transport Mode - only the payload of the original IP packet is encrypted and/or authenticated. The protected inside addresses will appear in the original IP headers.
tunnel	Tunnel Mode - The original IP packet is encrypted and/or authenticated and is encapsulated in a new IP packet. Only the peer outside addresses are seen, the protected inside addresses are hidden from view. Default.

Example: (config-ipsec-1)# mode transport

net-type

Use the IPSec mode **net-type** command to define the network type.

Syntax: (config-ipsec {n}) # network-type {dmz | lan | wan}

Field	Definition
dmz	Demilitarized Zone.
lan	Local Area Network.
wan	Wide Area Network.

Example: (config-ipsec-1)# net-type lan

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

netbios remote-brc-addr

Use the IPSec netbios remote-brc-addr command to set the remote broadcast address for NetBIOS.

Syntax: (config-ipsec-{n}) # netbios remote-brc-addr address

Field	Definition
address	Enter the remote broadcast address.

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # netbios remote-brc-addr 192.168.1.200

no commands

no aggressive-mode

Use the IPSec mode **no aggressive-mode** command to set to main mode, instead of aggressive mode. To set to aggressive mode, see *aggressive-mode* command on page 14-2.

```
Syntax: (config-ipsec {n}) # no aggressive-mode

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # no aggressive-mode

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR
```

no dpd-delay

Use the IPSec **no dpd-delay** command to reset the Dead Period Detection (DPD) delay back to the default settings. To set the DPD delay, see *dpd-delay* command on page 14-4.

```
Syntax: (config-ipsec-{n}) # no dpd-delay

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # no dpd-delay

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR
```

no dpd-enable

Use the IPSec **no dpd-enable** command to disable Dead Period Detection (DPD). To enable DPD, see *dpd-enable* command on page 14-4.

```
Syntax: (config-ipsec-{n}) # no dpd-enable

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # no dpd-enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR
```

no dpd-timeout

Use the IPSec **no dpd-timeout** command to set the Dead Period Detection (DPD) timeout to the default setting. To set DPD timeout, see *dpd-timeout* command on page 14-4.

```
Syntax: (config-ipsec-{n}) # no dpd-timeout

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # no dpd-timeout

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR
```

no encryption

Use the IPSec **no encryption** command to disable encryption. To configure encryption, see *encryption* command on page 14-5.

Syntax: $(config-ipsec-{n}) # no encryption {des | 3des | aes | aes | 2 | aes | 256}$

Field	Definition
des	Disable 56-bit Data Encryption Standard (DES).
3des	Disable 168-bit DES. Default.
aes	Disable 128-bit Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) as the encryption algorithm.
aes192	Disable 192-bit AES as the encryption algorithm.
aes256	Disable 256-bit AES as the encryption algorithm.

Example: (config-ipsec-1)# no encryption aes

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no group

Use the IPSec **no group** command to disable a Diffie-Hellman (DH) group identifier. To set a DH group identifier, see *group* command on page 14-6.

Syntax: (config-ipsec- $\{n\}$) # no group $\{1|2|5\}$

Field	Definition
1	Disable DH group 1 (768 bit).
2	Disable DH group 2 (1024 bit). Default is enabled.
5	Disable DH group 25 (1536 bit). Default is enabled.

Example: (config-ipsec-1)# no group 2

no hash

Use the IPSec **no hash** command to disable a hash algorithm. To set a hash algorithm, see *hash* command on page 14-6.

Syntax: $(config-ipsec-\{n\}) \# no hash \{md5 | sha\}$

Field	Definition
md5	Disable the MD5 algorithm.
sha	Disable SHA1. SHA = Secure Hash Algorithm.

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # no hash md5

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip rip

Use the IPSec **no ip rip** command to disable RIP.

Syntax: (config-ipsec-{n})# no ip rip
Example: (config-ipsec-1)# no ip rip

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ipsec-manual

Use the IPSec **no ipsec-manual** command to enable automatic key exchange method. To enable manual key exchange method, see *ipsec-manual* command on page 14-8.

Syntax: (config-ipsec- $\{n\}$)# no ipsec-manual

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # no ipsec-manual

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no netbios

Use the IPSec **no netbios** command to disable routing of NetBIOS broadcasts. To enable NetBIOS broadcasts, see *netbios remote-brc-addr* command on page 14-11.

Syntax: (config-ipsec- $\{n\}$)# no netbios

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # no netbios

no reconnect

Use the IPSec **no reconnect** command to disable automatic reconnection. To enable reconnection, see *reconnect* command on page 14-17.

Syntax: (config-ipsec-{n})# no reconnect

Example: (config-ipsec-1)# no reconnect

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no schedule-availability

Use the IPSec **no schedule-availability** command to set schedule availability to the default value. To set a schedule rule, see *schedule-availability* command on page 14-18.

Syntax: (config-ipsec-{n}) # no schedule-availability

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # no schedule-availability

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no set-pfs

Use the IPSec **no set-pfs** command to disable Perfect Forward Secrecy. To enable PFS, see *set-pfs* command on page 14-19.

Syntax: (config-ipsec-{n}) # no set-pfs

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # no set-pfs

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no transform-set

Use the IPSec **no transform-set** command to disable Perfect Forward Secrecy. To enable PFS, see *transform-set* command on page 14-20.

Syntax:

(config-ipsec- $\{n\}$)# no transform-set $\{ah-md5 | ah-sha | esp-3des | esp-aes | esp-aes192 | esp-aes256 | esp-des | esp-md5 | esp-null | esp-sha | ipcomp<math>\}$

Field	Definition
ah-md5	Authentication Header transform using MD5 authentication. Default.
ah-sha	Authentication Header transform using Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA1) authentication. Default.
esp-aes	Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) encryption transform using Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) 128-bit encryption.
esp-aes192	Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) encryption transform using Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) 128-bit encryption.
esp-aes256	Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) encryption transform using Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) 256-bit encryption.
esp-des	Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) encryption transform using Data Encryption Standard (DES) 56-bit encryption.
esp-3des	Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) encryption transform using Data Encryption Standard (DES) 168-bit encryption.
esp-null	Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) encryption transform using no encryption.
esp-md5	Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) encryption transform using Message-Digest Algorithm 5 (MD5) authentication. Default.
esp-sha	Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) encryption transform using Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA1) authentication. Default.
ipcomp	IP Payload Compression Protocol (IPComp) compression.

Example: (config-ipsec-1)# no transform-set esp-md5

reconnect

Use the IPSec **reconnect** command to enable the automatic reconnection option. To disable reconnection, see *no reconnect* command on page 14-15.

Syntax: (config-ipsec-{n})# reconnect
Example: (config-ipsec-1)# reconnect

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

rekey

Use the IPSec **rekey** command to set the rekey lifetime, rekey margin and rekey fuzz percent.

Syntax: (config-ipsec-{n}) # rekey lifetime seconds margin margin percent percent

Field	Definition
seconds	Set the connection rekey lifetime. Range is 1-28800 seconds, with a default of 3600.
margin	Set the rekey margin number. Range is 1-540, with a default of 540.
percent	Set the rekey fuzz percent. Range 1-200, with a default of 100.

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # rekey lifetime 3 margin 500 percent 200

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

remote-ip

Use the IPSec **remote-ip** command to modify a remote tunnel endpoint address.

Syntax: (config-ipsec-{n})# remote-ip address

Field	Definition
address	Enter a remote IP address.

Syntax: (config-ipsec-1) # remote-ip 10.10.2.10

remote-subnet

Use the IPSec **remote-subnet** command to set the remote subnet IP address.

Svntax:

(config-ipsec- $\{n\}$)# remote-subnet $\{none \mid range \ \{start-address \ address \ end-address \ address \} \mid single \ ip \ address \mid subnet \ ip \ address \}$

Field	Definition
none	No IP address.
range	Enter an IP address range. start-address - Enter the start IP address of the range. end-address - Enter the end IP address of the range.
single ip	Enter a single IP address.
subnet ip	Enter a subnet IP address.

Syntax:

(config-ipsec-1)# remote-subnet single ip 10.10.2.200 mask

255.255.0.0

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

schedule-availability

Use the IPSec **schedule-availability** command to apply a schedule rule to this connection. To reset to the default value of "always", see *no schedule-availability* command on page 14-15.

Syntax: (config-ipsec-{n})# schedule-availability rule-id

Field	Definition
rule-id	Enter an existing schedule

Example: (config-ipsec-1)# schedule-availability rule1

session-key

Use the IPSec session-key command to specify the parameters needed during manual key exchange (ipsec-manual).

Syntax:

 $(config-ipsec-\{n\})$ # session-key $\{inbound | outbound\}$ ah spiauthentication [md5|sha] hex-key-data

Field	Definition
inbound	Set the inbound (local) IPSec key.
outbound	Set the outbound (remote) IPSec key.
ah spi	Set the Authentication Header Security Parameter Index. 100-FFF
md5	Set authentication to MD5.
sha	Set authentication to Secure Hash Algorithm.
hex-key-data	MD5 or SHA authentication key in hex. String length must be 40.

Example: (config-ipsec-1) # session-key outbound ah 256 authentication md5

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

set-pfs

Use the IPSec **set-pfs** command to enable Perfect Forward Secrecy.

Syntax: (config-ipsec- $\{n\}$)# set-pfs $\{1|2|5|phase1\}$

Field	Definition
1	Use DH group 1 (768 bit).
2	Use DH group 2 (1024 bit).
5	Use DH group 25 (1536 bit).
phase1	Use the same settings as the Phase 1 group settings.

Example: (config-ipsec-1)# set-pfs phase1

transform-set

Use the IPSec **transform-set** command to set the allowable encryption methods, authentication protocols and to enable compression during automatic key exchange. To disable encryption/authentication/compression, see *no transform-set* command on page 14-16.

Syntax:

(config-ipsec- $\{n\}$)# transform-set $\{ah-md5 | ah-sha | esp-3des | esp-aes | esp-aes192 | esp-aes256 | esp-des | esp-md5 | esp-null | esp-sha | ipcomp<math>\}$

Field	Definition
ah-md5	Authentication Header transform using MD5 authentication. Default.
ah-sha	Authentication Header transform using Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA1) authentication. Default.
esp-aes	Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) encryption transform using Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) 128-bit encryption.
esp-aes192	Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) encryption transform using Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) 128-bit encryption.
esp-aes256	Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) encryption transform using Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) 256-bit encryption.
esp-des	Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) encryption transform using Data Encryption Standard (DES) 56-bit encryption.
esp-3des	Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) encryption transform using Data Encryption Standard (DES) 168-bit encryption.
esp-null	Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) encryption transform using no encryption.
esp-md5	Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) encryption transform using Message-Digest Algorithm 5 (MD5) authentication. Default.
esp-sha	Encapsulating Security Payload (ESP) encryption transform using Secure Hash Algorithm (SHA1) authentication. Default.
ipcomp	IP Payload Compression Protocol (IPComp) compression.

Example: (config-ipsec-1)# transform-set esp-aes

Example of IPSec Connection Configuration

Adit 3104(config)#ipsec VPN IPSEC 0

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#dev-name VPNIPSec0

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#net-type WAN

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#aggressive-mode

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#authentication pre-share ocho

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#no encryption des

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#no encryption 3des

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#no encryption aes

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#encryption aes192

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#no encryption aes256

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#group 1

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#no group 2

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#no group 5

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#hash md5

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#no hash sha

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#no ipsec-manual

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#lifetime time 3601

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#local-subnet single ip 11.0.0.1

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#remote-ip 172.15.16.2

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#dpd-enable

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#dpd-delay 70

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#dpd-timeout 130

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#ip route metric 11

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#no ip default-route

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#no ip rip

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#remote-subnet single ip 31.0.0.1

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#max-retries 4

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#mode tunneling

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#netbios remote-brc-addr 255.255.255.255

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#reconnect

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#rekey lifetime 3601 margin 539 percent 101

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#no schedule-availability

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#set-pfs 2

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#transform-set esp-null

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#transform-set esp-des

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#transform-set esp-3des

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#transform-set esp-aes

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#transform-set esp-aes192

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#transform-set esp-aes256

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#transform-set esp-md5

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#transform-set esp-sha

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#transform-set ah-md5

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#transform-set ah-sha

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#no transform-set ipcomp

Adit 3104(config-ipsec-0)#

CHAPTER 15

Configuration - L2TPC Mode

The L2TPC Configuration commands allow the user to configure the VPN Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol Connection (L2TPC) parameters.

Enter this sub-group with the (config)# 12tpc command from the Configuration mode.

The VPN L2TPC commands are represented by the (config-l2tpc-1)# prompt.

L2TPC Commands

- do
- end
- exit
- firewall
- history
- host-ip
- ip address
- ip default-route
- ip mtu
- ip ospf authentication
- ip ospf authentication-key
- ip ospf cost
- ip ospf dead-interval
- ip ospf disable
- ip ospf hello-interval
- ip ospf message-digest-key
- ip ospf priority
- ip ospf retransmit-interval
- ip ospf transmit-delay

- ip primary-dns
- ip rip
- ip route
- ip route-mode
- ip secondary-dns
- local-secret
- metric
- no commands
- ppp authentication
- ppp encryption
- ppp exec-timeout
- ppp on-demand
- ppp password
- ppp restart-timer
- ppp time-btwn-reconnect
- ppp username
- schedule-availability
- shutdown
- sip-alg

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file. This command can be entered in any configuration mode with the same result.

Syntax: (config-l2tpc-{n}) # end

Example: (config-l2tpc-1) # end

#

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

firewall

Use the L2TPC **firewall** command to enable the configured firewall. To delete a preference, see *no firewall* command on page 15-13.

Syntax: (config-l2tpc-{n}) # firewall enable
Example: (config-l2tpc-1) # firewall enable

Syntax:

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session. This command can be entered in any configuration mode.

```
firewall enable
exit
host-ip 192.168.1.10
ip default-route enable
ip rip enable
ip rip send-version none
ip primary-dns 192.168.2.10
ip route 192.168.1.160
history
```

(config-12tpc-{n})# history

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

host-ip

Use the L2TPC **host-ip** command to configure the IP address for the host.

Syntax: (config-l2tpc-{n})# host-ip {address}

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address for the host.

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # host-ip 192.168.2.101 Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip address

Use the L2TPC **ip address** command to configure the IP address for the port. To remove an IP address, see *no ip address* command on page 15-13.

Syntax:

(config-l2tpc-{n})# ip address {address mask mask/auto |unnumbered} [secondary]

Field	Definition
address	Enter an IP address to assign to the port.
mask	Enter a subnet mask for the IP address.
auto	Uses IPCP to assign an IP address.
unnumbered	Treat this as an un-numbered interface, as per RFC 1812.
secondary	Optional parameter, defines the address to be a secondary IP address.

Example: (config-12tpc-1)# ip address 192.168.2.100 mask 255.255.255.0

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip default-route

Use the L2TPC **ip default-route** command to enable the default route. To disable the default route, see *no ip default-route* command on page 15-14.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# ip default-route enable

Example: (config-12tpc-1)# ip default-route enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip mtu

Use the L2TPC **ip mtu** command to set the Maximum Transmission Unit. Sets the largest packet size (bytes) the network will allow to transmit.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# ip mtu {size|auto}

Field	Definition
size	Allows the user to set the Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU). size = Range of 576 to 1500 bytes.
auto	Auto sets the MTU at 1500 bytes.

Example: (config-12tpc-1)# ip mtu auto

ip ospf authentication

Use the L2TPC **ip ospf authentication** command to enable the authentication method (either message-digest or simple authentication) for this interface. To remove the authentication type for this interface set the parameter to null or see *no ip ospf authentication* command on page 15-14.

Note: If an optional parameter is not entered, the authentication method of **simple authentication** is applied to the interface.

Syntax:

(config-12tpc- $\{n\}$)# ip ospf authentication [message-digest| null]

Field	Definition
message-digest	Optional parameter. Enables MD5 Authentication on the area.
null	Optional parameter. No authentication is used. Note: This is useful for overriding password or message-digest authentication if configured for an area.

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # ip ospf authentication message-digest

Note: The authentication key must be defined before this command is implemented.

Therefore if setting simple authentication:

```
Example: ip ospf authentication-key pass777 ip ospf authentication
```

Therefore if setting **message-digest**:

```
Example: ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 pass777 ip ospf authentication message-digest
```

ip ospf authentication-key

Use the L2TPC **ip ospf authentication-key** command to assign a password to be used by neighboring routers, that are using OSPF's simple password authentication. To remove a previously assigned password, see *no ip ospf authentication-key* command on page 15-14.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# ip ospf authentication-key password

Field	Definition
password	Enter a password, with up to 8 characters.

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # ip ospf authentication-key pass777

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf cost

Use the L2TPC **ip ospf cost** command to define the cost of sending a packet on this serial interface. To reset the path cost to the default setting of 0, see *no ip ospf cost* command on page 15-14.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# ip ospf cost cost

Field	Definition
cost	Range is 1-65535, with a default of 0.

Example: (config-12tpc-1)# ip ospf cost 5

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf dead-interval

Use the L2TPC **ip ospf dead-interval** command to define the interval of time that no hello packets have been seen before neighbors declare the router down. To reset the interval of time to the default setting of 40 seconds, see *no ip ospf dead-interval* command on page 15-15.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # ip ospf dead-interval seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1-65535 seconds, with a default of 40.
	Note: This value must be the same for all nodes on the network.

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # ip ospf dead-interval 50

ip ospf disable

Use the L2TPC **ip ospf disable** command to disable OSPF processing on this interface. To enable OSPF on this interface, see *no ip ospf disable* command on page 15-15.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# ip ospf disable all Example: (config-12tpc-1)# ip ospf disable all Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf hello-interval

Use the L2TPC **ip ospf hello-interval** command to define the interval of time between hello packets sent on the interface. To reset the interval of time to the default setting of the path cost to the default setting of 10 seconds, see *no ip ospf hello-interval* command on page 15-15.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# ip ospf hello-interval seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1-65535 seconds, with a default of 10.
	Note: This value must be the same for all nodes on the network.

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # ip ospf hello-interval 12

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf message-digest-key

Use the L2TPC **ip ospf message-digest-key** command to enable OSPF MD5 (Message-Digest) authentication. To remove an old MD5 key, see *no ip ospf message-digest-key* command on page 15-16.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # ip ospf message-digest-key key-id md5 key

Field	Definition
key-id	Enter an ID for this key. Range is 1-255.
key	Enter a alphanumeric password, with up to 8 characters.

Example: (config-12tpc-1)# ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 key1

ip ospf priority

Use the L2TPC **ip ospf priority** command to set the router priority, which determines the designated router for this network. To restore the default setting of priority 1, see *no ip ospf priority* command on page 15-16.

Syntax: (config-l2tpc-{n})# ip ospf priority priority

Field	Definition
priority	Enter an ID for this key. Range is 0-255.

Example: (config-12tpc-1)# ip ospf priority 2

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf retransmit-interval

Use the L2TPC **ip ospf retransmit-interval** command to define the interval of time between link state advertisement retransmissions for adjacencies belonging to the interface. To restore the default value of 5 seconds, see *no ip ospf retransmit-interval* command on page 15-16.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# ip ospf retransmit-interval seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1-65535 seconds, with a default of 5.

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # ip ospf retransmit-interval 10

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf transmit-delay

Use the L2TPC **ip ospf transmit-delay** command to define the estimated time to transmit a link state update packet on the interface. To restore the default value of 1 second, see *no ip ospf transmit-delay* command on page 15-17.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # ip ospf transmit-delay seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1-65535 seconds, with a default of 1.

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # ip ospf transmit-delay 10

ip primary-dns

Use the L2TPC **ip primary-dns** command to configure the primary DNS. To delete a primary DNS, see *no ip primary-dns* command on page 15-17.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # ip primary-dns address

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address of the primary server.

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # ip primary-dns 192.168.2.100

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip rip

ip rip enable

Use the L2TPC **ip rip enable** command to enable RIP on this interface. To disable RIP, see *no ip rip* command on page 15-17.

Syntax: $(config-12tpc-{n})$ # ip rip enable

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # ip rip enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip rip receive-version

Use the L2TPC **ip rip receive-version** command to configure the RIP receive messages on this interface.

Syntax: $(config-12tpc-\{n\})$ # ip rip receive-version $\{1|2|1or2|none\}$

Field	Definition
1 2 1or2	Receive RIP version 1
	Receive RIP version 2
	Receive RIP version 1 and 2.
none	Set RIP version to none.

Example: (config-12tpc-1)# ip rip receive-version none

ip rip send-version

Use the L2TPC **ip rip send-version** command to configure the send RIP messages on this interface.

Syntax:

(config-12tpc-{n})# ip rip send-version {1|2-bcast|2-mcast|none}

Field	Definition
1	Send RIP version 1.
2-bcast	Send RIP version 2 - Broadcast.
2-mcast	Send RIP version 2 - Multicast.
none	Set RIP version to none.

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # ip rip send-version 2-bcast

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip route

Use the L2TPC **ip route** command to configure the IP routing on this interface. To delete a route, see *no ip route* command on page 15-17.

Syntax:

(config-l2tpc- $\{n\}$)# ip route dest-ip-addr mask mask gateway gateway metric metric

Field	Definition
dest-ip-addr	Enter the destination IP address.
mask	Enter the mask of the above address.
gateway	Enter the gateway IP address.
metric	Metric of IP network on this interface in Adit 3500 Routing Table. Range is 0-255, with a default is 10.

Example: (config-12tpc-1)# ip route 192.168.100.200 mask 255.255.255.0

gateway 192.168.100.254 mask 125

ip route-mode

Use the L2TPC **ip route-mode** command to configure the routing mode.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# ip route-mode {napt|route}

Field	Definition
napt	Set to NAPT mode. Default. NAPT is used if doing private IPs on the Ethernet side or if you want to hide specific publics on the internal side.
route	Set to Route mode. Routing is used if public is visible on both sides.

Example: (config-12tpc-1)# ip route-mode napt

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip secondary-dns

Use the L2TPC **ip secondary-dns** command to configure the secondary DNS. To delete a secondary DNS address, see *no ip secondary-dns* command on page 15-18.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # ip secondary-dns address

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address of the secondary Domain Name Server (DNS).

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # ip secondary-dns 192.168.1.200

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

local-secret

Use the L2TPC local-secret command to configure the local secret password on this interface.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# local-secret {shared-secret}

Field	Definition
shared-secret	Enter a secret password used to authenticate L2TP connection. Maximum number of characters is 96.

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # local-secret secretpassword

metric

Use the L2TPC **metric** command to configure the Metric of the IP network on this interface.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # metric metric

Field	Definition
metric	Range is 0-255, with a default is 10.

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # metric 150

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no commands

no firewall

Use the L2TPC **no firewall** command to disable the configured firewall. To enable the firewall, see *firewall* command on page 15-3.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # no firewall
Example: (config-12tpc-1) # no firewall

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip address

Use the L2TPC **no ip address** command to remove the IP address assigned to the port. To set the Serial IP address, see *ip address* command on page 15-5.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # no ip address address

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address to remove.

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # no ip address 192.168.1.100

no ip default-route

Use the L2TPC **no ip default-route** command to disable the default route. To set the default IP address, see *ip default-route* command on page 15-5.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # no ip default-route

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # no ip default-route

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf authentication

Use the L2TPC **no ip ospf authentication** command to disable the authentication method for this serial interface. To enable the authentication type for this interface see *ip ospf authentication* command on page 15-6.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # no ip ospf authentication Example: (config-12tpc-1) # no ip ospf authentication Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf authentication-key

Use the L2TPC **no ip ospf authentication-key** command to remove a password to be used by neighboring routers, that are using OSPF's simple password authentication. To assign a password, see *ip ospf authentication-key* command on page 15-7.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# no ip ospf authentication-key Example: (config-12tpc-1)# no ip ospf authentication-key Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf cost

Use the L2TPC **no ip ospf cost** command to reset the cost path to the default setting of 0. To define the cost of sending a packet on this serial interface, see *ip ospf cost* command on page 15-7.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# no ip ospf cost

Example: (config-12tpc-1)# no ip ospf cost

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf dead-interval

Use the L2TPC **no ip ospf dead-interval** command to reset the interval of time to the default setting of 40 seconds. To define the interval of time that no hello packets have been seen before neighbors declare the router down, see *ip ospf dead-interval* command on page 15-7.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# no ip ospf dead-interval Example: (config-12tpc-1)# no ip ospf dead-interval Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf disable

Use the L2TPC **no ip ospf disable** command to enable OSPF processing on this interface. To disable OSPF on this interface, see *ip ospf disable* command on page 15-8.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# ip ospf disable all Example: (config-12tpc-1)# ip ospf disable all Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf hello-interval

Use the L2TPC **no ip ospf hello-interval** command to reset the interval of time to the default setting of the path cost to the default setting of 10 seconds. To define the interval of time between hello packets sent on the interface, see *ip ospf hello-interval* command on page 15-8.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # no ip ospf hello-interval Example: (config-12tpc-1) # no ip ospf hello-interval Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf message-digest-key

Use the L2TPC **no ip ospf message-digest-key** command to remove an old MD5 key. To enable OSPF MD5 (Message-Digest) authentication, see *ip ospf message-digest-key* command on page 15-8.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # no ip ospf message-digest-key key-id

Field	Definition
key-id	Enter an ID for this key. Range is 1-255.

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # no ip ospf message-digest-key 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf priority

Use the L2TPC **no ip ospf priority** command to set the router priority to the default setting of priority 1. To set the router priority, which determines the designated router for this network, see *ip ospf priority* command on page 15-9.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# no ip ospf priority

Example: (config-12tpc-1)# no ip ospf priority

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf retransmit-interval

Use the L2TPC **ip ospf retransmit-interval** command to restore the default value of 5 seconds. To define the interval of time between link state advertisement retransmissions for adjacencies belonging to the interface, see *ip ospf retransmit-interval* command on page 15-9.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# no ip ospf retransmit-interval Example: (config-12tpc-1)# no ip ospf retransmit-interval

no ip ospf transmit-delay

Use the L2TPC **no ip ospf transmit-delay** command to restore the default value of 1 second. To define the estimated time to transmit a link state update packet on the interface, see *ip ospf transmit-delay* command on page 15-9.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # no ip ospf transmit-delay

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # no ip ospf transmit-delay

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip primary-dns

Use the L2TPC **no primary-dns** command to disable the primary DNS. To set the DNS primary IP address, see *ip primary-dns* command on page 15-10.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# no ip primary-dns Example: (config-12tpc-1)# no ip primary-dns

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip rip

Use the L2TPC **no ip rip** command to disable RIP on this interface. To enable RIP, see *ip rip* command on page 15-10.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # no ip rip

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # no ip rip

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip route

Use the L2TPC **no ip route** command remove an IP route. To add a route, see *ip route* command on page 15-11.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # no ip route dest-ip-addr gateway

Field	Definition
dest-ip-addr	Enter destination IP address to remove.
gateway	Enter gateway IP address to remove.

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # no ip route 192.168.100.200 192.168.100.254

no ip secondary-dns

Use the L2TPC **no secondary-dns** command to disable the secondary DNS. To enable the secondary DNS, see *ip secondary-dns* command on page 15-12.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # no ip secondary-dns Example: (config-12tpc-1) # no ip secondary-dns Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp authentication

Use the L2TPC **no ppp authentication** command disable PPP authentication. To enable PPP authentication, see *ppp authentication* command on page 15-21.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # no ppp authentication

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # no ppp authentication

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp encryption

Use the L2TPC **no ppp encryption** command to disable PPP encryption. To enable PPP encryption, see *ppp encryption* command on page 15-21.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# no ppp encryption

Example: (config-12tpc-1)# no ppp encryption

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp exec-timeout

Use the L2TPC **no ppp exec-timeout** command to disable PPP idle time. To set the PPP maximum idle time before hangup, see *ppp exec-timeout* command on page 15-21.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # no ppp exec-timeout

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # no ppp exec-timeout

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp on-demand

Use the L2TPC **no ppp on-demand** command to disable PPP on-demand. To enable PPP on demand, see *ppp on-demand* command on page 15-22.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # no ppp on-demand

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # no ppp on-demand

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp password

Use the L2TPC **no ppp password** command to remove the PPP password. To set the PPP password, see *ppp password* command on page 15-22.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # no ppp password

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # no ppp password

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp restart-timer

Use the L2TPC **no ppp restart-timer** command to set the restart timer back to the default setting. To set the restart timer, see *ppp restart-timer* command on page 15-22.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # no ppp restart-timer Example: (config-12tpc-1) # no ppp restart-timer Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp time-btwn-reconnect

Use the L2TPC **no ppp time-btwn-reconnect** command to reset this time to the default settings. To set the interval between reconnect attempts, see *ppp time-btwn-reconnect* command on page 15-23.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # no ppp time-btwn-reconnect

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # no ppp time-btwn-reconnect

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp username

Use the L2TPC **no ppp username** command remove the PPP username. To set a PPP user, see *ppp username* command on page 15-23.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # no ppp username username

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # no ppp username test-user-name

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no schedule-availability

Use the L2TPC **no schedule-availability** command to disable a schedule rule. To add a rule, see *schedule-availability* command on page 15-23.

Syntax: $(config-12tpc-\{n\})$ # no schedule-availability

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # no schedule-availability

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no shutdown

Use the L2TPC **no shutdown** command to set the interface up (In-Service). To set the interface down (Out-of-Service), see *shutdown* command on page 15-24.

Syntax: $(config-12tpc-{n}) # no shutdown$

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # no shutdown

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no sip-alg

Use the L2TPC **no sip-alg** command to disable SIP ALG on this interface. To enable SIP ALG, see *sip-alg* command on page 15-24.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # no sip-alg

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # no sip-alg

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp authentication

Use the L2TPC **ppp authentication** command to configure the support of authentication types for the password. To disable PPP authentication, see *no ppp authentication* command on page 15-18.

Syntax: (config-12tpc- $\{n\}$)# ppp authentication $\{chap | ms-chap | ms-chapv2 | pap\}$

Field	Definition
chap	Support Challenge Handshake Authentication (CHAP)
ms-chap	Support Microsoft CHAP (MS-CHAP).
ms-chapv2	Support Microsoft CHAP Version 2 (MS-CHAPv2).
pap	Support an unencrypted password.

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # ppp authentication chap

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp encryption

Use the L2TPC **ppp encryption** command to configure the PPP encryption. To disable PPP encryption, see *no ppp encryption* command on page 15-18.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # ppp encryption {40-bit | 128-bit}

Field	Definition
40-bit	Support Encryption (40 bit keys)
128-bit	Support Maximum Strength Encryption (128 bit keys)

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # ppp encryption 40-bit

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp exec-timeout

Use the L2TPC **ppp exec-timeout** command to set the PPP maximum idle time before hangup. To disable PPP idle time, see *no ppp exec-timeout* command on page 15-18.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # ppp exec-timeout minutes

Field	Definition
minutes	Range is 0 - 99999 minutes.

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # ppp exec-timeout 150

ppp on-demand

Use the L2TPC **ppp on-demand** command to enable on demand the feature. On demand attempts to connect only when packets are sent. To disable PPP on demand, see *no ppp encryption* command on page 15-18.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# ppp on-demand

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # ppp on-demand

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp password

Use the L2TPC **ppp password** command set the PPP password. To delete a PPP password, see *no ppp password* command on page 15-19.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# ppp password password

Field	Definition
password	Enter the PPP password, with a maximum of 19 characters.

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # ppp password test-user-pswrd

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp restart-timer

Use the L2TPC **ppp restart-timer** command to configure the PPP restart timer. To set the restart timer to the default setting, see *no ppp restart-timer* command on page 15-19.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# ppp restart-timer seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1 - 65535 seconds. Default is 3 seconds.

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # ppp restart-timer 15 Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp time-btwn-reconnect

Use the L2TPC **ppp time-btwn-reconnect** command configure the time between reconnect attempts. To reset to default value, see *no ppp time-btwn-reconnect* command on page 15-19.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # ppp time-btwn-reconnect seconds

nition
e interval of time between reconnect attempts. e is 0 - 99999 seconds with a default of 0.

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # ppp time-btwn-reconnect 15

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp username

Use the L2TPC **ppp username** command set the PPP Login User Name. To delete a PPP user, see *no ppp username* command on page 15-20.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# ppp username username

Field	Definition
username	Enter the Username, with a maximum of 19 characters.

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # ppp username test-user-name

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

schedule-availability

Use the L2TPC **schedule-availability** command to apply a schedule rule to this interface. To delete a schedule, see *no schedule-availability* command on page 15-20.

Syntax: (config-12tpc- $\{n\}$)# schedule-availability time-range schedule-id

Field	Definition
schedule-id	Enter an existing schedule rule name. See <i>time-range</i> command on
	page 4-62 to set the schedule-id

Example: (config-12tpc-1) # schedule-availability time-range 1

shutdown

Use the L2TPC **shutdown** command to disable the interface. To set the interface up (In-Service), see *no shutdown* command on page 15-20.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n}) # shutdown
Example: (config-12tpc-1) # shutdown

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

sip-alg

Use the L2TPC **sip-alg** command to enable SIP ALG. To disable SIP ALG, see *no sip-alg* command on page 15-20.

Syntax: (config-12tpc-{n})# sip-alg enable

Example: (config-12tpc-1)# sip-alg enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

Configuration - OSPF Mode

The Router OSPF Configuration commands allow the user to configure the OSPF parameters.

OSPF (Open Shortest Path First) is a protocol based on the link-states of routers within a network. OSPF supports hierarchical routing by segmenting a larger network into smaller more manageable networks called areas.

Enter this sub-group with the (config)# router ospf command from the Configuration mode.

The Router OSPF commands are represented by the (config-ospf)# prompt.

Router OSPF Commands

- · area authentication
- area stub
- compatible rfc1583
- do
- end
- exit
- history
- network area
- no commands
- router-id

area commands

Note: For the following **area** commands, the first command that enters the area ID will set this parameter. The **no area** command will remove a specific area from the configuration. See the *no area* command on page 16-7.

area authentication

Use the Router OSPF **area authentication** command to enable authentication method (either message-digest or simple authentication) for an OSPF area. The default setting is **no** authentication. **Note:** If the optional parameter (message-digest) is not entered, the authentication method of **simple authentication** is applied to the area. To remove an area's authentication see *no area authentication* command on page 16-7.

Syntax: (config-ospf) # area area-id authentication [message-digest]

Field	Definition
area-id	Identifier of the area for which authentication is to be enabled, in the form:
	area number - Range 0-4294967295 area IP address - IP address of the area.
message-digest	Optional parameter. Enables MD5 Authentication on the area.

Example: (config-ospf) # area 1 authentication

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

area stub

Use the Router OSPF **area stub** command to set an area as a Stub area. **Note:** A Stub area is an area that does not receive LSAs. To remove the "stub" destination of an area, see *no area stub* command on page 16-7.

Syntax: (config-ospf)# area area-id stub

Field	Definition
area-id	Identifier of the stub area, in the form: ID number - Range 0-4294967295 IP address - IP address of the area.

Example: (config-ospf) # area 1 stub

compatible rfc1583

Use the Router OSPF **compatible rfc1583** command to restore the method used to calculate summary route costs per RFC 1583. To disable RFC 1583 compatibility, see the *no compatible rfc1583* command on page 16-8.

Syntax: (config-ospf)# compatible rfc1583
Example: (config-ospf)# compatible rfc1583

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file. This command can be entered in any configuration mode with the same result.

```
Syntax: (config-ospf)# end
Example: (config-ospf)# end
#
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session.

```
Syntax: (config-ospf)# history

Example: (config-ospf)# history

router-id 10.1.1.1

history

compatible rfc1583

area 1 authentication

area 1 stub

history
```

network area

Use the Router OSPF **network area** command to define the interfaces on which OSPF will run and set the ID for those interfaces. To disable OSPF routing for the interface defined, see *no network area* command on page 16-8.

Syntax: (config-ospf) # network address wildcard-mask area area-id

Field	Definition
address	IP address
wildcard-mask	IP address-type mask that includes "don't care" bits.
area-id	Identifier of the stub area, in the form: ID number - Range 0-4294967295
	IP address - IP address of the area. If you intend to associate areas with IP subnets, specify a subnet address as the value of the <i>area-id</i> .

Example: (config-ospf) # network 192.168.1.1 0.0.0.255 area 1

no commands

no area

Use the Router OSPF **no area** command to remove a specific area from the OSPF configuration. To set an area, see the *area commands* command on page 16-2, or *area stub* command on page 16-2, the first use of either command will set the area.

Syntax: (config-ospf) # no area area-id

Field	Definition
area-id	ID of area to be removed, in the form:
	area number - Range 0-4294967295
	area IP address - IP address of the area.

Example: (config-ospf)# no area 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no area authentication

Use the Router OSPF **no area authentication** command to remove an area's authentication. See the *area commands* command on page 16-2 for the counterpart of this command.

Syntax: (config-ospf) # no area area-id authentication

Field	Definition
area-id	Area ID for which authentication is to be removed, in the form: area number - Range 0-4294967295 area IP address - IP address of the area.

Example: (config-ospf) # no area 1 authentication

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no area stub

Use the Router OSPF **no area stub** command to remove the definition of an area as a Stub area. See the *area stub* command on page 16-2 for the counterpart of this command.

Syntax: (config-ospf) # no area area-id stub

Field	Definition
area-id	Identifier of the stub area, in the form:
	ID number - Range 0-4294967295
	IP address - IP address of the area.

Example: (config-ospf) # no area 1 stub

no compatible rfc1583

Use the Router OSPF **no compatible rfc1583** command to disable RFC 1583 compatibility. To restore RFC 1583 compatibility, see *compatible rfc1583* command on page 16-3

Syntax: (config-ospf) # no compatible rfc1583

Example: (config-ospf) # no compatible rfc1583

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no network area

Use the Router OSPF **no network area** command to disable OSPF routing for the interface defined. To define the interfaces on which OSPF will run and set the ID for those interfaces, see *network area* command on page 16-6.

Syntax: (config-ospf) # no network address wildcard-mask area area-id

Field	Definition
address	IP address
wildcard-mask	Wildcard mask to remove.
area-id	Identifier of the stub area, in the form:
	ID number - Range 0-4294967295
	IP address - IP address of the area.

Example: (config-ospf) # no network 192.168.1.1 0.0.0.255 area 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no router-id

Use the Router OSPF **no router-id** command to force OSPF to use the previous OSPF router ID behavior. To use a fixed router ID, see *router-id* command on page 16-9.

Syntax: (config-ospf)# no router-id
Example: (router-ospf)# no router-id

router-id

Use the Router OSPF **router-id** command to use a fixed router ID. To force OSPF to use the previous OSPF router ID behavior use the no form of this command, see *no router-id* command on page 16-8.

Syntax: (config-ospf) # router-id address

Field	Definition
address	Router ID in IP address format.

Example: (router-ospf)# router-id 10.1.1.1

Sample Configuration

```
ospf
    router ospf
   no compatible rfc1583
    router-id 192.168.3.251
    network 192.168.3.0 0.0.0.255 area 0.0.0.1
interface ethernet 1
    ip address 192.168.2.251 mask 255.255.255.0
    description Ethernet 1
    ip mtu auto
   no tos ip
    tos ip value 0x0
    ip default-gateway 0.0.0.0
    no ip dhep auto-provision
    no ip primary-dns
   no ip secondary-dns
    ip route-mode route
    no ip default-route
   no ip proxy-arp
    no ip rip
    ip rip receive-version 1or2
    ip rip send-version 2-bcast
    no firewall
   metric 50
    no shutdown
   speed auto
    full-duplex
    remote-admin enable
    no schedule-availability
    ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 test
    ip ospf authentication-key test2
    ip ospf cost 2
```

```
ip ospf priority 2
   exit
interface ethernet 2
    ip address 192.168.3.251 mask 255.255.255.0
   description Ethernet 2
   ip mtu auto
    ip default-gateway 192.168.3.1
   ip dhep auto-provision
    no ip primary-dns
   no ip secondary-dns
   ip route-mode route
    ip default-route enable
   no ip proxy-arp
   no ip rip
   ip rip receive-version 1or2
   ip rip send-version 2-bcast
   sip-alg enable
   no firewall
   metric 40
   no shutdown
   speed auto
    full-duplex
   no schedule-availability
   ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 123 (test)
    ip ospf authentication-key (test2)
   ip ospf cost 2
    ip ospf hello-interval 25
   exit
```

Configuration - OSPF Mode Sample Configuration

CHAPTER 17

Configuration - PPTPC Mode

The PPTPC Configuration commands allow the user to configure the VPN (Virtual Private Network) Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol Client parameters.

Enter this sub-group with the (config)# pptpc command from the Configuration mode.

The VPN PPTPC commands are represented by the (config-pptpc-n)# prompt.

PPTP Client Commands

- do
- end
- exit
- firewall
- history
- host-ip
- · ip address
- ip default-route
- ip mtu
- ip ospf authentication
- ip ospf authentication-key
- ip ospf cost
- ip ospf dead-interval
- ip ospf disable
- ip ospf hello-interval
- ip ospf message-digest-key
- ip ospf priority
- ip ospf retransmit-interval
- ip ospf transmit-delay

- ip primary-dns
- ip rip
- ip route
- ip route-mode
- ip secondary-dns
- metric
- no commands
- ppp authentication
- ppp encryption
- ppp exec-timeout
- ppp on-demand
- ppp password
- ppp restart-timer
- ppp time-btwn-reconnect
- ppp username
- schedule-availability
- shutdown
- sip-alg

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file. This command can be entered in any configuration mode with the same result.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# end
Example: (config-pptpc-1)# end
#

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

firewall

Use the PPTP Client **firewall** command to enable the configured firewall. To delete a preference, see *no firewall* command on page 17-13.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # firewall enable
Example: (config-pptpc-1) # firewall enable

Syntax:

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session. This command can be entered in any configuration mode.

```
Example: (config-pptpc-1)# history

history

ip mtu aut

ip rip enable

ip rip receive-version lor2

ip route-mode route

metric 3

ppp exec-timeout 1500

ppp restart-timer 600

ppp authentication chap

history
```

(config-pptpc-{n})# history

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

host-ip

Use the PPTP Client **host-ip** command to configure the IP address for the host.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# host-ip {address}

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address for the host.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # host-ip 192.168.2.101 Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip address

Use the PPTP Client **ip address** command to configure the IP address for the port. To remove an IP address, see *no ip address* command on page 17-13.

Syntax:

(config-pptpc-{n})# ip address {address mask mask/auto |unnumbered} [secondary]

Field	Definition
address	Enter an IP address to assign to the port.
mask	Enter a subnet mask for the IP address.
auto	Uses IPCP to assign an IP address.
unnumbered	Treat this as an un-numbered interface, as per RFC 1812.
secondary	Optional parameter, defines the address to be a secondary IP address.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ip address 192.168.2.100 mask 255.255.255.0

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip default-route

Use the PPTP Client **ip default-route** command to enable the default route. To disable the default route, see *no ip default-route* command on page 17-13.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# ip default-route enable

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ip default-route enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip mtu

Use the PPTP Client **ip mtu** command to set the Maximum Transmission Unit. Sets the largest packet size (bytes) the network will allow to transmit.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# ip mtu {size|auto}

Field	Definition
size	Allows the user to set the Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU). size = Range of 576 to 1500 bytes.
auto	Auto sets the MTU at 1500 bytes.

Example: (config-pptpc-1)# ip mtu auto

ip ospf authentication

Use the PPTP Client **ip ospf authentication** command to enable the authentication method (either message-digest or simple authentication) for this interface. To remove the authentication type for this interface set the parameter to null or see *no ip ospf authentication* command on page 17-13.

Note: If an optional parameter is not entered, the authentication method of **simple authentication** is applied to the interface.

Syntax:

(config-pptpc- $\{n\}$)# ip ospf authentication [message-digest| null]

Field	Definition
message-digest	Optional parameter. Enables MD5 Authentication on the area.
null	Optional parameter. No authentication is used. Note: This is useful for overriding password or message-digest authentication if configured for an area.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ip ospf authentication message-digest

Note: The authentication key must be defined before this command is implemented.

Therefore if setting simple authentication:

```
Example: ip ospf authentication-key pass777 ip ospf authentication
```

Therefore if setting **message-digest**:

```
Example: ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 pass777

ip ospf authentication message-digest
```

ip ospf authentication-key

Use the PPTP Client **ip ospf authentication-key** command to assign a password to be used by neighboring routers, that are using OSPF's simple password authentication. To remove a previously assigned password, see *no ip ospf authentication-key* command on page 17-14.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# ip ospf authentication-key password

Field	Definition
password	Enter a password, with up to 8 characters.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ip ospf authentication-key pass777

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf cost

Use the PPTP Client **ip ospf cost** command to define the cost of sending a packet on this serial interface. To reset the path cost to the default setting of 0, see *no ip ospf cost* command on page 17-14.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# ip ospf cost cost

Field	Definition
cost	Range is 1-65535, with a default of 0.

Example: (config-pptpc-1)# ip ospf cost 5

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf dead-interval

Use the PPTP Client **ip ospf dead-interval** command to define the interval of time that no hello packets have been seen before neighbors declare the router down. To reset the interval of time to the default setting of 40 seconds, see *no ip ospf dead-interval* command on page 17-14.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # ip ospf dead-interval seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1-65535 seconds, with a default of 40.
	Note: This value must be the same for all nodes on the network.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ip ospf dead-interval 50

ip ospf disable

Use the PPTP Client **ip ospf disable** command to disable OSPF processing on this interface. To enable OSPF on this interface, see *no ip ospf disable* command on page 17-14.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# ip ospf disable all Example: (config-pptpc-1)# ip ospf disable all Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf hello-interval

Use the PPTP Client **ip ospf hello-interval** command to define the interval of time between hello packets sent on the interface. To reset the interval of time to the default setting of the path cost to the default setting of 10 seconds, see *no ip ospf hello-interval* command on page 17-15.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# ip ospf hello-interval seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1-65535 seconds, with a default of 10.
	Note: This value must be the same for all nodes on the network.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ip ospf hello-interval 12

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf message-digest-key

Use the PPTP Client **ip ospf message-digest-key** command to enable OSPF MD5 (Message-Digest) authentication. To remove an old MD5 key, see *no ip ospf message-digest-key* command on page 17-15.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # ip ospf message-digest-key key-id md5 key

Field	Definition
key-id	Enter an ID for this key. Range is 1-255.
key	Enter a alphanumeric password, with up to 8 characters.

Example: (config-pptpc-1)# ip ospf message-digest-key 1 md5 key1

ip ospf priority

Use the PPTP Client **ip ospf priority** command to set the router priority, which determines the designated router for this network. To restore the default setting of priority 1, see *no ip ospf priority* command on page 17-15.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # ip ospf priority priority

Field	Definition
priority	Enter an ID for this key. Range is 0-255.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ip ospf priority 2

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf retransmit-interval

Use the PPTP Client **ip ospf retransmit-interval** command to define the interval of time between link state advertisement retransmissions for adjacencies belonging to the interface. To restore the default value of 5 seconds, see *no ip ospf retransmit-interval* command on page 17-16.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# ip ospf retransmit-interval seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1-65535 seconds, with a default of 5.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ip ospf retransmit-interval 10

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip ospf transmit-delay

Use the PPTP Client **ip ospf transmit-delay** command to define the estimated time to transmit a link state update packet on the interface. To restore the default value of 1 second, see *no ip ospf transmit-delay* command on page 17-16.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # ip ospf transmit-delay seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1-65535 seconds, with a default of 1.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ip ospf transmit-delay 10

ip primary-dns

Use the PPTP Client **ip primary-dns** command to configure the primary DNS. To delete a primary DNS, see *no ip primary-dns* command on page 17-16.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # ip primary-dns address

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address of the primary server.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ip primary-dns 192.168.2.100

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip rip

ip rip enable

Use the PPTP Client **ip rip enable** command to enable RIP on this interface. To disable RIP, see *no ip rip* command on page 17-16.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# ip rip enable

Example: (config-pptpc-1)# ip rip enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip rip receive-version

Use the PPTP Client **ip rip receive-version** command to configure the RIP receive messages on this interface.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# ip rip receive-version {1|2|1or2|none}

Field	Definition
1 2 1or2	Receive RIP version 1
	Receive RIP version 2 Receive RIP version 1 and 2.
none	Set RIP version to none.

Example: (config-pptpc-1)# ip rip receive-version none

ip rip send-version

Use the PPTP Client **ip rip send-version** command to configure the send RIP messages on this interface.

Syntax:

(config-pptpc- $\{n\}$)# ip rip send-version $\{1|2\text{-bcast}|2\text{-mcast}|\text{none}\}$

Field	Definition
1	Send RIP version 1.
2-bcast	Send RIP version 2 - Broadcast.
2-mcast	Send RIP version 2 - Multicast.
none	Set RIP version to none.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ip rip send-version 2-bcast

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip route

Use the PPTP Client **ip route** command to configure the IP routing on this interface. To delete a route, see *no ip route* command on page 17-17.

Syntax:

(config-pptpc- $\{n\}$)# ip route dest-ip-addr mask mask gateway gateway metric metric

Field	Definition
dest-ip-addr	Enter the destination IP address.
mask	Enter the mask of the above address.
gateway	Enter the gateway IP address.
metric	Metric of IP network on this interface in Adit 3500 Routing Table. Range is 0-255, with a default is 10.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ip route 192.168.100.200 mask 255.255.255.0

gateway 192.168.100.254 mask 125

ip route-mode

Use the PPTP Client **ip route-mode** command to configure the routing mode.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# ip route-mode {napt|route}

Field	Definition
napt	Set to NAPT mode. Default. NAPT is used if doing private IPs on the Ethernet side or if you want to hide specific publics on the internal side.
route	Set to Route mode. Routing is used if public is visible on both sides.

Example: (config-pptpc-1)# ip route-mode napt

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ip secondary-dns

Use the PPTP Client **ip secondary-dns** command to configure the secondary DNS. To delete a secondary DNS address, see *no ip secondary-dns* command on page 17-17.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# ip secondary-dns address

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address of the secondary Domain Name Server (DNS).

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ip secondary-dns 192.168.1.200

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

metric

Use the PPTP Client **metric** command to configure the Metric of the IP network on this interface.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# metric metric

Field	Definition
metric	Range is 0-255, with a default is 10.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # metric 150

no commands

no firewall

Use the PPTP Client **no firewall** command to disable the configured firewall. To enable the firewall, see *firewall* command on page 17-3.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# no firewall
Example: (config-pptpc-1)# no firewall

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip address

Use the PPTP Client **no ip address** command to remove the IP address assigned to the port. To set the Serial IP address, see *ip address* command on page 17-5.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # no ip address address

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address to remove.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no ip address 192.168.1.100

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip default-route

Use the PPTP Client **no ip default-route** command to disable the default route. To set the default IP address, see *ip default-route* command on page 17-5.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # no ip default-route

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no ip default-route

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf authentication

Use the PPTP Client **no ip ospf authentication** command to disable the authentication method for this serial interface. To enable the authentication type for this interface see *ip ospf authentication* command on page 17-6.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # no ip ospf authentication

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no ip ospf authentication

no ip ospf authentication-key

Use the PPTP Client **no ip ospf authentication-key** command to remove a password to be used by neighboring routers, that are using OSPF's simple password authentication. To assign a password, see *ip ospf authentication-key* command on page 17-7.

Syntax: $(config-pptpc-\{n\})$ # no ip ospf authentication-key

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no ip ospf authentication-key

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf cost

Use the PPTP Client **no ip ospf cost** command to reset the cost path to the default setting of 0. To define the cost of sending a packet on this serial interface, see *ip ospf cost* command on page 17-7.

Syntax: $(config-pptpc-{n}) # no ip ospf cost$

Example: (config-pptpc-1)# no ip ospf cost

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf dead-interval

Use the PPTP Client **no ip ospf dead-interval** command to reset the interval of time to the default setting of 40 seconds. To define the interval of time that no hello packets have been seen before neighbors declare the router down, see *ip ospf dead-interval* command on page 17-7.

Syntax: $(config-pptpc-\{n\})$ # no ip ospf dead-interval

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no ip ospf dead-interval

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf disable

Use the PPTP Client **no ip ospf disable** command to enable OSPF processing on this interface. To disable OSPF on this interface, see *ip ospf disable* command on page 17-8.

Syntax: $(config-pptpc-\{n\}) \# no ip ospf disable all$

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no ip ospf disable all

no ip ospf hello-interval

Use the PPTP Client **no ip ospf hello-interval** command to reset the interval of time to the default setting of the path cost to the default setting of 10 seconds. To define the interval of time between hello packets sent on the interface, see *ip ospf hello-interval* command on page 17-8.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # no ip ospf hello-interval
Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no ip ospf hello-interval

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf message-digest-key

Use the PPTP Client **no ip ospf message-digest-key** command to remove an old MD5 key. To enable OSPF MD5 (Message-Digest) authentication, see *ip ospf message-digest-key* command on page 17-8.

Syntax: $(config-pptpc-\{n\})$ # no ip ospf message-digest-key key-id

Field	Definition
key-id	Enter an ID for this key. Range is 1-255.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no ip ospf message-digest-key 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf priority

Use the PPTP Client **no ip ospf priority** command to set the router priority to the default setting of priority 1. To set the router priority, which determines the designated router for this network, see *ip ospf priority* command on page 17-9.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # no ip ospf priority

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no ip ospf priority

no ip ospf retransmit-interval

Use the PPTP Client **ip ospf retransmit-interval** command to restore the default value of 5 seconds. To define the interval of time between link state advertisement retransmissions for adjacencies belonging to the interface, see *ip ospf retransmit-interval* command on page 17-9.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# no ip ospf retransmit-interval
Example: (config-pptpc-1)# no ip ospf retransmit-interval

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip ospf transmit-delay

Use the PPTP Client **no ip ospf transmit-delay** command to restore the default value of 1 second. To define the estimated time to transmit a link state update packet on the interface, see *ip ospf transmit-delay* command on page 17-9.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # no ip ospf transmit-delay

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no ip ospf transmit-delay

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip primary-dns

Use the PPTP Client **no primary-dns** command to disable the primary DNS. To set the DNS primary IP address, see *ip primary-dns* command on page 17-10.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# no ip primary-dns

Example: (config-pptpc-1)# no ip primary-dns

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip rip

Use the PPTP Client **no ip rip** command to disable RIP on this interface. To enable RIP, see *ip rip* command on page 17-10.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# no ip rip

Example: (config-pptpc-1)# no ip rip

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip route

Use the PPTP Client **no ip route** command remove an IP route. To add a route, see *ip route* command on page 17-11.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # no ip route dest-ip-addr gateway

Field	Definition
dest-ip-addr	Enter destination IP address to remove.
gateway	Enter gateway IP address to remove.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no ip route 192.168.100.200 192.168.100.254

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ip secondary-dns

Use the PPTP Client **no secondary-dns** command to disable the secondary DNS. To enable the secondary DNS, see *ip secondary-dns* command on page 17-12.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # no ip secondary-dns Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no ip secondary-dns Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp authentication

Use the PPTP Client **no ppp authentication** command disable PPP authentication. To enable PPP authentication, see *ppp authentication* command on page 17-20.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # no ppp authentication Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no ppp authentication Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp encryption

Use the PPTP Client **no ppp encryption** command to disable PPP encryption. To enable PPP encryption, see *ppp encryption* command on page 17-20.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # no ppp encryption

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no ppp encryption

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp exec-timeout

Use the PPTP Client **no ppp exec-timeout** command to disable PPP idle time. To set the PPP maximum idle time before hangup, see *ppp exec-timeout* command on page 17-21.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # no ppp exec-timeout

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no ppp exec-timeout

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp on-demand

Use the PPTP Client **no ppp on-demand** command to disable PPP on-demand. To enable PPP on demand, see *ppp on-demand* command on page 17-21.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # no ppp on-demand

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no ppp on-demand

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp password

Use the PPTP Client **no ppp password** command to remove the PPP password. To set the PPP password, see *ppp password* command on page 17-21.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # no ppp password

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no ppp password

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp restart-timer

Use the PPTP Client **no ppp restart-timer** command to set the PPP restart timer to the default setting. To configure the PPP restart timer, see *ppp restart-timer* command on page 17-22.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # no ppp restart-timer Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no ppp restart-timer Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp time-btwn-reconnect

Use the PPTP Client **no ppp time-btwn-reconnect** command to set the time between reconnect attempts to the default setting. To configure the time between reconnect attempts, see *ppp time-btwn-reconnect* command on page 17-22.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # no ppp time-btwn-reconnect

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no ppp time-btwn-reconnect

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp username

Use the PPTP Client **no ppp username** command remove the PPP username. To set a PPP user, see *ppp username* command on page 17-22.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # no ppp username username

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no ppp username test-user-name

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no schedule-availability

Use the PPTP Client **no schedule-availability** command to disable a schedule rule. To add a rule, see *schedule-availability* command on page 17-23.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # no schedule-availability

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no schedule-availability

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no shutdown

Use the PPTP Client **no shutdown** command to set the interface up (In-Service). To set the interface down (Out-of-Service), see *shutdown* command on page 17-23.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # no shutdown

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no shutdown

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no sip-alg

Use the PPTP Client **no sip-alg** command to disable SIP ALG on this interface. To enable SIP ALG, see *sip-alg* command on page 17-23.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # no sip-alg Example: (config-pptpc-1) # no sip-alg Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp authentication

Use the PPTP Client **ppp authentication** command to configure the support of authentication types for the password. To disable PPP authentication, see *no ppp authentication* command on page 17-17.

Field	Definition
chap	Support Challenge Handshake Authentication (CHAP)
ms-chap	Support Microsoft CHAP (MS-CHAP).
ms-chapv2	Support Microsoft CHAP Version 2 (MS-CHAPv2).
pap	Support an unencrypted password.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ppp authentication chap Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp encryption

Use the PPTP Client **ppp encryption** command to configure the PPP encryption. To disable PPP encryption, see *no ppp encryption* command on page 17-17.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # ppp encryption {40-bit|128-bit}

Field	Definition
40-bit	Support Encryption (40 bit keys)
128-bit	Support Maximum Strength Encryption (128 bit keys)

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ppp encryption 40-bit Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp exec-timeout

Use the PPTP Client **ppp exec-timeout** command to set the PPP maximum idle time before hangup. To disable PPP idle time, see *no ppp exec-timeout* command on page 17-18.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# ppp exec-timeout minutes

Field	Definition
minutes	Range is 0 - 99999 minutes.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ppp exec-timeout 150 Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp on-demand

Use the PPTP Client **ppp on-demand** command to enable on demand the feature. On demand attempts to connect only when packets are sent. To disable PPP on demand, see *no ppp encryption* command on page 17-17.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # ppp on-demand
Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ppp on-demand

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp password

Use the PPTP Client **ppp password** command set the PPP password. To delete a PPP password, see *no ppp password* command on page 17-18.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# ppp password password

Field	Definition
password	Enter the PPP password, with a maximum of 19 characters.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ppp password test-user-pswrd

ppp restart-timer

Use the PPTP Client **ppp restart-timer** command to configure the PPP restart timer. To reset to the default setting, see *no ppp restart-timer* command on page 17-18.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# ppp restart-timer seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range is 1 - 65535 seconds. Default is 3 seconds.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ppp restart-timer 15 Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp time-btwn-reconnect

Use the PPTP Client **ppp time-btwn-reconnect** command configure the time between reconnect attempts. To reset to the default setting, see *no ppp time-btwn-reconnect* command on page 17-19.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# ppp time-btwn-reconnect seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Set the interval of time between reconnect attempts.
	Range is 0 - 99999 seconds with a default of 0.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ppp time-btwn-reconnect 15

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp username

Use the PPTP Client **ppp username** command set the PPP Login User Name. To delete a PPP user, see *no ppp username* command on page 17-19.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n})# ppp username username

Field	Definition
username	Enter the Username, with a maximum of 19 characters.

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # ppp username test-user-name

schedule-availability

Use the PPTP Client **schedule-availability** command to apply a schedule rule to this interface. To delete a schedule, see *no schedule-availability* command on page 17-19.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # schedule-availability time-range schedule-id

Field	Definition
schedule-id	Enter an existing schedule rule name. See <i>time-range</i> command on page 4-62 to set the schedule-id

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # schedule-availability time-range 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

shutdown

Use the PPTP Client **shutdown** command to disable the interface. To set the interface up (In-Service), see *no shutdown* command on page 17-19.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # shutdown
Example: (config-pptpc-1) # shutdown

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

sip-alg

Use the PPTP Client **sip-alg** command to enable SIP ALG. To disable SIP ALG, see *no sip-alg* command on page 17-20.

Syntax: (config-pptpc-{n}) # sip-alg enable

Example: (config-pptpc-1) # sip-alg enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

CHAPTER 18

Configuration - PPTPS Mode

The PPTP Server Configuration commands allow the user to configure the VPN (Virtual Private Network) Point-to Point Tunneling Protocol Server parameters.

Enter this sub-group with the (config)# pptps command from the Configuration mode.

The VPN PPTP Server commands are represented by the (config-pptps)# prompt.

PPTP Server Commands

- do
- end
- · end-address
- exit
- history
- idle-time
- no commands
- ppp authentication
- ppp encryption
- shutdown
- · start-address

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file. This command can be entered in any configuration mode with the same result.

Syntax: (config-pptps)# end
Example: (config-pptps)# end
"

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

end-address

Use the PPTP Server **end-address** command to set the PPTP remote host IP address range end.

Syntax: (config-pptps)# end-address end-ip-address

Field	Definition
end-ip-address	Enter the end IP address of the range.

Example: (config-pptps) # end-address 192.168.1.250 Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session. This command can be entered in any configuration mode.

Syntax: (config-pptps)# history

Example: (config-pptps)# history

ppp

end-address 192.168.1.175

ppp encryption

ppp authentication pap

idle-time 99999

start-address 192.168.1.1

history

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

idle-time

Use the PPTP Server **idle-time** command to set the maximum idle time for a PPTP connection. To reset the idle-time to the default setting, see *no idle-time* command on page 18-5.

Syntax: (config-pptps)# idle-time seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Enter the maximum idle time for PPTP connection.
	Range 0-99999 seconds, with a default of 1200.

Example: (config-pptps)# idle-time 1500

no commands

no idle-time

Use the PPTP Server **no idle-time** command to reset the idle time to the default setting. To set the maximum idle time for a PPTP connection, see *idle-time* command on page 18-4.

Syntax: (config-pptps)# no idle-time
Example: (config-pptps)# no idle-time

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp authentication

Use the PPTP Server **no ppp authentication** command to disable PPP authentication. To enable PPP authentication, see *ppp authentication* command on page 18-6.

Syntax: (config-pptps)# no ppp authentication {chap|ms-chap|
ms-chapv2|pap}

Field	Definition
chap	Support Challenge Handshake Authentication (CHAP)
ms-chap	Support Microsoft CHAP (MS-CHAP).
ms-chapv2	Support Microsoft CHAP Version 2 (MS-CHAPv2).
pap	Support an unencrypted password. Default.

Example: (config-pptps) # no ppp authentication Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no ppp encryption

Use the PPTP Server **no ppp encryption** command to disable PPP encryption. To enable PPP encryption, see *ppp encryption* command on page 18-6.

Syntax: (config-pptps) # no ppp encryption {40-bit|128-bit|stateful}

Field	Definition
40-bit	MPPE-40 - Microsoft PPP encryption algorithm.
128-bit	MPPE-128 - Microsoft PPP encryption algorithm.
stateful	Enable the stateful state for encryption.

Example: (config-pptps) # no ppp encryption

no shutdown

Use the PPTP Server **no shutdown** command to set the admin state of the server up (in-service). To set the admin state of the server down (out-of-service), see *shutdown* command on page 18-7.

Syntax: (config-pptps) # no shutdown

Example: (config-pptps) # no shutdown

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp authentication

Use the PPTP Server **ppp authentication** command to configure the support of authentication types for the password. To disable PPP authentication, see *no ppp authentication* command on page 18-5.

Syntax: (config-pptps) # ppp authentication [chap | ms-chap | ms-chapv2 | pap]

Field	Definition
chap	Support Challenge Handshake Authentication (CHAP)
ms-chap	Support Microsoft CHAP (MS-CHAP).
ms-chapv2	Support Microsoft CHAP Version 2 (MS-CHAPv2).
pap	Support an unencrypted password. Default.

Example: (config-pptps) # ppp authentication chap Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

ppp encryption

Use the PPTP Server **ppp encryption** command to configure the PPP encryption. To disable PPP encryption, see *no ppp encryption* command on page 18-5.

Syntax: (config-pptps) # ppp encryption {40-bit|128-bit|stateful}

Field	Definition
40-bit	MPPE-40 - Microsoft PPP encryption algorithm.
128-bit	MPPE-128 - Microsoft PPP encryption algorithm.
stateful	Enable the stateful state for encryption.

Example: (config-pptps) # ppp encryption stateful Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

shutdown

Use the PPTP Server **shutdown** command to set the admin state of the server down (out-of-service). To set the admin state up (in-service), see *no shutdown* command on page 18-6.

Syntax: (config-pptps) # shutdown
Example: (config-pptps) # shutdown

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

start-address

Use the PPTP Server **start-address** command to set the PPTP remote host IP address range start.

Syntax: (config-pptps) # start-address start-address

Field	Definition
start-ip-address	Enter the start IP address of the range.

Example: (config-pptps) # start-address 192.168.1.1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

Configuration - RADIUS Mode

The RADIUS Configuration commands allow the user to configure the RADIUS parameters for each interface.

This sub-group is entered with the **(config)# radius-client** command from the Configuration mode. The RADIUS commands are represented by the **(config-radius)#** prompt.

RADIUS Commands

- authentication
- do
- end
- exit
- history
- host
- key

authentication

Use the RADIUS authentication command to set the RADIUS client authentication method.

Syntax: (config-radius) # authentication {chap|ms-chap|ms-chapv2|pap}

Field	Definition
chap	CHAP - Challenge Handshake Authentication
ms-chap	MS-CHAP - Microsoft CHAP
ms-chapv2	MS-CHAPv2 - Microsoft CHAP Version 2
pap	PAP - Unencrypted Password. Default

Example: (config-radius) # authentication chap

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file. This command can be entered in any configuration mode with the same result.

```
Syntax: (config-radius) # end

Example: (config-radius) # end

#
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

```
Syntax: (config-radius) # exit

Example: (config-radius) # exit

(config) #

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR
```

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session. This command can be entered in any configuration mode.

```
Syntax: (config-radius)# history

Example: (config-radius)# history

exit
authentication chap
host
host 192.168.1.1
key
history
```

host

Use the RADIUS **host** command to set the RADIUS server IP address on the system.

Syntax: (config-radius) # host address auth-port port

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address of the RADIUS server.
port	Enter the port number to use for RADIUS authentication. Range is 0 - 65535 with a default of 1812.

Example: (config-radius) # host 192.168.1.1 auth-port 1812

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

key

Use the RADIUS key command to set the RADIUS shared secret password.

Syntax: (config-radius) # key password

Field	Definition
password	Enter a shared secret password for RADIUS, with a maximum of 8 characters.

Example: (config-radius) # key testpswd

Configuration - VLAN Mode

The VLAN Configuration commands allow the user to configure the global VLAN parameters. This sub-group is entered with the **(config)# vlan** command from the Configuration mode. The global VLAN commands are represented by the **(config-vlan)#** prompt.

VLAN (Global) Commands

- do
- end
- exit
- history
- no commands
- port-dot1q
- port-priority
- port-protocol-filter
- pvid
- tag-all
- vlan-feature

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file. This command can be entered in any configuration mode with the same result.

```
Syntax: (config-vlan) # end

Example: (config-vlan) # end

#
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

```
Syntax: (config-vlan) # exit

Example: (config-vlan) # exit

(config) #

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR
```

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session. This command can be entered in any configuration mode.

```
Syntax: (config-vlan) # history

Example: (config-vlan) # history

port-priority Ethernet 1.1 0

port-protocol-filter disable Ethernet 1.1

tag-port Ethernet 1.1

history

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR
```

no commands

no port-dot1q

Use the VLAN **no port-dot1q** command to disable dot1q tagging for the port. By default, VLAN tagging is disabled on a LAN port. In this default state, if the port receives a VLAN tagged frame, it will ignore the VLAN header and will process the ingress frames as a regular Ethernet frame. The VLAN tag will not be altered.

Note: Ingress port is a port receiving frames from a source external to the switch. Egress port is a port forwarding frames to another port(s) in the switch.

To set the port to VLAN aware mode, see *port-dot1q* command on page 20-5.

Syntax: (config-vlan) # no port-dot1q ethernet port

Field	Definition
port	Ethernet port in the form {port}.{sub-interface}.
	Adit 3104 and Adit 3200: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 2.1
	Adit 3500 and MSR: 1.1 and 2.1

Example: (config-vlan) # no port-dot1q ethernet 1.1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

no vlan

Use the VLAN **no vlan** command to clear a VLAN entry.

Syntax: (config-vlan) # no vlan entry

Field	Definition
entry	VLAN entry. Range = 2 - 4094.

Example: (config-vlan) # no vlan 2

port-dot1q

Use the VLAN **port-dot1q** command to enable dot1q tagging for the port. If VLAN tagging is enabled on a port, the port will forward any untagged or priority tagged frames with a VID equal to the ingress port's PVID and the priority of the tagged frame will remain unchanged. See the *port-priority* command, on page 20-5, to set the priority of the port.

Note: Ingress port is a port receiving frames from a source external to the switch. Egress port is a port forwarding frames to another port(s) in the switch.

To clear the dot1q for the port, see *no port-dot1q* command on page 20-4.

Syntax: (config-vlan) # port-dot1q ethernet port

Field	Definition
port	Ethernet port in the form {port}.{sub-interface}.
	Adit 3104 and Adit 3200: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 2.1
	Adit 3500 and MSR: 1.1 and 2.1

Example: (config-vlan) # port-dotlq ethernet 1.1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

port-priority

Use the VLAN port-priority command to set the VLAN priority for the port.

Syntax: (config-vlan) # port-priority ethernet port priority

Field	Definition
port	Ethernet port in the form {port}.{sub-interface}.
	Adit 3104 and Adit 3200: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 2.1
	Adit 3500 and MSR: 1.1 and 2.1
priority	Set priority level. Range = 0 - 7. Default is 0.

Example: (config-vlan) # port-priority ethernet 1.1 0

port-protocol-filter

Use the VLAN port-protocol-filter command to enable VLAN filtering for the port.

Note: The *vlan-feature* command, on page 20-7, must be executed before this command.

Syntax:

(config-vlan) # port-protocol-filter {disable | enable} ethernet port

Field	Definition
disable	Disable VLAN filtering on defined Ethernet port.
enable	Enable VLAN filtering on defined Ethernet port.
port	Ethernet port in the form {port}.{sub-interface}. Adit 3104 and Adit 3200: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 2.1 Adit 3500 and MSR: 1.1 and 2.1

Example: (config-vlan) # port-protocol-filter enable ethernet 1.1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

pvid

Use the VLAN pvid command to set the port native VLAN ID, or PVID.

Syntax: (config-vlan) # pvid ethernet port

Field	Definition
port	Ethernet port in the form {port}.{sub-interface}. Adit 3104 and Adit 3200: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 2.1 Adit 3500 and MSR: 1.1 and 2.1

Example: (config-vlan) # pvid ethernet 1.1

tag-all

Use the VLAN tag-all command to enable dot1q tagging for all ports.

If VLAN tagging is enabled on all ports, an ingress port should forward any untagged or priority tagged frames with a VID equal to the ingress port's PVID and set the priority of the untagged frame to that of the ingress port. The priority of the tagged frame remain unchanged. See the *port-priority* command, on page 20-5, to set the priority of the port.

Note: Ingress port is a port receiving frames from a source external to the switch. Egress port is a port forwarding frames to another port(s) in the switch.

Syntax: (config-vlan) # tag-all {disable | enable}

Field	Definition
disable	Disable dot1q for all ports. Default.
enable	Enable dot1q for all ports.

Example: (config-vlan) # tag-all enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

vlan-feature

Use the VLAN mode vlan-feature command to enable/disable the VLAN feature on the device.

Note: This command is not visible on the Adit 3500 or MSR, as VLAN is always enabled on these products.

Syntax: (config-vlan) # vlan-feature {disable | enable}

Field	Definition
disable	Disable VLAN feature.
enable	Enable VLAN feature.

Example: (config-vlan) # vlan-feature enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200

Configuration - VLAN Port Mode

The VLAN Port Configuration commands allow the user to configure the VLAN port parameters. This sub-group is entered with the **(config)# vlan {vlan-id}** command from the Configuration mode. The VLAN Port commands are represented by the **(config-vlan-{n})#** prompt.

VLAN (Port) Commands

- do
- end
- exit
- history
- no commands
- port
- priority
- voip-interface

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file. This command can be entered in any configuration mode with the same result.

```
Syntax: (config-vlan-{n}) # end
Example: (config-vlan-100) # end
#
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session. This command can be entered in any configuration mode.

```
Syntax: (config-vlan-{n})# history

Example: (config-vlan-100)# history

port-priority Ethernet 1.1 0

port-protocol-filter disable Ethernet 1.1

tag-port Ethernet 1.1
history
```

no commands

no port

Use the VLAN **no port** command to remove this port's membership from the VLAN. To set the preferences, see *port* command on page 21-4.

Syntax: (config-vlan-{n}) # no port ethernet port

Field	Definition
port	Ethernet port in the form {port}.{sub-interface}. Adit 3104 and Adit 3200: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 2.1 Adit 3500 and MSR: 1.1 and 2.1

Example: (config-vlan-100) # no port ethernet 1.1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500

no voip-interface

Use the VLAN **no voip-interface** command to clear VLAN tagging for the originating VoIP traffic.

Syntax: (config-vlan-{n}) # no voip-interface
Example: (config-vlan-100) # no voip-interface

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

port

Use the VLAN **port** command to set the Ethernet port as a VLAN port member.

Syntax: (config-vlan-{n}) # port ethernet port

Field	Definition
port	Ethernet port in the form {port}.{sub-interface}.
	Adit 3104 and Adit 3200: 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 2.1
	Adit 3500 and MSR: 1.1 and 2.1

Example: (config-vlan-100) # port ethernet 1.1

priority

Use the VLAN **priority** command to set the VLAN priority level.

Syntax: (config-vlan-{n})# priority priority

Field	Definition
priority	Set priority level. Range = 0 - 7.

Example: (config-vlan-100)# priority 0

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3200, Adit 3500, MSR

voip-interface

Use the VLAN voip-interface command to set the VLAN tagging for the originating VoIP traffic.

Syntax: (config-vlan-{n}) # voip-interface
Example: (config-vlan-100) # voip-interface

Configuration - Voice Port Mode

The Voice Port Configuration commands allow the user to configure the Voice Port parameters.

Enter this sub-group with the (config)# voice-port command from the Configuration mode.

The Voice Port commands are represented by the (config-vport)# prompt.

Note: There are two additional Voice Port groups (FXS-*Chapter 23* and Trunk-*Chapter 24*), please see their respective chapters for information.

Voice Port Commands

- digit-map (global)
- do
- end
- exit
- history
- no digit-map (global)
- tos

digit-map (global)

Use the Voice Port **digit-map** global command to configure the Digit Map on a global level. To disable digit map, see *no digit-map* (*global*) command on page 22-5.

Syntax:

(config-vport)# digit-map mode {long-timeout seconds | pattern
number pattern | short-timeout seconds}

Field	Definition
long-timeout seconds	Range is 4-60 seconds, with a default of 16.
pattern	 number - Enter pattern number to modify. Range is 1-30. See show digit-map command on page 3-37, to display the current list of Digit Map numbers. pattern - Enter the new pattern, with a maximum of 30 characters.
short-timeout seconds	Range is 1-10 seconds, with a default of 4.

Example: (config-vport) # digit-map mode long-timeout 20

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file. This command can be entered in any configuration mode with the same result.

```
Syntax: (config-vport)# end

Example: (config-vport)# end

"
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session.

```
Syntax: (config-vport)# history

Example: (config-vport)# history

tos sip 0fx6

tos sip value 0xff

digit-map long-timeout 10

history
```

no digit-map (global)

Use the Voice Port **no digit-map** command to remove a digit map pattern. To configure digit map, see *digit-map* (global) command on page 22-2.

Syntax: (config-vport) # no digit-map pattern number

Field	Definition
pattern number	Enter pattern number to remove. Range is 1-30. See <i>show digit-map</i> command on page 3-37, to display the current list of Digit Map numbers.

Example: (config-vport) # no digit-map pattern 10

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

tos

Use the Voice Port **tos** command to set the Type of Service (ToS). This command sets the precedence bits in the TOS byte of the IP header to prioritize packet handling.

Syntax: (config-vport) # tos {rtp value hex-value| sip value hex-value}

Field	Definition
rtp value hex-value	Range is 0x00 - 0xff. Default 0xb8
sip value hex-value	Range is 0x00 - 0xff. Default 0xdc

Example: (config-vport)# tos rtp 0xb8

Configuration - Voice Port FXS Mode

The Voice Port FXS Configuration commands allow the user to configure the Voice Port FXS parameters.

Enter this sub-group with the **(config)# voice-port fxs** *number* command from the Configuration mode. The Voice Port FXS commands are represented by the **(config-vport-fxs-**{*n*})# prompt.

Voice Port FXS Commands

- · comfort-noise
- · description
- do
- · echo-cancel
- end
- exit
- history
- input-gain
- no commands
- output-gain
- per-line-logging
- shutdown
- signal

comfort-noise

Use the Voice Port FXS **comfort-noise** command to enable the comfort noise feature. To disable comfort noise, see *no comfort-noise* command on page 23-6.

Syntax: (config-vport-fxs-{n})# comfort-noise enable
Example: (config-vport-fxs-1)# comfort-noise enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

description

Use the Voice Port FXS **description** command to change the description of the voice port.

Syntax: (config-vport-fxs-{n}) # description text

Field	Definition
text	Enter a description for the port, with a maximum of 64 characters.

Example: (config-vport-fxs-1) # description VoiceP-#2

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

echo-cancel

Use the Voice Port FXS **echo-cancel** command to enable Echo Cancellation on this trunk. To to disable Echo Cancellation, see *no echo-cancel* command on page 23-6

Syntax: $(config-vport-fxs-\{n\})$ # echo-cancel enable Example: (config-vport-fxs-1)# echo-cancel enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file.

Syntax: (config-vport-fxs-{n})# end
Example: (config-vport-fxs-1)# end
#

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session.

Syntax: (config-vport-fxs- $\{n\}$)# history

Example: (config-vport-fxs-1)# history

description tests echo-cancel enable input-gain 4

output-gain 4

signal ground-start

history

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

input-gain

Use the Voice Port FXS **input-gain** command to set the gain on the receive side voice path for the specified voice channel(s).

Syntax: (config-vport-fxs-{n})# input-gain value

Field	Definition
value	Range -12 to +6dB. Default is 0.

Example: (config-vport-fxs-1)# input-gain 4

no commands

no comfort-noise

Use the Voice Port FXS **no comfort-noise** command to disable comfort noise. To enable remote access, see *comfort-noise* command on page 23-2.

Syntax: $(config-vport-fxs-\{n\})$ # no comfort-noise Example: (config-vport-fxs-1)# no comfort-noise

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

no echo-cancel

Use the Voice Port FXS **no echo-cancel** command disable echo cancellation on this port. To enable echo cancellation, see *echo-cancel* command on page 23-4.

Syntax: (config-vport-fxs-{n}) # no echo-cancel
Example: (config-vport-fxs-1) # no echo-cancel

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

no per-line-logging

Use the Voice Port FXS **no per-line-logging** command disable the logging per line feature. To enable logging, see *per-line-logging* command on page 23-7.

Syntax: (config-vport-fxs-{n})# no per-line-logging
Example: (config-vport-fxs-1)# no per-line-logging

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

no shutdown

Use the Voice Port FXS **no shutdown** command to set this voice port up (In-Service). To set this port down (Out-of-Service), see *shutdown* command on page 23-7.

Syntax: (config-vport-fxs-{n})# no shutdown

Example: (config-vport-fxs-1)# no shutdown

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

output-gain

Use the Voice Port FXS **output-gain** command to set the gain on the transmit side voice path for the specified voice channel(s).

Syntax: (config-vport-fxs-{n}) # output-gain value

Field	Definition
value	Range -12 to +6dB. Default is 0.

Example: (config-vport-fxs-1)# output-gain 4

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

per-line-logging

Use the Voice Port FXS **per-line-logging** command to enable the logging per line feature. To to disable logging, see *no per-line-logging* command on page 23-6

Syntax: (config-vport-fxs- $\{n\}$)# per-line-logging enable

Example: (config-vport-fxs-1) # per-line-logging enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

shutdown

Use the Voice Port FXS **shutdown** command to set this port down (Out-of-Service). To set this voice port up (In-Service), see *no shutdown* command on page 23-6.

Syntax: (config-vport-fxs-{n})# shutdown
Example: (config-vport-fxs-1)# shutdown

signal

Use the Voice Port FXS **signal** command to set the signaling protocol.

Syntax: (config-vport-fxs-{n})# signal {ground-start|loop-start}

Field	Definition
ground-start	Sets the line to Ground Start signaling
loop-start	Sets the line to Loop Start signaling

Example: (config-vport-fxs-1)# signal ground-start

Configuration - Voice Port Trunk Mode

The Voice Port Trunk Configuration commands allow the user to configure the Voice Port Trunk parameters. Enter this sub-group with the **(config)# voice-port trunk** *number* command from the Configuration mode. **Note:** The Trunk option is not supported on the Adit 3104 or the Adit 3200.

The Voice Port Trunk commands are represented by the (config-vport-trk- $\{n\}$)# prompt.

Voice Port Trunk Commands

- · comfort-noise
- connection lcc
- connection t1
- description
- digit-map
- do
- echo-cancel
- end
- exit
- history
- input-gain
- isdn switch-type (PRI)
- no commands
- output-gain
- · registration
- signal
- trunk

comfort-noise

Use the Voice Port Trunk **comfort-noise** command to enable the comfort noise feature. To disable this feature, see *no comfort-noise* command on page 24-8.

Syntax: $(config-vport-trk-{n}) # comfort-noise enable$

Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # comfort-noise enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

connection Icc

Use the Voice Port Trunk **connection lcc** command to connect an MSR Link Cross Connect (LCC). To disconnect this connection, see the *no connection lcc* command on page 24-8.

Syntax: (config-vport-trk-{n}) # connection lcc number

Field	Definition
number	Link Cross Connect. Range = 1-8.

Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # connection lcc 2

Supported Platforms: MSR

connection t1

Use the Voice Port Trunk **connection t1** command to enter the T1 connection configuration mode. To disconnect this connection, see *no connection t1* command on page 24-8.

Syntax: (config-vport-trk-{n}) # connection t1 port

Field	Definition
port	T1 port range 1-4.

Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # connection t1 2

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500

description

Use the Voice Port Trunk **description** command to change the description of the trunk.

Syntax: (config-vport-trk-{n}) # description text

Field	Definition
text	Enter a description for the trunk, with a maximum of 64 characters.

Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # description VoiceP-#4

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

digit-map

Use the Voice Port Trunk **digit-map** command to configure the Digit Map on the trunk level. To disable digit map, see *no digit-map* command on page 24-9.

Syntax: (config-vport-trk- $\{n\}$) # digit-map mode {default | custom}

Field	Definition
default	Pass dialed number as a complete number for routing to the phone book, or to the proxy if there are no phone book entries.
custom	Process as for the default digit map.

Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # digit-map mode default

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

echo-cancel

Use the Voice Port Trunk **echo-cancel** command to enable Echo Cancellation on this trunk. To disable Echo Cancellation, see *no echo-cancel* command on page 24-9.

Syntax: $(config-vport-trk-{n})$ # echo-cancel enable Example: (config-vport-trk-1)# echo-cancel enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current Configuration mode.

Syntax: (config-vport-trk-{n})# end
Example: (config-vport-trk-1)# end
#

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session.

Syntax: (config-vport-trk-1) # history
Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # history

exit

description VoiceP-#1
digit-map mode custom

history

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

input-gain

Use the Voice Port Trunk **input-gain** command to set the gain on the receive side voice path for the specified voice channel(s).

Syntax: (config-vport-trk-{n})# input-gain value

Field	Definition
value	Range -12 to +6dB. Default is 0.

Example: (config-vport-trk-1)# input-gain 6

isdn switch-type (PRI)

Use the Voice Port Trunk **isdn switch-type** command to configure the switching type (protocol) on this trunk. **Note:** Hunt sequence of the PRI is a Round-Robin type, and is not configurable.

Syntax: (config-vport-trk- $\{n\}$)# isdn switch-type $\{pri-dms100 | pri-4ess | pri-5ess | pri-ni2\}$

Field	Definition
pri-4ess	PRI-4ess - The class 4 US AT&T proprietary version of ISDN.
pri-5ess	PRI-5ess - The class 5 ISDN central office circuit switching system developed by AT&T
pri-dms100	PRI-dms100 - Digital central office switch (number 100) from Northern Telecom.
pri-ni2	PRI-ni2 - This is the CCITT National ISDN 2 PRI standard.

Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # isdn switch-type pri-ni2

no commands

no comfort-noise

Use the Voice Port Trunk **no comfort-noise** command to disable comfort noise. To enable remote access, see *comfort-noise* command on page 24-2.

Syntax: $(config-vport-trk-\{n\})$ # no comfort-noise

Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # no comfort-noise

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

no connection lcc

Use the Voice Port Trunk **no connection lcc** command to remove a Link Cross Connection (LCC). To add an LCC, see the *connection lcc* command on page 24-2.

Syntax: (config-vport-trk-{n}) # no connection lcc number

Field	Definition
number	Enter a current LCC connection. Range = 1-8.

Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # no connection lcc 2

Supported Platforms: MSR

no connection t1

Use the Voice Port Trunk **no connection t1** command to remove a T1 connection. To enter the T1 connection configuration mode, see *connection t1* command on page 24-2.

Syntax: (config-vport-trk-{n}) # no connection t1 port

Field	Definition
port	Enter a current T1 connection. T1 port range 1-4.

Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # no connection t1 2

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500

no digit-map

Use the Voice Port Trunk **no digit-map** command to disable digit map on the trunk. To configure digit map, see *digit-map* command on page 24-3.

Syntax: (config-vport-trk-{n}) # no digit-map
Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # no digit-map

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

no echo-cancel

Use the Voice Port Trunk **no echo-cancel** command disable echo cancellation on this port. To enable echo cancellation, see *echo-cancel* command on page 24-5.

Syntax: (config-vport-trk-{n})# no echo-cancel
Example: (config-vport-trk-1)# no echo-cancel

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

no registration enable

Use the Voice Port Trunk **no registration enable** command disable trunk registration. To enable registration, see *registration enable* command on page 24-12.

Syntax: (config-vport-trk- $\{n\}$)# no registration enable Example: (config-vport-trk-1)# no registration enable

no registration line

Use the Voice Port Trunk **no registration line** command remove a registration line. To add a registration line, see *registration line enable* command on page 24-13.

Syntax: (config-vport-trk-{n}) # no registration line number

Field	Definition
number	Enter line number to Remove. Range 1 -300. Note: This line must be
	enabled for this command to be accepted.

Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # no registration line 1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

no registration line enable

Use the Voice Port Trunk **no registration line enable** command to disable a registration line. To enable line registration, see *registration line enable* command on page 24-13.

Syntax: (config-vport-trk-{n}) # no registration line number enable

Field	Definition
number	Enter line number to disable. Range 1 -300. Note: This line must be enabled for this command to be accepted.

Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # no registration line 1 enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

no registration line logging

Use the Voice Port Trunk **no registration line logging** command disable line logging on a PBX line. To enable logging, see *registration line logging* command on page 24-14.

Syntax: (config-vport-trk-{n}) # no registration line number logging

Field	Definition
number	Enter line number to disable. Range 1 -300.

Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # no registration line 1 logging

output-gain

Use the Voice Port Trunk **output-gain** command to set the gain on the transmit side voice path for the specified voice channel(s).

Syntax: $(config-vport-trk-\{n\})$ # output-gain value

Field	Definition
value	Range -12 to +6dB. Default is 0.

Example: (config-vport-trk-1)# output-gain 6

registration

The registration command enables the user to Add, Edit, Remove, Enable, Disable PBX line number behind a voice trunk that will register to the SIP proxy.

registration enable

Use the Voice Port Trunk registration enable command to enable the Voice Port registration feature. To disable Voice Port registration, see no registration enable command on page 24-9.

(config-vport-trk-{n})# registration enable Syntax:

Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # registration enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

registration line authentication

Use the Voice Port Trunk registration line authentication command to configure the username to authenticate.

Syntax:

(config-vport-trk-{n})# registration line value line-numbers value authentication {phone-number | username | username} password password

Field	Definition
line value	Enter the PBX line number to configure. Range is 1 - 300.
line-numbers value	Define the number of lines in this block that are going to be registered. Starting from the <i>first-phone-number</i> , increased by 1 each.
phone-number	Set the phone number to authenticate.
username username	Set the user name to authenticate.
password	Enter a password for the authentication.

Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # registration line 1 line-numbers 3 authentication phone-number password hello

registration line enable

Use the Voice Port Trunk registration line enable command to enable registration. To disable registration, see no registration line enable command on page 24-10.

Syntax:

(config-vport-trk- $\{n\}$)# registration line value line-numbers value enable

Field	Definition
line value	Enter the PBX line number to configure. Range is 1 - 300.
line-numbers value	Define the number of lines in this block that are going to be registered. Starting from the <i>first-phone-number</i> , increased by 1 each.

Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # registration line 4 line-numbers 3 enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

registration line first-phone-number

Use the Voice Port Trunk registration line first-phone-number command to define the first number in a block that will be registered.

Syntax:

(config-vport-trk- $\{n\}$)# registration line value line-numbers value first-phone-number phone-number description description

Field	Definition
line value	Enter the PBX line number to configure. Range is 1 - 300.
line-numbers value	Define the number of lines in this block that is going to be registered. Starting from the <i>first-phone-number</i> , increased by 1 each.
phone-number	Enter the first number in a block that will be registered.
description	Enter a description with a maximum of 20 characters.

Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # registration line 1 line-numbers 3

first-phone-number 3032185555 description turin

registration line logging

Use the Voice Port Trunk **registration line authentication** command to enable logging on this line. To disable logging, see *no registration line logging* command on page 24-10.

Syntax:

(config-vport-trk- $\{n\}$)# registration line value line-numbers value logging

Field	Definition
line value	Enter the PBX line number to configure. Range is 1 - 300.
line-numbers value	Define the number of lines in this block that is going to be registered. Starting from the <i>first-phone-number</i> , increased by 1 each.

Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # registration line 4 line-numbers 3 logging

Supported Platforms: Adit 3500, MSR

signal

Use the Voice Port Trunk **signal** command to configure the trunk signal type for a CAS trunk.

Syntax:

(config-vport-trk- $\{n\}$)# signal $\{delay-dial \mid immediate \mid wink-start\}$

Field	Definition
delay-dial	Set the trunk to CAS Delay Dial signaling.
immediate	Set the trunk to CAS Immediate Start signaling.
wink-start	Set the trunk to CAS Wink Start signaling.

Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # signal immediate

trunk

Use the Voice Port Trunk trunk command to set the Trunk ID.

Syntax: (config-vport-trk-{n}) # trunk trunk-id

Field	Definition
trunk-id	Enter a trunk ID. Maximum of 20 characters.

Example: (config-vport-trk-1) # trunk VPtrunk1

Configuration - Voice Service SIP Mode

The Voice Service SIP Configuration commands allow the user to configure the Voice Trunk SIP parameters.

Enter this sub-group with the **(config)# voice-service sip** command from the Configuration mode. The Voice Port commands are represented by the **(config-voice-serv-sip)#** prompt.

Voice Service SIP Commands

•	calling-party-disc	 privacy-mode
---	--------------------	----------------------------------

•	conference	• pro	xy-server
---	------------	-------	-----------

•	early-media	 redundancy advance-timeout
_	earry-meura	· reduituality advante-unitedut

-		-
end	 redundancy filter-incor 	ทเทต
EIIU	* required file in the second	,,,,,

•	exit	•	reaunaancy	/	primar	y-adaress
---	------	---	------------	---	--------	-----------

•	tax-protocoi-t38 ecs	 redundancy rollback-timer 	•
---	----------------------	---	---

• 1	ax-protocoi-t38	redundancy •	reaunaancy	<i>ı</i> secondar	y-adaress
-----	-----------------	--------------	------------	-------------------	-----------

•	tax-protocol-t3	s signaiing	 reaunaancy tti
---	-----------------	-------------	------------------------------------

•	feature-mode	 redundancy typ
•	reature-mode	 regundancy tyl

•	gateway-ip	 registration

prack

calling-party-disc

Use the Voice Service SIP calling-party-disc command to configure the call party disconnect feature.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip)# calling-party-disc duration

Field	Definition
duration	Range 500 - 3000 ms.

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip)# calling-party-disc 600

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

conference

Use the Voice Service SIP **conference** command to enable the conference calling feature. To disable conference, see *no conference* command on page 25-9.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip) # conference enable
Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # conference enable

do

Use the **do** commands to run User and Privileged mode commands. The following are links to the User and Privileged **do** commands.

User Mode Commands

enable command, on page 2-2
enable command, on page 2-2
end command, on page 2-2
exit command, on page 2-3
help command, on page 2-3
history command, on page 2-4
ping command, on page 2-5
show command, on page 2-6
traceroute command, on page 2-33

Privileged Mode Commands

clear command, on page 3-2 configure terminal command, on page 3-3 copy command, on page 3-3 date command, on page 3-4 debug command, on page 3-5 end command, on page 3-12 exit command, on page 3-12 help command, on page 3-13 history command, on page 3-14 log clear command, on page 3-15 no debug command, on page 3-16 ping command, on page 3-17 reload command, on page 3-18 show command, on page 3-19 traceroute command, on page 3-67 upgrade command, on page 3-67

dtmf

Use the Voice Service SIP **dtmf** command to configure the DTMF events.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip)# dtmf {inband|rfc2833}

Field	Definition
inband	Configure the DTMF in-band, as part of the RTP packets.
rfc2833	Configure the DTMF events out-of-band, as RTP event packets.

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # dtmf inband

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

early-media

Use the Voice Service SIP **early-media** command to configure the SIP early media. Early Media is the ability of two SIP user agents to communicate before a SIP call is actually established. Support for early media is important largely for interoperability with the PSTN.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip)# early-media {auto | 180 | 183}

Field	Definition
auto	Send 180/183, based on if in-band call progress tones are available.
180	The 180 Ringing message is a provisional or informational response used to indicate that the INVITE message has been received by the user agent and that alerting is taking place.
183	The 183 Session Progress response indicates that information about the call state is present in the message body media information. Note: Both 180 and 183 messages may contain SDP which allow an early media session to be established prior to the call being answered.

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip)# early-media auto

end

Use the **end** command to exit the current configuration mode, and must be used to mark the end of any configuration file. This command can be entered in any configuration mode with the same result.

```
Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip)# end
Example: (config-voice-serv-sip)# end
#
```

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

exit

Use the **exit** command to close your current connection if you are in the User mode, or Privileged mode. If the command is entered in a subconfiguration mode (Interface or Routing), this command takes you to the next higher level (example: back to Privileged mode from Interface configuration mode).

fax-protocol-t38 ecs

Use the Voice Service SIP **fax-protocol-t38 ecs** command to configure the fax Error Correction Scheme parameter.

Note: For the MSR, T.38 will be supported in a future release.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip) # fax-protocol-t38 ecs {none | redundant}

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # fax-protocol-t38 ecs redundant

Syntax Descriptions:

Variable	Definition
none	Set error correction to none.
redundant	Set error correction to redundant. Default.

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

fax-protocol-t38 redundancy

Use the Voice Service SIP **fax-protocol-t38 redundancy** command to set the T.38 protocol high and low speed redundancy.

Note: For the MSR, T.38 will be supported in a future release.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip)# fax-protocol-t38 {hs-redundancy

value}|ls-redundancy value}

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # fax-protocol-t38 hs-redundancy 1

Syntax Descriptions:

Variable	Definition
hs-redundancy	Configures the number of duplicate packets to transmit during a high-speed T.38 fax call. Note: Setting the HS Redundancy to greater than 0 will cause a significant increase in the network bandwidth consumed by the fax call. Range 0-3 packets, with a default of 0 packets (no redundancy).
ls-redundancy	Configures the number of duplicate packets to transmit during a low-speed T.38 fax call machine protocol. Range 0 to 4 packets (0 = no redundancy), with a default of 3 packets.

fax-protocol-t38 signaling

Use the Voice Service SIP fax-protocol-t38 signaling command to configure fax signaling.

Note: For the MSR, T.38 will be supported in a future release.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip)# fax-protocol-t38 signaling

{nse-only | nse-preferred | sdp-only | sdp-preferred}

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # fax-protocol-t38 signaling

sdp-preferred

Syntax Descriptions:

Variable	Definition
nse-only	Named Service Element (NSE) will be the only method tried without any attempt to try alternate signaling method to establish connection if it fails.
sdp-only	Session Description Protocol (SDP) will be the only method tried without any attempt to try alternate signaling method to establish connection if it fails.
nse-preferred	Named Service Element (NSE) preferred will be the first method tried with an attempt to try the alternate SDP signaling method to connect if it fails.
sdp-preferred	Session Description Protocol (SDP) preferred will be the first method tried with an attempt to try the alternate NSE signaling method to connect if it fails. Default.

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

feature-mode

Use the Voice Service SIP **feature-mode** command to determine where the intelligence for the calling features will lie, offering a choice between server-based (Info) and device-based (local) features.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip)# feature-mode {info|local}

Field	Definition
info	This selection is used with BroadSoft 11.1 Info Mode Proxy. Note: On a BroadSoft server, the Adit device must be configured as "Generic SIP Standard (Proxy Address)".
local	Default is Local.

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip)# feature-mode info

gateway-ip

Use the Voice Service SIP **gateway-ip** command to set the IP address to be used as the source IP for VoIP.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip)# gateway-ip address

Field	Definition
address	The IP address to be used as the source IP for VoIP services when it matches one of our up or running interfaces' IP addresses, otherwise our VoIP source IP address is determined by the previous automatic algorithm.

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # gateway-ip 10.10.2.1

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

history

Use the **history** command to display commands that have been entered in this session. This command can be entered in any configuration mode.

```
Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip)# history

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip)# history

feature-mode
  outbound-proxy
  outbound-proxy ip-address 192.168.2.2
  dtmf inband
  outbound-proxy 192.168.1.140
  proxy
  proxy-server 10.10.0.1
  exit
  history
```

no commands

no conference

Use the Voice Service SIP **no conference** command to disable the conference feature. To enable conference, see *conference* command on page 25-2.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip) # no conference
Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # no conference

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

no outbound-proxy

Use the Voice Service SIP **no outbound-proxy** command to disable the outbound proxy. To enable outbound proxy, see *outbound-proxy* command on page 25-11.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip) # no outbound-proxy
Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # no outbound-proxy

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

no prack

Use the Voice Service SIP **no prack** command to disable PRACK. To enable PRACK, see *prack* command on page 25-11.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip)# no prack
Example: (config-voice-serv-sip)# no prack

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

no proxy-server

Use the Voice Service SIP **no proxy-server** command to disable proxy server. To enable proxy server, see *proxy-server* command on page 25-12.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip) # no proxy-server
Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # no proxy-server

no redundancy filter-incoming

Use the Voice Service SIP **no redundancy-filter-incoming** command to disable the incoming redundancy filter. To enable filter, see *redundancy filter-incoming* command on page 25-14.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip)# no redundancy filter-incoming
Example: (config-voice-serv-sip)# no redundancy filter-incoming

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

no redundancy rollback-timer

Use the Voice Service SIP **no redundancy rollback-timer** command to disable the redundancy rollback timer. To enable timer, see *redundancy rollback-timer* command on page 25-15.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip) # no redundancy rollback-timer
Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # no redundancy rollback-timer

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

no registration ignore-negotiated

Use the Voice Service SIP **no registration ignore-negotiated** command to disable ignore negotiated expiration timeout. To enable ignore negotiated expiration timeout, see *registration* command on page 25-17.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip) # no registration ignore-negotiated Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # no registration ignore-negotiated

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

no session-timer mode

Use the Voice Service SIP **no session-timer mode** command to disable the session timer mode. To enable session timer mode, see *session-timer* command on page 25-18.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip) # no session-timer mode

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # no session-timer mode

outbound-proxy

Use the Voice Service SIP **outbound-proxy** command to configure the SIP outbound proxy. To disable outbound proxy, see *no outbound-proxy* command on page 25-9.

Syntax:

(config-voice-serv-sip)# outbound-proxy {hostname hostname|
ip-address address}

Field	Definition
hostname	Enter the host name of the outbound proxy.
address	Enter the IP address of the outbound proxy.

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # outbound-proxy ip-address

192.168.1.140

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

phone-number

Use the Voice Service SIP **phone-number** command to configure the phone number maximum size.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip) # phone-number max-size number

Field	Definition
number	Enter the maximum size for the phone number. Range 3 - 24.

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # phone-number max-size 11

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

prack

Use the Voice Service SIP **prack** command to enable Provisional Acknowledgement (PRACK), as per RFC 3262. To disable PRACK, see *no prack* command on page 25-9.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip)# prack enable
Example: (config-voice-serv-sip)# prack enable

privacy-mode

Use the Voice Service SIP **privacy-mode** command to configure the SIP privacy mode.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip)# privacy-mode {none|rfc3325}

Field	Definition
none	Disables the Privacy Mode. Default is None.
rfc3325	Enables support for RFC 3325, as supported on the Sylantro Application Server.

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # privacy-mode none

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

proxy-server

Use the Voice Service SIP **proxy-server** command to configure the SIP proxy server. To disable Proxy server, see *no proxy-server* command on page 25-9.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip) # proxy-server {hostname hostname |
 ip-address address}

Field	Definition
hostname	Enter the host name of the SIP proxy server, with a maximum number of 20 characters (including the port if entered).
address	Enter the IP address of the SIP proxy server.

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # proxy-server 192.167.1.200

proxy-type

Use the Voice Service SIP **proxy-type** command to configure the SIP proxy type.

FieldDefinitionbroadsoft-infoSets the SIP proxy type to BroadSoft.genericSets the SIP proxy type to generic.sylantroSets the SIP proxy type to Sylantro.

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip)# proxy-type generic

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

redundancy advance-retries

Use the Voice Service SIP **redundancy advance-retries** command to set the number of retries before a proxy is considered unreachable and moves onto the next.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip) # redundancy advance-retries number

Field	Definition
number	Range is 0 - 10, with a default of 3.

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # redundancy advance-retries 5

redundancy advance-timeout

Use the Voice Service SIP **redundancy advance-timeout** command to set the interval of time before moving onto the next proxy, when the first is not reachable.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip)# redundancy advance-timeout number

Field	Definition
number	Range 0 - 10 seconds, with a default of 2.

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip)# redundancy advance-timeout 5

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

redundancy filter-incoming

Use the Voice Service SIP **redundancy filter-incoming** command to enable filtering of packets from unknown SIP servers. To filtering, see *no redundancy filter-incoming* command on page 25-10.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip)# redundancy filter-incoming enable

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # redundancy filter-incoming enable

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

redundancy primary-address

Use the Voice Service SIP **redundancy primary-address** command to configure the primary outbound proxy.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip) # redundancy primary-address address

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address of the primary outbound proxy.

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # redundancy primary-address

192.168.100.140

redundancy rollback-timer

Use the Voice Service SIP **redundancy rollback-timer** command to set the interval of time between the time the primary proxy fails, and when a rollback is performed back to the primary proxy. To disable rollback timer, see *no redundancy rollback-timer* command on page 25-10.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip) # redundancy rollback-timer number

Field	Definition
number	Range 60 - 3600 seconds, or 0 (disabled), with a default of 300 (5 min).

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # redundancy rollback-timer 300

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

redundancy secondary-address

Use the Voice Service SIP **redundancy secondary-address** command to configure the secondary outbound proxy.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip) # redundancy secondary-address address

Field	Definition
address	Enter the IP address of the secondary outbound proxy.

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # redundancy secondary-address

192.168.100.140

redundancy ttl

Use the Voice Service SIP **redundancy ttl** command to set the SRV Time To Live (TTL) option. The TTL is a set interval of time between flushing the SRV cache.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip) # redundancy ttl seconds

Field	Definition
seconds	Range 0 - 3600 seconds, with a default of 3600.

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip)# redundancy ttl 900

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

redundancy type

Use the Voice Service SIP **redundancy type** command to configure the redundancy type.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip) # redundancy type {none|srv|user}

Field	Definition
none	Redundancy feature is disabled. Default.
srv	An SRV lookup will be performed using the main proxy. The hosts/ IPs found are used to form the proxy redundancy list.
user	The SIP messages will be sent to the primary proxy. If there is a failure it will be sent to the secondary proxy.

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # redundancy type none

registration

Use the Voice Service SIP **registration** command to configure the SIP registration, which allows trunk registration for each user of a PBX. To disable ignore negotiated registration timeout, see *no registration ignore-negotiated* command on page 25-10.

Syntax:

(config-voice-serv-sip)# registration {expire seconds|
failed-time seconds|ignore-negotiated enable|rate value|
retry-timeout milliseconds|tries value|window-size value}

Field	Definition
expire seconds	Sets the registration expire timeout. Range is 60 - 86400 seconds, with a default of 3600.
failed-time seconds	Sets the failed registration timer. Range is 30 - 86400 seconds, with a default of 60.
ignore-negotiated enable	Enable ignore negotiated expiration timeout.
rate value	Sets the number of registrations per minute. Range is 1-300, with a default of 60.
retry-timeout milliseconds	Sets the SIP retry timeout (SIP T1). Range is 200 - 5000 milliseconds, with a default of 500.
tries value	Range is 1 - 10 times, with a default of 5.
window-size value	Range is 1 - 304, with a default of 10.

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # registration expire 5000

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

rtp-base-port

Use the Voice Service SIP **rtp-base-port** command to configure the RTP base port. Choice of port to be advertised during the media-negotiation phase of call setup and used during the call to send and receive RTP.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip)# rtp-base-port number

Field	Definition
number	Range 1026 - 65000, with a default of 28000.

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # rtp-base-port 2500

session-timer

session-timer mode

Use the Voice Service SIP **session-timer mode** command to configure the timer mode. To disable the timer mode, see *no session-timer mode* command on page 25-10.

Syntax:

(config-voice-serv-sip)# session-timer mode
{requested|supported}

Field	Definition	
requested	System shall initiate Session Timer procedures in outgoing initial INVITE's by including a Session-Expires header.	
supported	System will respond to a Session-Expires request from a remote proxy or UAC.	

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # session-timer mode requested

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

session-timer refresher

Use the Voice Service SIP session-timer refresher command to configure the refresher timer.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip) # session-timer refresher {none | uac | uas}

Field	Definition	
none	No refresher parameter shall be sent in an INVITE, and any refresher received from the remote proxy or UAC shall be echoed back.	
uac	User Agent Client. Default is UAC.	
uas	User Agent Server.	

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # session-timer refresher uas

session-timer timeout

Use the Voice Service SIP **session-timer timeout** command to configure the interval of idle time to pass before timeout.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip) # session-timer timeout seconds

Field	Definition	
seconds	Range 90 - 7200 seconds, with a default of 1800.	

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip)# session-timer timeout 2500

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

sip-port

Use the Voice Service SIP **sip-port** command to select a TCP or UDP port to receive SIP traffic.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip) # sip-port port

	Field	Definition
-	port	Range 1026 - 65535, default is 5060

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # sip-port 2500

Supported Platforms: Adit 3104, Adit 3500, MSR

transport

Use the Voice Service SIP **transport** command to configure the transport layer protocol to be used for carrying SIP payloads. **Note:** UDP is commonly used and is the default.

Syntax: (config-voice-serv-sip) # transport {tcp|udp}

Field	Definition	
tcp	Transmission Control Protocol.	
udp	User Datagram Protocol	

Example: (config-voice-serv-sip) # transport udp

INDEX

A	vlan	4-63
access lan	vlan port	
access wan	voice-port	
access-control	voice-port-fxs	
access-list	voice-port-trunk	
add user	voice-service-sip	
aggressive-mode	Configuration Mode	
area authentication	access lan	4-4
area stub	access wan	
ARP	access-control	
authentication	access-list	
authentication login	authentication login	
udificition login	clock source	
В	controller lcc	
block-out-caller-id8-2	controller t1	
	date	
C	auto-time-update	4-8
calling-party-disc 8-2, 25-2	set	
call-wait-caller-id	summer-time	
call-waiting 8-2	timezone	4-10
clear	delete local-server	4-10
arp3-2	dial-peer	
caclkcd	pots	
ip ospf process	fxs	4-11
clock	trunk	4-11
clock source	voip	4-12
codec preference	dmz-host	
comfort-noise	do commands	4-13
Command Line Interface Help 1-5	dynamic-dns	
compatible rfc1583	backup-mx	4-14
conference	interface	4-14
Configuration Access Commands	mail-exchanger	4-15
controller lcc	offline	4-15
controller t1	username	4-15
DHCP pool ethernet	wildcard	4-16
dial-peer voice pots fxs4-11	end	4-16
dial-peer voice pots trunk4-11	exit	4-16
dial-peer voice voip	help	4-17
interface ethernet	history	4-18
interface multilink4-20	host-filter	4-19
interface serial	interface	
ipsec vpn_ipsec4-24	ethernet	4-19
12tpc4-26	multilink	4-20
pptpc4-53	serial	4-20
pptps	ip	
radius 4-54	dhen nool ethernet	4-25

domain name	haat filter
domain-name	host-filter
host	interface
ipsec	multilink
ipsec authentication-retries	serial
ipsec key generate key	ip dhcp pool ethernet
ipsec log ike	ipsec
ipsec log ipsec	authentication-retries
ipsec vpn_ipsec	log ike
net-to-host ipsec	log ipsec
net-to-net ipsec	replay
replay	vpn_ipsec
key 4-26	12tpc
12tpc	local-server
local-server 4-27	log sip
log	mail-server authentication
lcc	nat-bypass
buffer	network-object
notify	port-trigger-service
pri 4-29	pptp
security	pptps
buffer 4-29	radius-client
notify 4-30	remote-admin
sip	icmp4-46
system	snmp
buffer	telnet
notify	udp-trace4-47
t1	web
buffer	router ospf
notify	security-log
mail-server	service
authentication enable	snmp-server
from-address	snmp-server traps
host	static-dns
port	time-range
username	username
nat-bypass	vlan
network-object	voice-codec
no	voice-port trunk
access lan	port-trigger service
access wan	pptpc
access-control	pptps
access-list	radius-client
authentication login	remote-admin
auto-time-update	icmp
date-summer-time	snmp
dial-peer	telnet
pots	udp-trace
fxs	web
trunk	router ospf
voip	•
•	security-default
dmz-host	security-log
dynamic-dns 4-39	service

snmp-server		sip-authentication	8-9
community	4-60	sip-authentication	
enable		enable	8-10
host	4-61	password	
traps enable	4-61	username	
trusted-ip	4-61	Configuration-Dial Peer Trunk	
static-dns		codec preference	9-2
time-range		destination-pattern	
username		do commands	
vlan		end	
vlan port		exit	
voice-codec		fax-protocol	
voice-port		history	
fxs		modem-protocol	
sip		no	
trunk		codec preference	9-6
Configuration-DHCP Pool Ethernet		destination-pattern	
do commands	7-2	sip-authentication	
end		prefix	
end-address		sip-authentication	
exit		enable	9-7
history	7-4	password	
lease		username	
no		strip-digits	
option	7-5	Configuration-Dial Peer VoIP	
relay		destination-pattern	10-2
static-lease		do commands	
option		end	
relay		exit	
start-address		history	
static-lease		no	
subnet-mask		destination-pattern	10-5
wins server		prefix	
Configuration-Dial Peer FXS		session-target	
block-out-caller-id	8-2	prefix	
calling-party-disc		session-target	
call-wait-caller-id		strip-digits	
call-waiting	8-2	user-id	
codec preference		Configuration-Ethernet Interface	
destination-pattern		description	11-2
do commands		do commands	
end		end	
exit		exit	
fax-protocol		firewall	
history		full-duplex	
modem-protocol		half-duplex	
no	,	history	
block-out-caller-id	8-8	ip address	
calling-party-disc		ip default-gateway	
call-wait-caller-id		ip default-route	
call-waiting		ip dhep	
codec preference		ip mtu	

Index

in and C	
ip ospf	sip-alg
authentication	speed
authentication-key	tos
cost	Configuration-IPSec
dead-interval	aggressive-mode
disable	authentication
hello-interval	description
message-digest-key	do commands
priority	dpd-delay14-4
retransmit-interval	dpd-enable14-4
transmit-delay	dpd-timeout
ip primary-dns	encryption
ip proxy-arp	end
ip rip	exit
enable	group
receive-version	hash
send-version	history
ip route	ip route metric
ip route-mode	ipsec-conn
ip secondary-dns	ipsec-manual
metric	key14-8
no	lifetime14-9
firewall	local-subnet
ip address	max-retries
ip default-route	mode
ip dhcp	netbios remote-brc-addr
ip ospf	net-type
authentication	no
authentication-key	aggressive-mode
cost	dpd-delay
dead-interval	dpd-enable
disable	dpd-timeout
hello-interval	encryption
message-digest-key	group
priority	hash
retransmit-delay	ip rip
retransmit-interval	ipsec
ip primary-dns	manual
ip proxy-arp	netbios
ip rip	reconnect
	schedule-availability
ip route	
ip secondary-dns	set-pfs
remote-admin	transform-set
schedule-availability	reconnect
shutdown	rekey
sip-alg	remote-ip
tos ip	remote-subnet
release	schedule-availability
remote-admin	session-key
renew	set-pfs
schedule-availability	transform-set
shutdown	

Configuration-L2TPC	encryption	15-18
do commands	exec-timeout	
end	on-demand	
exit	password	
firewall 15-3	restart-timer	
history	time-btwn-reconnect	
host-ip	username	
•	schedule-availability	
ip address	shutdown	
ip default-route		
ip mtu	sip-alg	13-20
ip ospf	ppp	15.01
authentication	authentication	
authentication-key	encryption	
cost	exec-timeout	
dead-interval	on-demand	
disable	password	
hello-interval	restart-timer	
message-digest-key	time-btwn-reconnect	
priority	username	
retransmit-interval	schedule-availability	
transmit-delay	shutdown	
ip primary-dns	sip-alg	15-24
ip rip	Configuration-LCC Controller	
enable	description	
receive-version	do commands	
send-version	end	
ip route	exit	
ip route-mode	history	5-5
ip secondary-dns	no	
local-secret	shutdown	
metric	shutdown	5-6
no	Configuration-Multilink Interface	
firewall	description	
ip address	do commands	12-3
ip default-route	end	12-4
ip ospf	exit	12-4
authentication	firewall	12-4
authentication-key 15-14	history	12-5
cost	ip address	
dead-interval	ip default-route	12-6
disable	ip mtu	12-6
hello-interval	ip ospf	
message-digest-key	authentication	12-7
priority	authentication-key	
retransmit-interval	cost	
transmit-delay	dead-interval	
ip primary-dns	disable	
ip rip	hello-interval	
ip route	message-digest-key	
ip secondary-dns	priority	
ppp	retransmit-interval	
authentication	transmit-delay	
<u> </u>	dundini delay	12-10

ip primary-dns	Configuration-OSPF
ip rip enable	area authentication
ip rip receive-version 12-11	area stub
ip rip send-version	compatible rfc1583
ip route	do commands
ip route-mode	end
ip secondary-dns	exit
metric	history
no	network area
firewall	no
ip address	area
ip default-router 12-14	area authentication
ip ospf	area stub
authentication	compatible rfc1583
authentication-key	network area
cost	router-id
dead-interval	router-id
disable	Configuration-PPTPC
hello-interval 12-16	do commands
message-digest-key	end
priority	exit
retransmit-interval	firewall
transmit-delay	history
ip primary-dns	host-ip
ip rip	ip address
ip route	ip default-route
ip secondary-dns	ip mtu
ppp	ip ospf
authentication 12-18	authentication
encryption	authentication-key
on-demand 12-19	cost
password	dead-interval
qos interleaving	disable
username	hello-interval
schedule-availability	message-digest-key
shutdown	priority
sip-alg	retransmit-interval
ppp	transmit-delay
authentication	ip primary-dns
encryption	ip rip
exec-timeout	enable
link-fragmentation	receive-version
on-demand	send-version
password	ip route
qos-interleaving	ip route-mode
restart-timer	ip secondary-dns
time-btwn-reconnect	metric
username	no
schedule-availability	firewall
shutdown	ip address
sip-alg	ip default-route
- -	ip ospf

authentication	ppp	
authentication-key	authentication	18-6
cost	encryption	
dead-interval	shutdown	
disable	start-address	
hello-interval	Configuration-RADIUS	
message-digest-key	authentication	19-2
priority	do commands	
retransmit-interval	end	
transmit-delay	exit	
ip primary-dns	history	
ip rip	host	
ip route	key	
ip secondary-dns	Configuration-Serial Interface	
ppp	description	13-2
authentication	do commands	
encryption	encapsulation ppp	
exec-timeout	end	
on-demand	exit	
password	firewall	13-5
restart-timer	history	13-5
time-btwn-reconnect	ip address	
username	ip default-route	
schedule-availability 17-19	ip mtu	13-6
shutdown	ip ospf	
sip-alg17-20	authentication	13-7
ppp	authentication-key	13-8
authentication	cost	13-8
encryption	dead-interval	
idle-timeout	disable	13-9
on-demand	hello-interval	13-9
password	message-digest-key	13-9
restart-timer	priority	13-10
time-btwn-reconnect	retransmit-interval	13-10
username	transmit-delay	13-10
schedule-availability	ip primary-dns	13-11
shutdown	ip rip	
sip-alg	enable	13-11
Configuration-PPTPS	receive-version	
do commands	send-version	13-12
end	ip route	
end-address	ip route-mode	13-13
exit	ip secondary-dns	13-13
history	metric	13-13
idle-time	multilink-group	13-14
no	no	
idle-time	encapsulation ppp	13-14
ppp	firewall	
authentication	ip address	
encryption	ip default-route	13-15
shutdown	ip ospf	
	authentication	13-15

authentication-key	shutdown
cost	tdm-group
dead-interval	pri-group
disable	shutdown
hello-interval	tdm-group
message-digest-key	threshold
priority	Configuration-VLAN
retransmit-interval	do commands
transmit-delay	end
ip primary-dns	exit
ip rip	history
ip route	no
ip secondary-dns	port-dot1q
ppp	vlan
authentication	port-dot1q
encryption	port-priority
on-demand	port-protocol-filter
password	pvid
username	tag-all
schedule-availability	vlan-feature
shutdown	Configuration-VLAN (port)
sip-alg	do commands
ppp	end
authentication	exit
encryption	history
exec-timeout	no
link-fragmentation	port
on-demand	voip-interface
password	port
restart-timer	priority
time-btwn-reconnect	voip-interface
username	Configuration-Voice Port
schedule-availability	digit-map (global)
shutdown	do commands
sip-alg	end
Configuration-T1 Controller	exit
description	history
do commands	no
ds0-group	digit-map (global)
end	signal
exit	FXS23-8
fdl 6-5	tos
framing 6-5	Configuration-Voice Port FXS
history	comfort-noise
idle-pattern 6-6	description
lbo 6-7	do commands
linecode	echo-cancel
loopback	end
loopdetect 6-9	exit
no	history
ds0-group 6-9	input-gain
pri-group	

no	signaling
comfort-noise	feature-mode
echo-cancel	gateway-ip
per-line-logging	history
shutdown	no
output-gain	conference
per-line-logging	outbound-proxy
shutdown	prack
Configuration-Voice Port Trunk	proxy-server
comfort-noise	redundancy
connection lcc	filter-incoming
connection t1	rollback-timer
description	registration 25-10
digit-map (trunk)	ignore-negotiated
do commands	session-timer mode
echo-cancel	outbound-proxy
end	phone-number
exit	prack
	privacy-mode
history	
input-gain	proxy-server
isdn switch-type (PRI)	proxy-type
no comfort-noise	redundancy advance-retries
connection lcc	advance-timeout 25-14
connection t1	filter-incoming
digit-map	primary-address
echo-cancel	
registration	secondary-address
line	
line enable	type
line logging	registration
output-gain	rtp-base-port
registration 24.12	session-timer mode
enable	refresher 25-18
line enable	timeout
line first-phone-number	sip-port
line logging	transport
signal 24.14	configure terminal
trunk	connection lcc
trunk	connection t1
Configuration-Voice Service SIP	copy
calling-party-disc	defaults
conference	path
do commands	running-config
dtmf	D
early-media	
end	date
exit	auto-time-update
fax-protocol-t38	set
ecs	summer-time
redundancy	timezone

date (clock)	fdl6-5
debug 3-5, 3-6, 3-7, 3-8, 3-9, 3-10, 3-11, 3-12	feature-mode
delete local-server	firewall
description . 5-2, 6-2, 11-2, 12-2, 13-2, 14-2, 23-2, 24-3	framing
destination-pattern	full-duplex
*	Tuil-duplex
dial-peer	G
pots	-
fxs 4-11	gateway-ip
trunk 4-11	group
voip	
digit-map (global)	Н
digit-map (trunk)	half-duplex11-5
dmz-host	hash
do commands	help2-3, 3-13, 4-17
4-13, .5-3, 6-3, 7-2, 8-4, 9-3, 10-3, 11-3, 12-3,	history
13-3, 14-3, 15-2, 16-4, 17-2, 18-2, 19-3, 20-2,	2-4, 3-14, 4-18, 5-5, 6-6, 7-4, 8-6, 9-5, 10-4, 11-6,
	. 12-5, 13-5, 14-7, 15-4, 16-5, 17-4, 18-4, 19-4,
21-2, 22-3, 23-3, 24-4, 25-3	20-3, 21-3, 22-4, 23-5, 24-6, 25-8
dpd-delay	host
dpd-enable	host-filter
dpd-timeout	
ds0-group	host-ip
dtmf	T. Comments of the Comment of the Co
dynamic-dns	
backup-mx	idle-pattern6-6
interface	idle-time
mail-exchanger 4-15	input-gain
offline 4-15	interface
username	ethernet
wildcard	multilink
	serial
E	ip address
early-media	ip default-gateway
echo-cancel	ip default-route
enable	ip dhcp
encapsulation ppp	ip dhcp pool ethernet
1 111	ip domain-name
encryption	ip host
end	ip mtu
2-2, 3-12, 4-16, 5-4, 6-4, 7-3, 8-5, 9-4, 10-4, 11-4,	± ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '
.12-4, 13-4, 14-5, 15-3, 16-5, 17-3, 18-3, 19-4,	ip ospf
20-3, 21-3, 22-4, 23-4, 24-5, 25-5	authentication
end-address	authentication-key 11-10, 12-8, 13-8, 15-7, 17-7
exit	cost
2-3, 3-12, 4-16, 5-4, 6-4, 7-3, 8-5, 9-4, 10-4, 11-4,	dead-interval
.12-4, 13-4, 14-5, 15-3, 16-5, 17-3, 18-3, 19-4,	disable
20-3, 21-3, 22-4, 23-4, 24-5, 25-5	hello-interval 11-11, 12-9, 13-9, 15-8, 17-8
_	message-digest-key 11-11, 12-9, 13-9, 15-8, 17-8
F	priority
fax-protocol 8-6, 9-4	retransmit-interval11-12, 12-10, 13-10, 15-9, 17-9
fax-protocol-t38	transmit-delay 11-12, 12-10, 13-10, 15-9, 17-9
ecs	ip primary-dns 11-13, 12-11, 13-11, 15-10, 17-10
redundancy	ip proxy-arp
signaling	- -

ip rip	notify	32
enable 11-14, 13-11, 15-10, 17-10	log clear	15
receive-version 11-14, 13-11, 15-10, 17-10	loopback 6-	-8
send-version	loopdetect 6-	-9
ip rip enable		
ip rip receive-version	M	
ip rip send-version	mail-server	
ip rip"send-version	authentication enable	
ip route 11-15, 12-12, 13-12, 15-11, 17-11	from-address 4-3	33
ip route metric	host 4-3	33
ip route-mode 11-15, 12-13, 13-13, 15-12, 17-12	port 4-3	34
ip secondary-dns 11-16, 12-13, 13-13, 15-12, 17-12	username	34
ipsec	max-retries	10
authentication-retries	metric	12
key generate key4-21	mode	10
log ike	modem-protocol 8-7, 9-	-5
log ipsec	multilink-group	14
net-to-host		
net-to-net	N	
replay	nat-bypass	
vpn_ipsec	netbios remote-brc-addr	
ipsec-conn	net-type	
ipsec-manual14-8	network area	
isdn switch-type	network-object	35
••	no	
K	access lan	
key 4-26, 14-8, 19-5	access wan	
	access-control	
L	access-list	
12tpc	aggressive-mode	
lbo	area	
lease	area authentication	
lifetime	area stub	
linecode	authentication login	
load configuration file	auto-time-update	
local-secret	block-out-caller-id 8-	
local-server	calling-party-disc 8	
local-subnet	call-wait-caller-id	
log	call-waiting 8	
lcc	codec preference 8-9, 9-	
buffer	comfort-noise	
notify	compatible rfc1583	
pri	conference	
security	connection lcc	
buffer	connection t1	
notify	date-summer-time	38
sip	debug	
system	portmon	
buffer	trace	
notify	destination-pattern	-5
tl	dial-peer	
buffer	pots	

fxs	log sip
trunk	mail-server authentication
voip	nat-bypass
digit-map	netbios
digit-map (global)	network area16-8
dmz-host	network-object
dpd-delay	option
dpd-enable	outbound-proxy
dpd-timeout	per-line-logging
ds0-group	port
dynamic-dns	port-dot1q
echo-cancel	port-trigger-service
encapsulation ppp	ppp
encryption	authentication 12-18, 13-19, 15-18, 17-17, 18-5
firewall	encryption 12-18, 13-19, 15-18, 17-17, 18-5
group	exec-timeout
hash	on-demand12-19, 13-19, 15-19, 17-18
host-filter	password
idle-time	qos-interleaving
interface	restart-timer
multilink	time-btwn-reconnect
serial	username12-19, 13-20, 15-20, 17-19
ip address11-17, 12-14, 13-15, 15-13, 17-13	pptp
, , , ,	11 1
ip default-route	pptps
ip default-router	prack
ip dhep	prefix10-5
ip dhcp pool ethernet	pri-group
ip ospf	proxy-server
authentication 11-18, 12-14, 13-15, 15-14, 17-13	radius-client
authentication-key 11-18, 12-15, 13-15, 15-14, 17-14	reconnect
cost11-18, 12-15, 13-16, 15-14, 17-14	redundancy
dead-interval 11-18, 12-15, 13-16, 15-15, 17-14	filter-incoming
disable 11-19, 12-15, 13-16, 15-15, 17-14	rollback-timer
hello-interval11-19, 12-16, 13-16, 15-15, 17-15	registration
message-digest-key 11-19, 12-16, 13-17, 15-16, 17-15	ignore-negotiated
priority11-20, 12-16, 13-17, 15-16, 17-15	line
retransmit-interval 11-20, 12-17, 13-17, 15-16, 17-16	line enable
transmit-delay 11-20, 12-17, 13-17, 15-17, 17-16	line logging
ip primary-dns 11-20, 12-17, 13-18, 15-17, 17-16	relay
ip proxy-arp	remote-admin
ip rip 11-21, 12-17, 13-18, 14-14, 15-17, 17-16	icmp4-46
ip route11-21, 12-18, 13-18, 15-17, 17-17	snmp
ip secondary-dns 11-21, 12-18, 13-18, 15-18, 17-17	telnet
ipsec	udp-trace
authentication-retries	web
log ike	router ospf
log ipsec	router-id
manual	schedule-availability 11-22, 12-20, 13-20, 14-15, 15-20,
replay	17-19
vpn ipsec	security-log
. = .	service
12tpc	
local-server 4-43	session-target

session-timer mode	restart-timer12-23, 13-23, 15-22, 17-22
set-pfs	time-btwn-reconnect12-23, 13-23, 15-23, 17-22
shutdown 5-5, 6-10, 11-22, 12-20, 13-20, 15-20,	username
17-19, 18-6, 23-6	pptpc
sip-alg 11-22, 12-20, 13-20, 15-20, 17-20	pptps
sip-authentication 8-9, 9-6	prack
snmp-server	prefix 9-7, 10-6
snmp-server traps	pri-group
static-dns	priority
static-lease	privacy-mode
tdm-group	Priviledged Mode
time-range	show
tos ip	controller lcc
transform-set	Privileged Mode
username	clear
vlan	
,	arp
voice-codec	caclked
voice-port trunk	ip ospf process
voip-interface	configure terminal
0	copy
	defaults
option	path
outbound-proxy	running-config
output-gain	date (clock)
P	debug
	portmon
per-line-logging	$\{rx tx both\}$
phone-number	all
ping	detail 3-6
port	ethernet
port-dot1q	management
portmon	multilink
$\{rx tx both\}$	raw 3-10
all	serial
detail	trace
ethernet	end
management	exit
multilink	help 3-13
raw	history
serial	log clear
port-priority	no
port-protocol-filter	debug
port-trigger service	portmon 3-16
ppp	trace
authentication 12-21, 13-21, 15-21, 17-20, 18-6	ping 3-17
encryption 12-21, 13-21, 15-21, 17-20, 18-6	reload
exec-timeout	show
idle-timeout	alarms
link-fragmentation 12-22, 13-22	arp
on-demand 12-22, 13-22, 15-22, 17-21	caclked
password	config
qos-interleaving	access-control
1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	access-control

2.20	2 27
access-list	
controller t1 3-24	1 2
dmz-host	1 3 31
host-filter 3-2:	5 pvid
interface	6 R
ethernet	0
multilink	
serial	
ip dhcp ethernet 3-29	
local-server 3-29	
nat-bypass	
network-object	
port-trigger 3-30	
remote-admin	
security-default 3-3	
security-log	1 ttl
service	2 type
static-dns	registration
time-range	2 enable
voice-port	line authentication
fxs	3 line enable
trunk	
controller t1	
digit-map	
interface	relay
description	
ethernet	~
multilink	
serial	
ip ospf	
database	
interface	_
neighbor	
ipsec	
log	
mac-address-table	
nat-fw (NAT-Firewall)	
port-trigger 3-5	
pptpc	
pptps	
route 3-5.	
running-config	S
service	save configuration
users	
version	
voice-port	security log
fxs	security-default
trunk	service
tracerpite	. 1
upgrade	10.6
Proviledged Mode	session-timer
show	mode

refresher	pptps
timeout	route 2-26, 3-53
set-pfs	running-config
show	security-default
alarms	security-log
arp	service
caclkcd 2-9, 3-22	static-dns
config	time-range
access-control	users
access-list	version
controller t1	voice-port
dmz-host	fxs
host-filter	trunk
interface	voice-port fxs
ethernet	voice-port trunk
multilink	shutdown
serial	5-6, 6-11, 11-24, 12-24, 13-24, 15-24, 17-23,
ip dhcp ethernet	18-7, 23-7
local-server 3-29	signal
nat-bypass	FXS
network-object	trunk
port-trigger	sip-alg11-24, 12-25, 13-24, 15-24, 17-23
remote-admin	sip-authentication 11-24, 12-23, 13-24, 13-24, 17-23
	enable
voice-port	
fxs	password
	username 8-10, 9-8 sip-port 25-19
config dynamic-dns	* *
controller lcc	snmp-server
controller t1	community
dhcp-leases	enable
digit-map	host
interface	traps enable
description	snmp-trusted-ip
ethernet	speed
multilink	start-address
serial	static-dns
interface description	static-lease
interface ethernet	strip-digits
interface multilink	subnet-mask
interface serial	Т
interface stats	-
ip ospf	tag-all
database	tdm-group
interface 2-21, 3-44	threshold
neighbor 2-22, 3-45	time-range
ipsec	tos
licenses	trace
log	traceroute
mac-address-table	transform-set
nat-fw (NAT-firewall)	transport
port-trigger	trunk
pptpc	

J	
ıpgrade	3-67
Jser Mode	. 2-1
date (clock)	. 2-2
enable	. 2-2
end	. 2-2
exit	. 2-3
help	
history	
ping	
show	
alarms	
arp	
caclked	
config dynsmic-dns	
controller lcc	
controller t1	
dhcp-leases	
digit-map	
interface description	
interface ethernet	
interface multilink	
interface serial	
interface stats	
ip ospf	
database	
interface	
neighbor	
licenses	
log	
mac-address-table	
nat-fw (NAT-Firewall)	
port-trigger	
route	
service	
users	
version	
voice-port fxs	
voice-port trunk	
traceroute	
tracerpiteser-id	
ISCI-IU	

V	
vlan	4-63, 4-64
vlan-feature	20-7
voice-codec	4-64
voice-port	4-65
fxs	4-65
sip	4-66
trunk	4-66
voip-interface	21-5
w	
wins server	7-8